

OXFORD

American English File

4

Third Edition

WORKBOOK



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dekhodaedu.com

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American English File⁴ Third Edition

WORKBOOK



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Paul Seligson and Clive Oxenden
are the original co-authors of
English File 1 and *English File 2*

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How to use your Workbook and Online Practice

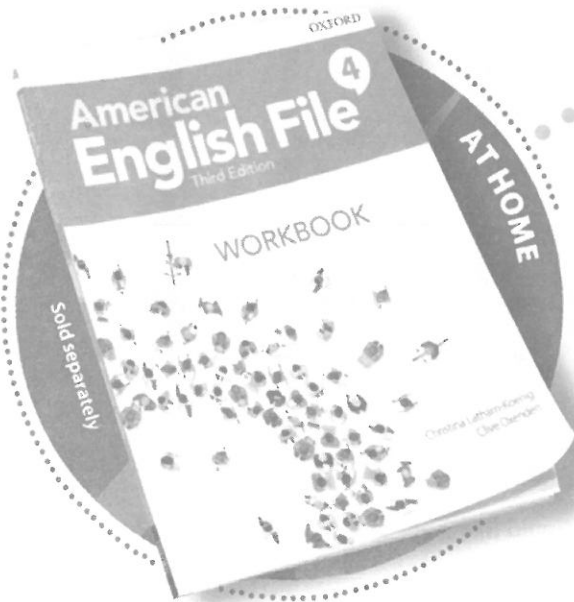
American English File Third Edition

Student Book

Use your Student Book in class with your teacher.



ACTIVITIES AUDIO VIDEO RESOURCES



Go to americanenglishfileonline.com and use the code on your Access Card to log into the Online Practice.

Workbook

Practice **Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation** for every lesson.

Practice the **Colloquial English**.

Do the **Can you remember...?** exercises to check that you remember the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation every two Files.

Online Practice

← Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation from the Student Book before you do the Workbook exercises.

→ Listen to the audio for the Pronunciation exercises.

→ Use the Sound Bank video to practice English sounds.

← Watch the Colloquial English video before you do the exercises.

→ Use the interactive video for more Colloquial English practice.

→ Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation if you have any problems.

Practice Reading, Listening, Speaking, and Writing.

G question formation **V** figuring out meaning from context **P** intonation: showing interest

1 GRAMMAR question formation

a Right (✓) or wrong (X)? Correct the mistakes in the highlighted phrases.

- 1 A You have ever been to Thailand?
X Have you ever been
B Yes, a couple of times.
- 2 A Why didn't you tell me the truth?
✓
B Because I thought you'd be angry.
- 3 A Where you usually go on vacation?
B We usually go to Mexico.
- 4 A Haven't you done the homework?
B No, I haven't. I'm sorry.
- 5 A What did happen at the meeting yesterday?
B We discussed the sales figures. It was kind of boring.
- 6 A Who's Jack going out with?
B He's going out with his best friend's sister.
- 7 A Who fixed your car for you?
B My brother.
- 8 A Whose jacket you did borrow for the wedding?
B My dad's. It was a little big for me.
- 9 A It's late. We should go now?
B Yes, we have to get up early tomorrow morning.
- 10 A For who are you waiting?
B I'm waiting for my brother.

b Complete the indirect questions and sentences.



- 1 "Would Michael like this wallet?"
Do you think Michael would like this wallet _____?
- 2 "Where is the elevator?"
Could you tell me _____?
- 3 "Where did we park the car?"
I can't remember _____.
- 4 "Are there any tickets left for the concert tonight?"
Do you know _____?
- 5 "What time does the game start?"
Can you tell me _____?
- 6 "When's Anna's birthday?"
Do you remember _____?
- 7 "What does Jamie do for a living?"
Do you have any idea _____?
- 8 "Where does Natalie live?"
I wonder _____.
- 9 "What's Ava's friend's name?"
I'm not sure _____.
- 10 "How much did you pay for your new car?"
Would you mind telling me _____?

c Write the questions.



1 how long / you / spend / in Brazil last summer
How long did you spend in Brazil last summer _____?

2 who / cook / in your family
 _____?

3 when / your brother / pass / his driver's test
 _____?

4 you know / who / go / to the party tonight
 _____?

5 who / the manager / talk to / now
 _____?

6 who / drink / the milk / I / leave / in the refrigerator
 _____?

7 why / you / not come / to school yesterday
 _____?

8 you remember / what time / the meeting / be
 _____?

d Write questions to ask at a job interview. Use a different phrase to begin each question.

1 salary
 _____?

2 vacation
 _____?

3 working hours
 _____?

4 overtime
 _____?

5 travel
 _____?

6 uniform
 _____?

7 parking space
 _____?

8 lunch
 _____?

2 PRONUNCIATION intonation: showing interest

a 1.1 Listen to the questions. Check (✓) if the speaker sounds interested.

- 1 Which university did you go to?
- 2 What don't you like about your job?
- 3 How's your family?
- 4 Would you like to work abroad?
- 5 How many languages do you speak?
- 6 Why did you leave your last job?

b 1.2 Listen and repeat the questions with interested intonation.

c Complete the table with the expressions and questions in the list.

How interesting! I'm sorry. Me too! Oh, really?
 What a shame! Why (not)? Why do you say that?
 Why's that? Wow!

Expressions showing interest
<i>How interesting!</i>
Expressions showing sympathy
Follow-up questions

d 1.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the expressions.

e 1.4 Now listen to the questions from a in conversations. Complete the phrases or questions that people use to react to the answers.

- 1 *Me too!* _____ When were you there?
- 2 _____ How long have you been there?
- 3 _____ I hope it's nothing serious.
- 4 _____ What's keeping you here?
- 5 _____ That's a lot of languages.
- 6 _____ I'm sorry to hear that.

f 1.5 Listen and repeat the responses. Copy the intonation.

Go online for more practice

3 READING & VOCABULARY figuring out meaning from context

a Complete the sentences with the words and phrases in the list.

foolproof ~~geek~~ good-natured rivalry
gut feeling job-seekers light-hearted response
the point of work-life balance

- 1 Josh is a computer **geek** _____, so he's been applying for jobs in IT.
- 2 If someone tries to annoy me, I prefer to give a _____ rather than get angry.
- 3 My colleague and I enjoy a _____ over who meets our monthly targets first.
- 4 Great news for _____: more than 50% of US companies intend to hire new staff this year.
- 5 I have a _____ that this interview will go very badly.
- 6 I don't see _____ some interview questions – they seem ridiculous.
- 7 It can be difficult to get the right _____, especially if you have a position of responsibility in a company.
- 8 This article gives five _____ tips on how to be successful at a job interview.

b Read the article quickly. Match the **bold** words in the **highlighted** phrases to definitions 1–8.

- 1 (adj.) extremely useful
invaluable _____
- 2 (adj.) done very carefully, with attention to detail

- 3 (adj.) possible

- 4 (phrasal verb) be noticeable because of being different

- 5 (verb) sit in a lazy way, with your shoulders bent forwards

- 6 (phrase) avoid

- 7 (adj.) real; true

- 8 (verb) keep touching something because you are nervous

Important interview tips

Your résumé got you in the door; now it's time to convince the interviewer you're the best person for the job.

Research the company

Do your homework so you don't give the impression you're looking for any old job. Search the Internet and read not only the company's website, but also any news stories that come up. Make a list of points you could discuss at the interview and questions you could ask. You want your **potential future employer** to believe that you have a **genuine** interest in working for the organization.

Look the part

The company's dress code should give you an idea of what to wear at the interview, but in most cases, you will be expected to look professional. However, it is not only your clothes you must watch. Think about your body language: do you usually **slouch** or **sit up straight** in a chair, or do you sometimes **fiddle with** a pen? Practice before the day so that you have time to replace any bad habits with positive body language.

Mind your manners

When you get to the interview venue, make sure you greet everyone you meet, including the people in the elevator. Offer the interviewer a warm greeting and say "please" and "thank you" when appropriate. Not only do you want to show that you would be an **invaluable** team member, but you also want the interviewer to choose you over another candidate who may be equally qualified for the job.

Give real examples

You won't be the first candidate the interviewer has met, so you need to **stand out from** the competition. When you are asked about your abilities and experience, **steer clear of** typical answers such as "I have great communication skills" or "I'm a people person." Instead give real examples of situations where you have demonstrated these qualities and brought about a positive result.

Ask the right questions

Towards the end of the interview, you will be invited to ask your own questions about the job. You'll have that list you made beforehand, but the points on it may already have been covered. Even if the interviewer has been **very thorough**, you must ask a few questions. This is where your initial research about the company will come in handy.



1B

It's a mystery

Here's something to think about: How come you never see a headline like "Psychic Wins Lottery"?
Jay Leno, American comedian and television host

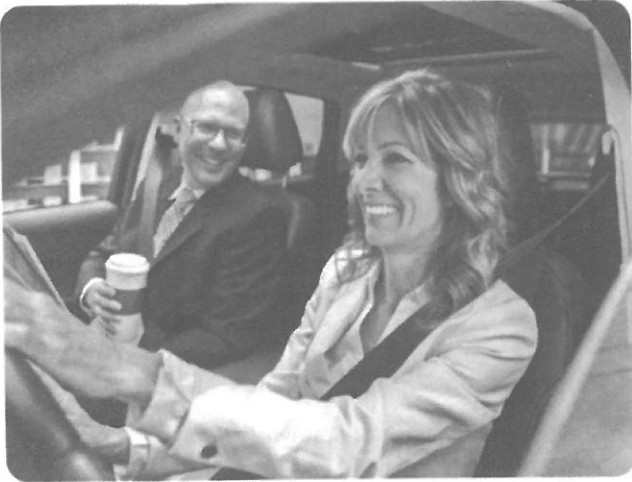
G auxiliary verbs, the..., the... + comparatives

V compound adjectives, modifiers

P intonation and sentence rhythm

1 GRAMMAR auxiliary verbs

a **Cross-out** the unnecessary words.



- 1 My mom can drive, but my dad can't ~~drive~~.
- 2 I loved that book, but my wife didn't love that book.
- 3 You weren't listening to the instructions, but I was listening to the instructions.
- 4 Some people believe in ghosts, but others don't believe in ghosts.
- 5 Gina's going to the party, but Robbie isn't going to the party.
- 6 I always lock the front door, but my partner doesn't always lock the front door.
- 7 I've never been to a fortune-teller, but my sister has visited a fortune-teller.
- 8 My friends had already heard the story, but I hadn't already heard the story.

b Complete the conversations with a tag question or an auxiliary.

- 1 A I texted you last night, but you didn't reply.
B I did _____ reply. I texted you right away.
- 2 A I don't feel like cooking tonight.
B Neither _____ I. Let's go out for dinner. I'd love some Mexican food.
A So _____ I. Come on. Let's go.
- 3 A I've seen this movie before.
B Well, I _____.
A Do you mind if I change channels?
B Yes, I _____ mind! I want to see the end.

- 4 A You're going to Sam's party, _____ you?
B No, I'm not.
A Why not? You haven't argued with him again, _____ you?
B Yes. We aren't going out together anymore.

- 5 A I'll be back a little bit late tonight.
B You _____? Where are you going?
A To a concert with some friends.
B Oh, OK. You'll be back before 12, _____ you?
A Of course.

- 6 A You couldn't lend me some money, _____ you?
B No, sorry. Why?
A I spent my entire salary already this month.
B So _____!!

- 7 A I didn't go out last night.
B Neither _____ I. I was too tired.
A So _____!!

- 8 A You aren't from around here, _____ you?
B No, I'm from Australia.
A I don't suppose you like this cold weather.
B Actually, I _____ like it. I prefer cool weather to hot weather.

c Respond to the statements with *So do I*, *Neither do I*, *I do*, *I don't*, etc., and say why.

- 1 I didn't go out yesterday.

- 2 I love the ocean.

- 3 I've never been to Canada.

- 4 I'd like to go on a safari.

- 5 I wasn't interested in history in school.

- 6 I'm good at languages.

- 7 I can swim well.

- 8 I don't exercise at all.

2 PRONUNCIATION intonation and sentence rhythm

a 1.6 Listen and complete the conversations.

1 A You don't like the soup, do you?

B I do like it. It's just that it's very hot.

2 A We _____ invited to their wedding.

B You _____? Neither _____ we.

3 A I _____ enjoy that movie.

B You _____? I _____.

4 A I _____ always very well behaved as a child.

B You _____? I _____.

5 A You _____ forget to call me, _____ you?

B Of course I _____.

6 A I _____ play tennis well.

B You _____? I _____.

b 1.6 Listen again and repeat the conversations. Copy the rhythm and intonation.

3 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT *the...*, *the... + comparatives*

Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in the list.

big cold difficult early far good high interesting late likely long qualified

1 The earlier we set off, the better chance we'll have of avoiding the rush hour traffic.

2 The _____ the class, the _____ the students are to learn something.

3 The _____ you go to bed, the _____ it is to get up in the morning.

4 The _____ north you travel in Canada, the _____ it gets.

5 The _____ the person is for the job, the _____ the salary.

6 The _____ your house, the _____ it takes you to clean it.

4 VOCABULARY compound adjectives, modifiers

a Match the definitions to the compound adjectives in the list.

absentminded ~~bad-tempered~~ big-headed
easygoing good-tempered laid-back narrow-minded
open-minded self-centered strong-willed tight-fisted
two-faced well-balanced well-behaved



1 easily made angry or annoyed

bad-tempered

2 ready to consider new ideas and opinions

3 not willing to spend money

4 often forgetting or not noticing things

5 determined to do what you want to do, even if other people advise you not to

6 relaxed; not easily worried by things

7 sensible and emotionally in control

8 having a very high opinion of how important and smart you are

9 not willing to listen to ideas different from your own

10 dishonest about your feelings; telling people what you think will please them

11 cheerful and not easily made angry

12 thinking only about yourself and not about other people

13 calm; not easily upset by what other people do

14 behaving in a way that people think is polite and correct

b Complete the sentences with the compound adjectives in a.

- 1 My parents are very easygoing. They accept most things I do, without getting upset.
- 2 Tom's wife is very _____. She doesn't seem to let anything worry her.
- 3 Oliver's new friend isn't as crazy as he is. She seems very _____.
- 4 My partner is really _____. He won't listen to other people's ideas.
- 5 Grace never thinks of anyone else because she's so _____.
- 6 My sister-in-law is very _____. She's nice to me, and then speaks badly of me to other people.
- 7 Since he went to work abroad for a while, Leo has become more _____ about other cultures.
- 8 She's very _____, and if she's decided to become a vegetarian, nothing will stop her.
- 9 When we go out, my friend Jack never offers to pay for gas. I wish he wasn't so _____.
- 10 The new manager seems very _____. He spent most of the meeting telling us how successful he was.
- 11 My grandmother never remembers where she's put her keys. She's very _____.
- 12 I've never seen your children being bad. They're really _____.
- 13 Our English teacher never seems to get angry. She's extremely _____.
- 14 It's best not to talk to my brother when he first gets up. He's usually very _____.

c Circle the correct answer. Check (✓) if both answers are possible.

- 1 Tony's new girlfriend is good for him – she seems rather / really well-balanced.
- 2 I don't trust my neighbor – she's *extremely* / *incredibly* two-faced.
- 3 Some people complain about my kids, but I think they're *pretty* / *a little* well-behaved.
- 4 My cousin Olivia is *very* / *really* tight-fisted – she doesn't want to give any money towards our grandfather's 80th birthday present.
- 5 I'm not that sure about my new colleague. I find him *really* / *rather* big-headed.
- 6 I get along well with my boss. He's *very* / *rather* easygoing.
- 7 If I have a problem, I usually talk to my aunt. She's a *kind of* / *incredibly* open-minded.
- 8 I don't spend much time with my roommate – she's a *kind of* / *pretty* self-centered.

d Choose eight of the compound adjectives in a and write sentences about yourself. Use a suitable modifier from the list. Explain your answers.

a little extremely incredibly kind of pretty
rather really very

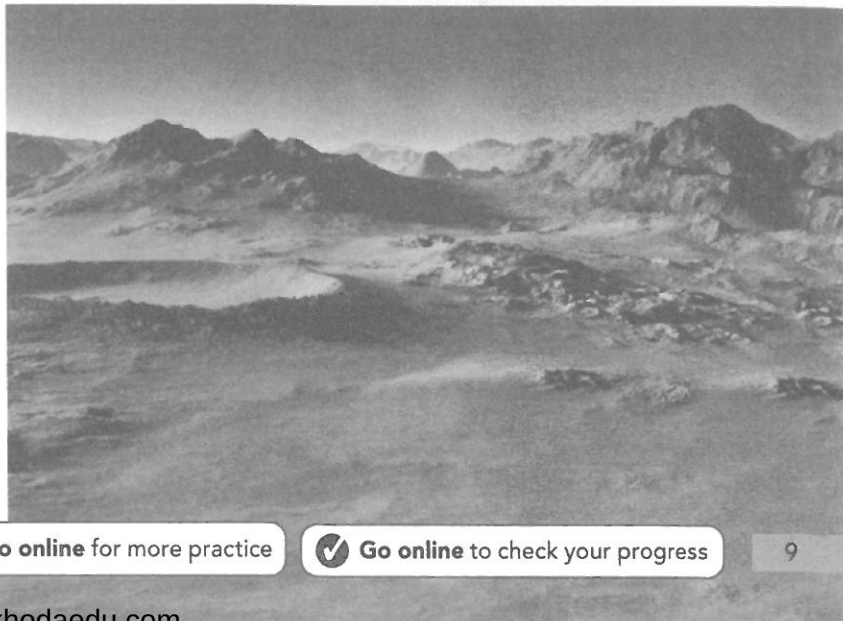
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____



5 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the missing letters in the words.

- 1 Detectives are searching for clues to help them s o l v e last night's murder.
- 2 She told reporters the ex ____ r ____ n ____ story of how she survived the plane crash.
- 3 It takes six days to reach the r ____ m ____ island of Tristan da Cunha by boat.
- 4 The search party found no tr ____ of the missing climbers.
- 5 The strange geology of the planet Mars continues to b ____ f ____ scientists.



1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

Complete the sentences with the right form of *make* or *do*.

- Remember to *make* _____ eye contact when you meet your new manager.
- Let's _____ a Google search on each of the top five candidates who applied for the job.
- I _____ a huge mistake on my résumé when I included every job I've had in the past ten years.
- Did you _____ sure your cell phone was turned off during your job interview?
- Most employers don't care about what you _____ 20 or 30 years ago.
- I'm _____ a three-column table in the document so the information is easy to read.

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

Match the **bold** word or phrase with the correct definition.

- ...as an employer, I'm thinking this has no **relevancy** to me
 a agreements
 b connection
- Dress **appropriately** for an interview.
 a in a suitable way
 b in a stylish, formal suit
- You can often **stake out** the front door, ...
 a watch secretly
 b watch illegally
- You don't want to have any **interruptions**.
 a times when an activity is stopped
 b times when an activity begins
- I can deliver enough **value** for this position...
 a how expensive something is
 b how much something is worth compared with its price

3 THE CONVERSATION

Complete the sentences with one word, using repetition or an adverb to add emphasis.



- It's a terrible, *terrible* _____ idea to go to an interview when you're feeling hungry.
- I've _____ told you this before more than once.
- I felt really, _____ silly when I realized I'd locked my keys in the house.
- You _____ told me you would be here by 11:00.
- Can you make me a cup of tea? I've had a _____ bad day.
- It's a wonderful _____ movie. You really should go and see it.

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

caught potentially slightly white willing

- I sometimes *slightly* exaggerate when I talk about my experience.
- You might find yourself in a _____ difficult situation.
- Nobody will worry if you tell a couple of _____ lies.
- You could get _____ out if they ask you questions about something on your résumé.
- You need to show that you are _____ to learn.

Can you remember...? 1

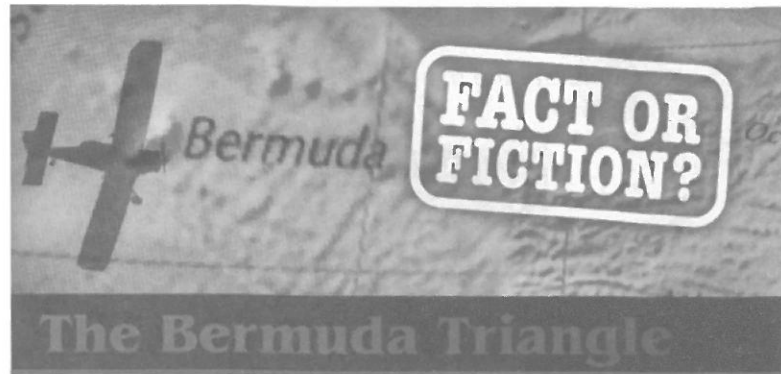
GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Use the word in parentheses. Contractions are one word.



- 1 My husband and I both love animals. (so)
I love animals and so does
my husband.
- 2 I'm sure I sent you a message last night. (did)
I did send you
a message last night.
- 3 Whose is this phone? (belong)
Who _____
_____ to?
- 4 What was wrong with the hotel you stayed in? (like)
Why _____ the
hotel you stayed in?
- 5 Where did you get that book from? (gave)
_____ that book?
- 6 How much is gas in your country? (costs)
Do you know _____
_____ in your country?
- 7 Do you have any vacancies right now? (whether)
Can you _____
_____ any vacancies right now?
- 8 I'm just checking that you'll pick me up from work tonight. (you)
You will pick me up from work tonight, _____
_____?
- 9 My friends and I can't afford to go on vacation this year. (neither)
I can't afford to go on vacation this year and
_____.
- 10 I'm sure Tom knows about the meeting – he mentioned it yesterday. (does)
Tom _____
_____ – he mentioned it
yesterday.

- b Read the text. Circle a, b, or c.



During the 1960s and 70s, many stories were told of ships and aircraft disappearing mysteriously in a region of the Atlantic Ocean known as the Bermuda Triangle. People asked, “¹ _____ is causing these boats and planes to disappear?”, and several ² _____ reasons were given to explain the mystery. Some writers wondered ³ _____ aliens had established an underwater base and were hijacking aircraft to study their crew. Others said that enormous waves might be hitting vessels, causing them to sink without a ⁴ _____. However, nobody asked the question of whether there really ⁵ _____ any mystery to explain.

Journalist Larry Kusche was the first person to do this. He asked questions about the mysterious disappearances that previous writers ⁶ _____. These writers had simply collected stories that had already been written and repeated them in their own way. Kusche found many mistakes in their stories: in some cases, there was no record of the ships and planes that were said to have been lost, and in others, they had disappeared during ⁷ _____ bad storms. Kusche pointed out that it was logical that more accidents would occur in the busy Bermuda Triangle than in more ⁸ _____ areas such as the South Pacific because the more ships there are in an area, the ⁹ _____ it is for one of them to sink.

In the end, Kusche concluded that the explanation for the Bermuda Triangle ¹⁰ _____ was neither aliens nor massive waves, but the lack of research done by writers in search of a sensational story.

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 a How | b What | c Which |
| 2 a foreign | b extraordinary | c absentminded |
| 3 a how | b whether | c where |
| 4 a mark | b sign | c trace |
| 5 a is | b has | c was |
| 6 a didn't | b hadn't | c weren't |
| 7 a rather | b pretty | c extremely |
| 8 a crowded | b far | c remote |
| 9 a likely | b more likely | c most likely |
| 0 a puzzle | b quiz | c story |

Go online to check your progress

G present perfect simple and continuous V illnesses and injuries

1 VOCABULARY illnesses and injuries

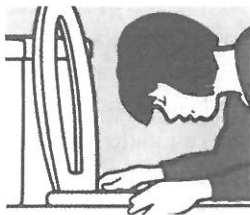
a Complete the minor illnesses and injuries.



1 She has a r a s h.



2 Her ankle is s u l n.



3 She's v o m i t i n g.



4 Her finger is b l e d.



5 She has s o m e t h i n g.



6 She's s n e e z i n g.



7 She has a c o u g h.



8 Her back h a r t s.



9 She has a h e a d a c h.



10 She has a t e m p e r t u r.

b Complete the sentences.

- Alex has diarrhea. He's been to the bathroom six times this morning.
- I think I have the fl u. I have a temperature and I ache all over.
- That knife is very sharp. Please don't c u t t y e.
- Matt f u n e d in the art gallery. It was so hot that he lost consciousness.
- These shoes aren't very comfortable. I think I have a bl u.
- I have a s o u n d t r u n k. It hurts when I talk.
- Rachel f o o s u p. She thinks she's going to vomit.
- You're coughing and sneezing a lot. Do you have a c o u g h?
- I feel d i z y. Everything is spinning around.

c Complete the conversations with a word from the list.

allergic reaction blood pressure burned choking
food poisoning sprained unconscious

- P There's a rash all over my body.
D You might have had an allergic reaction to something.
- P Where am I?
D In the hospital. You had an accident and you've been unconscious for an hour.
- P I fell and hurt my wrist playing tennis – now it's very swollen.
D I think you've sprained it.
- P I sometimes feel a little dizzy when I first get up.
D It sounds like you have low blood pressure.
- P I've been sick and I have diarrhea.
D You might have food poisoning. Didn't you say you thought the shrimp you had for lunch weren't fully cooked?
- P What should I do if one of my children starts choking?
D Tell them not to panic and to keep coughing – they need to move the food.
- P I dropped a pan of boiling water on my hand.
D Yes, you've burned yourself very badly.

d Match conditions 1–6 to treatments a–f.

- 1 an allergic reaction e
- 2 a headache _____
- 3 an infection _____
- 4 a major cut _____
- 5 a minor cut _____
- 6 a sprained ankle _____

- a get stitches
- b put antibiotic ointment and a Band-Aid™ on it
- c put ice on it and bandage it
- d take antibiotics
- ~~e take antihistamine tablets or cream~~
- f take painkillers

e Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

~~down~~ out over around up

- 1 You should go and lie down if you aren't feeling well.
- 2 If you stand for too long in this heat, you might pass _____.
- 3 You shouldn't go out until you get _____ the flu completely.
- 4 If you think you're going to throw _____, tell me and I'll stop the car.
- 5 I must have fainted. When I came _____ I was lying on the floor.

f Complete the medical advice with the words in the list.

bandage damp cloth ~~pinch~~ press rub running water tip

- 1 You can stop a nosebleed if you pinch the soft part of your nose and _____ your head forward.
- 2 If you put cool _____ on a burn, it will stop blisters from forming.
- 3 You shouldn't put a hot _____ on a sprained ankle because the heat will make the ankle more swollen.
- 4 Don't _____ the arms and legs of someone with hypothermia because you will make them lose more heat.
- 5 You should only stand behind someone who's choking and _____ their stomach inwards if they can't talk, cough, or breathe.
- 6 If you put antibiotic ointment and a _____ on a bad cut, you will stop the wound from getting infected.

g Write a short paragraph about your last illness / injury. Include...

- when you were ill / injured and what the illness / injury was.
- what the symptoms were.
- what the treatment was.
- how long it took you to get over it.

2 VOCABULARY FROM READING







Complete the sentences with a phrase from the list.

heart rate life-threatening illness ~~miracle cures~~
open-heart surgery scare stories under the weather
worst-case scenario


- 1 Most stories about miracle cures are fake news.
- 2 Ethan is concerned because his _____ gets very high when he exercises.
- 3 Most people want to know about the _____ when they are diagnosed with an illness, but it's unlikely things will get that bad.
- 4 It isn't easy for doctors to tell patients that they are suffering from a _____.
- 5 I've been feeling _____ recently, so I've made an appointment with my doctor.
- 6 My uncle is very sick in the hospital, and he's going to have _____ tomorrow.
- 7 Newspapers are full of _____ about what will happen if we eat certain foods.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʃ/, /dʒ/, /tʃ/, and /k/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

1  shower	1 <u>chest</u> infection pressure rash
2  keys	2 ache cholesterol sick specialist
3  jazz	3 allergic emergency finger injury
4  chess	4 choke stitches stomach temperature
5  shower	5 couch operation shock unconscious
6  jazz	6 bandage injection negative surgeon

b 2.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

 Go online for more practice

4 GRAMMAR present perfect simple and continuous

a Right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the mistakes in the highlighted phrases.

- You don't need to call the doctor – I've already made an appointment for you.
✓
- This is the first time I've been spraining my ankle – I didn't know it hurt so much!
✗ I've sprained my ankle
- Mia isn't going to school today because she's been throwing up all night
- I've fallen lots of times playing soccer, but I've never broken a bone
- I can't take anything for my headache because we've been running out of painkillers
- You've been complaining about your back for weeks – why don't you go to the doctor?
- How long have you been knowing about your grandfather's illness?
- Sasha's coughed all day, and now he has a sore throat.
- My sister has a skin problem – she's been going to a doctor for treatment for over two years.
- How many times have you been fainting recently?

b Complete the sentences using the words in parentheses. Use the present perfect simple or continuous form of the verb. Put the adverbs in the correct position.

- Jess is a little nervous – she's never ridden a horse before. (she / ride / never)
- How many cookies _____? (you / eat)
- My brother's really stressed about work, so _____ very well recently. (he / not sleep)
- _____ my hand on the oven – it really hurts! (I / burn / just)
- _____ problems with my shoulder for several months now. (I / have)
- Ed is one of the nicest people _____ . (I / meet / ever)

- _____ to the gym for long – just a few weeks. (Georgia / not go)
- _____ a sore throat for more than a week now. (Jamie / have)
- How long _____ a job? (your friend / look for)
- I bought that book last month, but _____ it yet. (I / not read)

c Complete the email with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the present perfect simple or continuous.

Hi Junko,

Thanks for your email – it was great to hear from you!

Sorry I ¹ haven't replied (not reply) until now, but I ² _____ (not feel) very well recently. I ³ _____ (have) the flu, and I'm only just getting over it now. I ⁴ _____ (not go) to work for a week; I ⁵ _____ (lie) on the sofa at home all day. My mom ⁶ _____ (take care of) me all week, and I'm almost better now. I'll probably go back to work the day after tomorrow.

Anyway, I'm so glad you're planning on coming to visit next summer – it will be great to see you! While I've been sick, I ⁷ _____ (think) about what we can do while you're here, and I ⁸ _____ (come up with) a few ideas. I know how much you love music, so for the last few days I ⁹ _____ (try) to get some tickets for a music festival, but I ¹⁰ _____ (not manage) to get any yet. Is there anything else you'd like to do during your visit? I'm really looking forward to seeing you, and I know that we'll have a fantastic time.

Write back soon!

Love,

Aria

d Answer Aria's email. Write 140–190 words. Use the present perfect simple and continuous. Include the following:

- thank Aria for her email
- explain why you haven't written until now
- answer Aria's question
- ask Aria a question

If you speak three languages, you are trilingual.
 If you speak two, you are bilingual.
 If you speak one, you are English.
German joke

G using adjectives as nouns, adjective order **V** clothes and fashion **P** vowel sounds

1 GRAMMAR using adjectives as nouns, adjective order

a Complete the sentences with the noun form of the adjectives in the list.

blind deaf disabled elderly injured rich unemployed young

- Should the family or the state look after the elderly ?
- The government is offering courses to help _____ to find jobs.
- After the accident, _____ were taken to the hospital.
- The building has easy access for _____.
- Do you think _____ should pay higher taxes than the poor?
- In some countries, _____ use special dogs to help them find their way around.
- _____ always think that they know better than their parents.
- _____ usually communicate with each other using sign language.

b Complete the sentences with *the* + adjective.



- The Vietnamese usually celebrate Tet in January or February.
- _____ eat a lot of fish. (Japan)
- _____ export a lot of electrical products to the rest of the world. (China)
- _____ have a good standard of living. (Switzerland)
- _____ are very kind and friendly to visitors. (Portugal)
- _____ have a reputation for being polite. (England)
- _____ enjoy spending time outdoors. (Scotland)
- _____ are extremely fond of bike riding. (France)

c Right (✓) or wrong (X)? Correct the mistakes in the highlighted phrases.

- Sarah's wearing a denim short skirt.
~~X a short denim skirt~~
- I'm looking for a sleeveless cotton T-shirt.
 ✓
- I want to buy some leather white pants
- You can't wear those old scruffy jeans to the wedding.
- He gave his mother a patterned silk scarf for her birthday.
- He looks very fashionable in his gray new Armani suit.
- She was wearing a bright red wool scarf.
- My sister bought some purple trendy glasses



d Write each pair of sentences as one sentence.

1 My grandparents live in an old brick house. It's big.

My grandparents live in a big old brick house.

2 I met a Brazilian woman at the party. She was interesting.

3 My sister has pretty black hair. It's long.

4 Ava bought an expensive silk top. It's striped.

5 There's a round wooden table in my friend's kitchen. It's beautiful.

6 Max gave his girlfriend an unusual ring for her birthday. It's gold.

7 My boss drives a powerful Italian sports car. It's red.

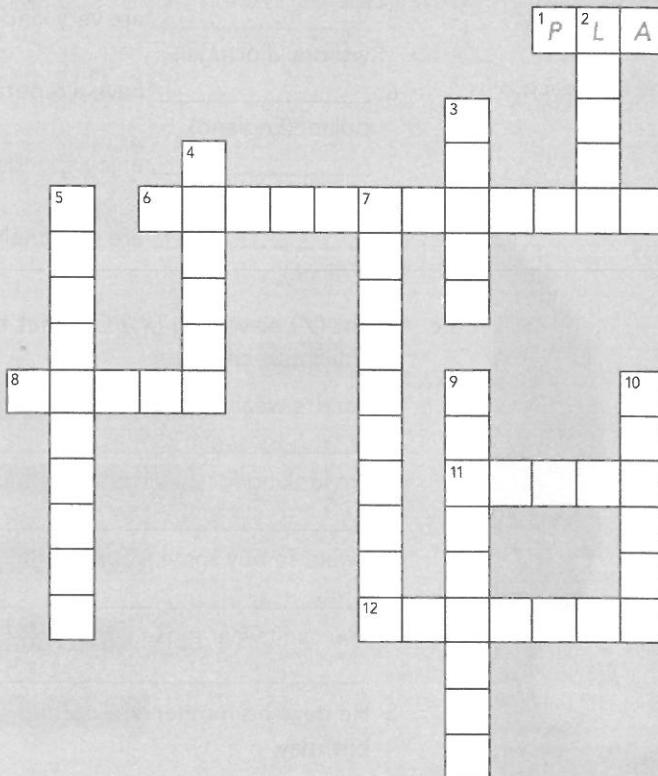
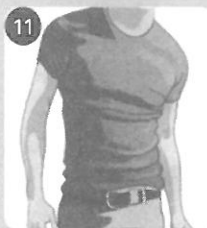
8 We've been having some wet weather recently. It's been awful.



2 VOCABULARY clothes and fashion

a Complete the crossword with the adjectives.

ACROSS →



1 P 2 L A I N

DOWN ↓



b Order the letters in parentheses to make a material. Then complete the sentences.

- Jack was wearing a blue denim jacket. (NIMED)
- I prefer to wear light _____ shirts in the summer. (TTNCOO)
- I gave my mom a blouse with a _____ collar for her birthday. (CEAL)
- Are you sure those boots are made of _____? (HTRELEA)
- I never buy _____ clothes because they take so long to iron. (NINLE)
- They gave me a very expensive _____ tie as a going-away present. (LIKS)
- Don't wear your _____ jacket out – it's raining. (SEDUE)
- I really like your new _____ jacket. It looks very soft. (VVTEEL)
- My aunt often wears a _____ coat, but it isn't real. (URF)
- I always wear a _____ top in the gym – it's the most comfortable. (CRALY)
- My grandfather wears an old _____ cardigan around the house in the winter. (LOW)

c Complete the sentences.



- You don't have to spend a lot of money to look fashionable.
- Alice enjoys wearing cl_____ clothes that will never go out of fashion.
- It isn't a formal dinner, so I'm going to wear something c_____.
- Zach looked very scr_____ when I saw him: his T-shirt was dirty, and he hadn't combed his hair.
- You look like my dad in those pants – they're really o_____ -f_____.

d Match 1–8 to a–h to make questions.


- | | |
|---|----------|
| 1 How often do you dress | <u>f</u> |
| 2 How many clothes do you have | _____ |
| 3 Do you get | _____ |
| 4 When do you get dressed | _____ |
| 5 Do you always hang | _____ |
| 6 What color do you think | _____ |
| 7 Is it important for you that your shoes | _____ |
| 8 Do you have any clothes that go | _____ |
- a suits you best?
 b in the morning?
 c match your clothes? Why / Why not?
 d that don't fit you?
 e with everything? What?
 f ~~up to go out for a special occasion?~~
 g changed as soon as you get home from work / school? Why / Why not?
 h up your clothes before you go to bed?

e Answer the questions in d.

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds

a Circle the word with a different sound.

				
1 boot	2 fish	3 bird	4 bike	5 train
loose <u>scruffy</u> shoes suit	linen slippers silk striped	fur shirt shorts skirt	fit Lycra stylish tight	lace leather plain suede

b 2.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

G narrative tenses, past perfect continuous, so / such...that... V air travel P irregular past forms, sentence rhythm

1 VOCABULARY air travel

a Replace the **bold** words with a formal word or phrase from the list.

approximately disembark locate
personal electronic devices place
proceed to rear requiring

- 1 Cell phones, tablets, and laptops may be used in flight mode during the flight. personal electronic devices
- 2 There are bathrooms at the front and at the **back** of the plane. _____
- 3 Our flight time today is **about** two and a half hours. _____
- 4 The crew will be passing through the cabin with ear phones for any passengers **needing** them. _____
- 5 Passengers to New York are asked to **go to** Gate 36 immediately. _____
- 6 Please check that you have all your belongings with you before you **leave the plane**. _____
- 7 We ask that you **put** bags and jackets under the seat in front of you. _____
- 8 Please take some time now to **find** your nearest emergency exit. _____

b Circle the correct word.

- 1 They booked first-class tickets, so they could use the *airport terminal* / *airline lounge* while waiting for their flight.
- 2 It didn't take long for me to check in my suitcase at the *baggage drop* / *security*.
- 3 The passengers were stopped at *customs* / *the check-in desk* for their bags to be checked.
- 4 I showed my boarding pass and ID at the *baggage claim* / *gate* and went to board my flight.
- 5 I didn't have a boarding pass, so I had to stand in line at the *check-in desk* / *customs* to get one.
- 6 We could see our plane on the *runway* / *gate* while we were waiting to board.
- 7 We parked as close as possible to the *airport terminal* / *airline lounge* because we were late.
- 8 The quickest way to find your flight is to look at the *departures board* / *runway*.
- 9 I was wearing boots, so I had to take them off at *security* / *the baggage drop*.
- 10 When I went to the *baggage claim* / *flight times*, I found that my suitcase hadn't arrived.

c Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

arrivals ~~business class~~ cart collect
delayed first class illegal goods luggage

- 1 Companies usually pay for employees to travel business class.
- 2 If your suitcase has wheels, you don't need to use a _____.
- 3 There's usually a line of taxis waiting outside _____.
- 4 Passengers who are traveling _____ sit in the most comfortable seats on the plane.
- 5 You should always keep your _____ with you when you're in an airport.
- 6 Customs officers check travelers' bags to make sure they are not trying to bring _____ into the country.
- 7 It can sometimes take a long time to get out of the airport if you have to wait to _____ your bags from the baggage claim.
- 8 The departures board informs passengers whether a flight is on time, boarding, or _____.

d Complete the text.

Last year, I wanted to travel from Calgary to San Diego to visit a friend. I had booked an ¹ international flight _____ from Calgary to Los Angeles and a ² c _____ fl _____ from Los Angeles to San Diego. I printed my ³ b _____ p _____ the day before my flight, and I took it with me to the airport. I was able to go right to security in ⁴ D _____ because I only had a ⁵ c _____ b _____ – a small backpack. After ⁶ sc _____ my bag, they opened it and ⁷ ch _____ it to make sure I wasn't carrying any ⁸ l _____ or ⁹ sh _____ ob _____, like scissors. When I finally got my bag back, I looked at the ¹⁰ d _____ b _____ to see if my flight was already ¹¹ b _____. I shouldn't have worried, because the flight was ¹² d _____. The plane didn't ¹³ t _____ o _____ until two hours later. When I eventually arrived in Los Angeles, I was happy to see that my next flight was ¹⁴ o _____ t _____. However, just before we were due to ¹⁵ b _____, we were informed that the flight had been canceled – apparently, planes couldn't ¹⁶ l _____ in San Diego because of fog. In the end, I finished my journey by train, and I arrived in San Diego eight hours late!

2 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

so / such...that...

Circle the correct word.

- Her suitcase was so / so much / such heavy that she couldn't pick it up.
- We had so / such / such a long delay that we missed our connecting flight.
- There were so / so much / so many people at the airport that there weren't any carts left.
- We flew over so / such / such a beautiful countryside that I took some photos from the plane.
- There was so / so much / so many rain that the road to the airport was flooded.
- We were sitting in so / so much / such narrow seats on the plane that it was very uncomfortable.
- The flight attendant spoke so / so much / such softly that I couldn't hear what she was saying.

3 GRAMMAR narrative tenses, past perfect continuous

a Circle the correct verb form. Check (✓) if both are correct.

- Tim couldn't close his suitcase because he had put / had been putting too many clothes in it.
- She had worked / had been working for the same airline for eight years before she was promoted.
- I was delighted when I found my passport. I had looked / had been looking for it for hours.
- After I had picked up / had been picking up my luggage, I took a taxi to my hotel.
- I had sat / had been sitting in departures for 20 minutes when I saw that my flight was boarding at a different gate.
- They had lived / had been living in Brooklyn before they moved to Boston.
- The passengers were angry because the airline had canceled / had been canceling their flight.
- I was surprised when I was told that my suitcase was too big: I had taken / had been taking it for years without having to pay for it.

b Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

My parents ¹ had never flown (never fly) before, so they were very nervous when we ² _____ (arrive) at Logan Airport to take our flight to Mexico. It ³ _____ (rain), so I ⁴ _____ (leave) them at the terminal building with instructions to get in line at the check-in desk while I ⁵ _____ (go) to park my car in the long-term parking lot. However, when I ⁶ _____ (get) to the check-in desk myself, they were nowhere in sight. I ⁷ _____ (look) for them everywhere until it suddenly occurred to me that it was possible they ⁸ _____ (already / check in) and they ⁹ _____ (wait) for me in the departure lounge. This was a real problem for me because I ¹⁰ _____ (give) my passport to my mother, so I couldn't check in. I ¹¹ _____ (call) my parents on their cell phone and, fortunately, my mother answered. They ¹² _____ (already / go) through to the departure lounge, and they ¹³ _____ (wait) for me for almost half an hour at the gate. Apparently, my mom ¹⁴ _____ (read) her book and my dad ¹⁵ _____ (do) a crossword. After we hung up, my mom found an understanding staff member who met me at the information desk with my passport!

c Write a paragraph about an air travel experience you have had. Use several different narrative tenses.

4 PRONUNCIATION irregular past forms, sentence rhythm

a Write the simple past of the verbs in the list next to the simple past verb that has the same pronunciation of the vowel sound.

~~catch~~ cut fly meet pay say sing stand tell wake

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| 1 bought <u>caught</u> _____ | 6 spoke _____ |
| 2 rang _____ | 7 sold _____ |
| 3 made _____ | 8 knew _____ |
| 4 let _____ | 9 could _____ |
| 5 shut _____ | 10 read _____ |

b 3.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the simple past forms.

c 3.2 Listen and fill in the blanks in the anecdote.

We were on a ¹ flight _____ to Tokyo, and we'd been ² _____ for about ³ _____ hours. I was **listening** to ⁴ _____, and my ⁵ _____ was **sleeping**, when ⁶ _____ we **heard** a **very loud** ⁷ _____. It ⁸ _____ as if an **engine** had **exploded**. The ⁹ _____ **didn't tell** us what had ¹⁰ _____ until **half an hour later**.

d 3.2 Listen again and practice reading the anecdote aloud with the right rhythm.

1 GRAMMAR the position of adverbs and adverbial phrases

a Circle the adverb or adverbial phrase that is different.

- 1 **time** all day (indoors) soon tonight
- 2 **place** here in fact in the park outside
- 3 **manner** absolutely fluently rudely slowly
- 4 **degree** a little almost hard very
- 5 **comment** clearly fortunately obviously sometimes
- 6 **frequency** always hardly ever usually right away

b Re-order the words to make sentences. Put the adverb in its usual position.

- 1 I / umbrella / an / had / luckily / taken
Luckily, I had taken an umbrella.
- 2 sick / hardly ever / daughter / is / my

- 3 parents / next year / are / his / retiring

- 4 boy / rude / teacher / was / to / the / extremely / his

- 5 dresses / my / stylishly / very / sister

- 6 is / Omar / apparently / divorced / getting

- 7 were / would / you / never / thought / I / have / 30

- 8 bandaged / was / by a nurse / his ankle / carefully

- 9 be / in five minutes / I'll / there

- 10 go / much / the / to / later / in / I / summer / bed

c In each sentence one of the highlighted adverbs or adverbial phrases is in the wrong position. Rewrite the sentences.

- 1 He usually immediately gets up when his alarm rings.
He usually gets up immediately when his alarm rings.
- 2 Although she studies a lot, she goes rarely to the library.

- 3 I crashed my new car unfortunately last week.

- 4 Ideally, we should leave tomorrow early.

- 5 I can understand a word hardly when people speak English quickly.

- 6 Hiro almost forgot yesterday his doctor's appointment.

- 7 She's angry incredibly because her husband came home late last night.

- 8 It surprisingly didn't rain at all while we were in London.



2 VOCABULARY adverbs and adverbial phrases

a Circle the correct word.



- Ellie ate all her lunch, *ever* / *even* the vegetables!
- I haven't seen Tyler *late* / *lately*, have you?
- I can't stand most TV shows, *specially* / *especially* reality shows.
- Dave *near* / *nearly* crashed his car, but he braked just in time.
- Please don't tell me what happens because I haven't read the book *still* / *yet*.
- I'm not going to Sam's party. I *hard* / *hardly* know him! He's your friend, not mine.
- Do you *ever* / *even* wear jeans to work?
- My grandparents don't live *near* / *nearly* here; they live about 30 miles away.
- My father worked very *hard* / *hardly* all his life.
- Alan's feet are so big that his shoes are *especially* / *specially* made for him.
- My cousin is a doctor, and *right now* / *actually* she's working in Africa.
- I can't wait to find out what happens at *the end* / *in the end* of this book.
- I missed my bus because I got up *late* / *lately*.
- We were thinking of going to the movies, but at *the end* / *in the end* we just went out for some coffee.
- I thought the movie was going to be boring, but *actually* / *right now* I really enjoyed it.
- I didn't finish the exam – I was *still* / *yet* writing when the teacher told us to stop.

b Complete the sentences with an adverb from the list that matches the definition in brackets.

apparently ~~basically~~ certainly eventually
gradually ideally in fact obviously

- Basically* (the main reason is), we don't have enough money to buy our own house.
- _____ (in a perfect world), we'd each have our own room in the house, but that isn't possible.
- That's _____ (without a doubt) the best lobster that I've ever eaten – it was delicious!
- My sister is _____ (little by little) building a new life for herself after her divorce.
- If you keep applying for jobs, you'll find one _____ (in the end).
- I thought the meal was going to be expensive, but _____ (the truth is) it was very reasonable.
- _____ (clearly), her son will move out when he gets a job, but for now he's living with her.
- _____ (according to what I've heard), a lot of flights have been canceled because of the bad weather.

c Complete the stories with the correct adverbs from the lists.

HOODLUMS

aggressively hardly ever luckily now

The young men walked ¹ aggressively through the crowded shopping mall. They had their target in their sights and wouldn't stop until they had done what they had set out to do.

² _____ she felt scared.

She ran from the hooded gang, stopped, and was cornered.

"Miss, you forgot your handbag."

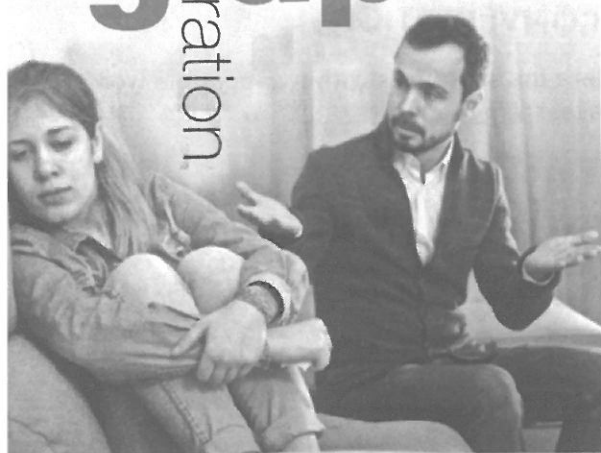
Revenge is sweet

all day bitterly suddenly very

They had been arguing ³ _____ the night before. He had come in from the garage with oil on his shoes. Fed up, desperate, she hit him. Horrified by what she had done, she drove away from the house along the mountain road.

⁴ _____, she realized that the brakes weren't working.

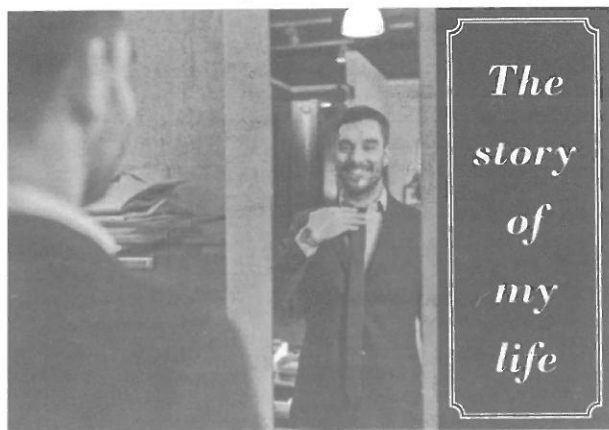
Generation gap



always angrily extremely unfortunately

He was worried. ⁵ _____, since his wife's death, his teenage daughter had become ⁶ _____ difficult.

They had agreed 2:00 a.m. as the latest return time from clubs. Now it was 3:30. He prepared himself for confrontation as the door opened. "Dad," she shouted ⁷ _____. "I've been frantic. You're late again."



actually last week normally slightly

Stage one: Feel fat. Go on diet. Lose weight. Feel fabulous. Buy new clothes.

Stage two: Eat ⁸ _____ but controlling intake. Look fabulous. New clothes ⁹ _____ tight.

Stage three: Eat and drink normally (potatoes, bread, dessert, and soda). New clothes don't fit. Old clothes thrown away.

Back to stage one.

- d Choose six adverbs or adverbial phrases from the list and write sentences that are true for you.

a lot apparently fluently here ideally incredibly slowly sometimes tonight usually

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

3 PRONUNCIATION word stress and intonation

- a Underline the stressed syllable in the adverbs in the list. Then put them in the correct column.

absolutely actually apparently basically definitely eventually especially fortunately gradually ideally incredibly luckily obviously unfortunately

Stress on first syllable	Stress on second syllable
<i>absolutely</i>	

- b **3.3** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the adverbs.

- c **3.4** Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 I absolutely love Japanese food, especially sushi.
- 2 I thought Brad was single, but _____ he's _____.
- 3 We paid a lot for the tickets, but _____, the play was _____ boring.
- 4 That movie is _____ – even my husband cried at the end!
- 5 I _____ want to change my job, _____ for something better paid.
- 6 _____, Tina has been downsized, so she's moving back in with her _____.

- d **3.4** Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the stress and intonation of the adverbs.

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

Fill in the blanks to complete the conversations.

- 1 A Which book have you enjoyed reading recently?
B *The Hunger Games*. *Alright* _____, it was written for teenagers, but I really liked it.
- 2 A How do you like that e-reader I gave you?
B I was worried I wouldn't use it but, a _____, it's very handy.
- 3 A Do you know anything about Ken Follett's books?
B I think they're s _____ o _____ thrillers, aren't they?
- 4 A Have you ever read a Charles Dickens novel in English?
B No way! I m _____, it would be too hard, wouldn't it?
- 5 A Did you enjoy *Crime and Punishment*?
B Yes, although it was a little bit, y _____ kn _____, depressing in places.
- 6 A What do you think of the writer Dan Brown?
B W _____, he's not a great writer, but I enjoy his books.

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

Complete the sentences from the interview with Marion Pomeranc with a verb from the list.

brought flew go rules take

- 1 The words, the made-up words, the way the words *flow* _____ together and sound.
- 2 It just _____ me to a different place.
- 3 Kids like to _____ back, they like to become familiar with a character in the story.
- 4 _____ a trip to a publishing house.
- 5 Youth dominates, and kind of _____ the world a little bit.

3 THE CONVERSATION

Complete the sentences with two possible words or phrases from the list.



I mean kind of (x2) like sort of (x2) stuff things

- 1 You can just *kind of* _____ / *sort of* _____ lose yourself in this imaginary world.
- 2 I like science fiction and fantasy and _____ / _____ like that.
- 3 It's just something I _____ / _____ grew up with.
- 4 _____ / _____, it's something that I would recommend to my friends and family.

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

Replace the *italic* words with a word or phrase from the list.

a clue huge key to out of it tough

- 1 It's really *difficult*. *tough* _____
- 2 I don't have *any idea*. _____
- 3 I feel a little *bit disconnected*. _____
- 4 It's so *big*. _____
- 5 That's the *critical thing* about any good book. _____

Can you remember...? 1–3

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

a Complete the sentences with the correct form of the **bold** word.

- 1 I don't agree with my brother's _____ views. He refuses to listen to other people's opinions. **MIND**
- 2 Your wrist is very _____ – I think you might have sprained it. **SWELL**
- 3 Andrea is taking antibiotics because she has a nasty throat _____. **INFECT**
- 4 Matt was _____ relieved when he found out he'd passed his driver's test. **INCREDIBLE**
- 5 My shoulders got sunburned because I was wearing a _____ dress. **SLEEVE**
- 6 She tends to wear clothes that are practical rather than _____. **FASHION**
- 7 There was a long line at _____ because only one of the scanning machines was working. **SECURE**
- 8 My dad's picking me up from the airport – he said he'd wait for me in _____. **ARRIVE**
- 9 We had some shelves _____ made for the space between the cabinet and the window. **SPECIAL**
- 10 Living on my own felt strange at first, but I'm _____ getting used to it. **GRADUAL**

b Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.



Can you imagine how ¹ _____ if you were on a plane that slid off the runway when it landed? This is exactly what happened on a domestic flight in Turkey one evening in January 2019. The plane had ² _____ without incident from the capital, Ankara, and the flight had continued as usual. However, the pilot had difficulties as he ³ _____ in Trabzon, in the northeastern part of the country. Freezing temperatures in the area ⁴ _____ a thick layer of ice to form on the runway. The ice was ⁵ _____ slippery that when the Boeing 737-800 landed, the wheels began to slide. The pilot tried to correct the mistake, but he ⁶ _____. The plane slid off the tarmac and started going towards the cliffs above the Black Sea. ⁷ _____, the wheels got stuck in the mud on the side of the cliffs, and the plane stopped before it reached the water. At the time, there were 168 people on board: 162 passengers, two pilots, and four cabin ⁸ _____. Fortunately, they only had to wait 20 minutes for emergency services to arrive and help them get off. ⁹ _____ were taken directly to the hospital, but they were all sent home within a very short time. Psychologists say it may take time for some of the passengers to ¹⁰ _____ the shock.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 1 a did you feel | b you would feel | c would you feel |
| 2 a dropped off | b picked up | c taken off |
| 3 a landed | b had landed | c was landing |
| 4 a caused | b had caused | c had been causing |
| 5 a so | b so much | c such |
| 6 a couldn't | b hadn't | c wasn't |
| 7 a Ideally | b Luckily | c Obviously |
| 8 a staff | b attendants | c crew |
| 9 a Injured | b People injured | c The injured |
| 10 a come around | b get over | c pass out |

Go online to check your progress

4A

Stormy weather

Only when the last tree has died, and the last river has been polluted, and the last fish has been caught will we realize that we can't eat money.
Cree Indian saying

G future perfect and future continuous **V** the environment, weather **P** vowel sounds

1 GRAMMAR future perfect and future continuous

a Circle the correct form.



1 Hopefully, we will be saving / will have saved enough money to go on vacation by the summer.



2 By this time tomorrow, we will be traveling / we will have traveled to Chicago – it's an eight-hour journey, so take something to do on the train.



3 I probably won't have finished / won't be finishing the report by Friday – can I give it to you on Monday morning?



4 Don't call between one and two o'clock because we will have had / will be having lunch.



5 We will have had / will be having five meetings by the end of today.



6 Jack will be leaving / will have left for Mexico on Saturday. I'm taking him to the airport.



7 I won't see my children tonight – they will be going / will have gone to bed by the time I get home.



8 I've planned a surprise party for Alex – when we get to the restaurant, all her friends will be waiting / will have waited for her!

b Complete the sentences with the future perfect or future continuous form of the verb in parentheses.

- By the end of this month, we 'll have moved (move) to our new house, so you can visit us.
- By this time tomorrow, my parents _____ (fly) over the Pacific on their way to Tokyo.
- My exams are in May, so I _____ (take) them all by June 1st.
- Hopefully, you _____ (read) the book I lent you by the next time I see you.
- If the game starts at 7:00 p.m., we _____ (play) until 8:45 at least.
- In a year, they _____ (build) the new road, and we'll be able to get to work much quicker.
- When do you think you _____ (finish) paying your mortgage?
- Don't call me tomorrow morning because I _____ (attend) an important meeting.
- It's been raining all morning, but hopefully it _____ (stop) by this afternoon.
- _____ (you go) to the supermarket later?

c Write future perfect or future continuous questions.

- when / you / take / your next vacation
When will you be taking your next vacation?
- what / you / do / this time tomorrow

- what time / you / get up / tomorrow morning

- how much TV / you / watch / by the end of the week

- where / you go / next weekend

- when / you / finish / your English homework

- how many times / you / look at your phone / by the end of today?

- how many hours / you / spend / study English / by the end of the week

d Answer the questions in c.

1 _____
 2 _____
 3 _____
 4 _____
 5 _____
 6 _____
 7 _____
 8 _____



2 VOCABULARY the weather

a Circle the word that is different.

- 1 below zero cold cool mild
- 2 damp drizzling drought humid
- 3 boiling freezing hot scorching
- 4 breeze chilly hurricane windy
- 5 changeable fog mist smog
- 6 pouring showers warm wet

b Complete the sentences.

- 1 We're having a heat wave _____. It isn't usually so hot at this time of year.
- 2 Many drivers had to spend the night in their vehicles after they were caught in the bl_____ and their cars got stuck in the snow.
- 3 People say that there may be a fl_____ if the river continues rising.
- 4 In some areas there was h_____. The balls of ice were enormous!
- 5 Last night there was a violent storm and the sound of th_____ woke me up.
- 6 The government wants us to save water because of the dr_____.
- 7 In India, the m_____ season usually lasts until October. The rain can be very heavy.
- 8 The l_____ lit up the sky during the thunderstorm.
- 9 Hundreds of trees blew down in the h_____, and several buildings were damaged.

c Match 1–9 to a–i.



- 1 Everyone is hoping for clear c
 - 2 They said the weather will be changeable, ____
 - 3 There were so few sunny ____
 - 4 The forecast is for heavy ____
 - 5 Planes can't take off in this thick ____
 - 6 Driving will be dangerous this morning because of the icy ____
 - 7 Most parts of the tri-state area will enjoy bright ____
 - 8 Many trees were blown down by strong ____
 - 9 We hope the weather will be more settled ____
- a roads, so drivers should take care.
 b next week – we're going on a cruise.
 c skies so that they can see the solar eclipse.
 d sunshine today, and it will be warm.
 e rain, so the barbecue has been canceled.
 f winds during last night's storm.
 g so I'm taking my sunglasses and an umbrella.
 h fog, so several flights have been canceled.
 i periods that we didn't spend much time at the beach.

d Complete the paragraphs with the words in each list.

freezing heavy icy strong



January is one of the coldest months in New York State. The temperature sometimes drops to 32°F, so it's ¹ **freezing** outside, and the roads are ² _____. There are often ³ _____ winds and ⁴ _____ rain or snow; during some storms, sleet may fall instead of rain.

breeze changeable mild showers sunny

In April, it isn't as cold, and some days can be very ⁵ _____ – around 60°F. There are often rain ⁶ _____, with ⁷ _____ periods between them because the weather is very ⁸ _____. There's often a ⁹ _____, which can sometimes be very cool.

bright cool hail settled warm

In June, the weather still isn't ¹⁰ _____, and it continues to change a lot: one minute there's ¹¹ _____ sunshine, and the next it rains. Thunderstorms often move through, producing heavy rain and sometimes even balls of ¹² _____. In general, it's ¹³ _____ during the day – around 70°F – but it can get ¹⁴ _____ in the evenings, so you need a light jacket.



chilly clear drizzle damp mist rain

By October, the temperature starts to fall again, and it can be very ¹⁵ _____ outside – only 50°F or 55°F. Some mornings start out with ¹⁶ _____ in the mountains and near the water, while on others there are ¹⁷ _____ skies and you can see for a long way. Towards the end of the fall, the weather can be rather ¹⁸ _____: sometimes just a light ¹⁹ _____ and other times pouring ²⁰ _____.

e Write a paragraph about the weather in your country in January, April, July, and October.

3 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds

a Circle the word with a different sound.

1  tree	breeze freezing great heat wave
2  boot	cool flood monsoon typhoon
3  bike	bright icy lightning mist
4  owl	blow drought shower towel
5  fish	blizzard drizzling chilly mild
6  up	humid summer sunny thunder
7  ear	clear here wear zero
8  egg	heat heavy sweat weather
9  horse	scorching storm warm world
10  phone	although below cloudy snow

b 4.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

G zero and first conditionals, future time clauses V expressions with take P linked phrases

1 GRAMMAR zero and first conditionals, future time clauses

- a Complete the sentences with a verb from the list. Decide if they are zero conditional or first conditional sentences. Write 0 (zero) or 1 (first).

are cooks doesn't answer doesn't come
don't get eat 'll stay won't move

- Plants die if they don't get enough water. 0
- If you _____ too many calories, you gain weight. ____
- I _____ at a friend's house tonight if I miss the last train. ____
- My sister _____ her phone if she's watching a movie on TV. ____
- Some dogs bite if they _____ scared. ____
- If we don't sell our house, we _____.
- If Justin _____ dinner tonight, Karen will be delighted. ____
- If the bus _____ soon, I'll take a taxi. ____

- b Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in parentheses.

- Bring your swimsuit if you want to use the pool. (bring)
- If my wife _____ home before 7:30, she gets caught in rush hour traffic. (not leave)
- It's raining. You'll get wet if you _____ an umbrella with you. (not take)
- Don't interrupt Emily if she _____ . (study)
- If you _____ 18 or over, you can vote in a general election. (be)
- If you can't take me to the airport, I _____ a friend. (ask)
- If you _____ Jodi Picoult's new book yet, I'll buy you a copy for your birthday. (not read)
- If I _____ eight hours of sleep, I always feel awful the next day. (not get)

- c Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Use a time expression from the list and no more than two other words.

after as soon as before if in case unless until when

- I'll do Pilates, and then I'll take a shower.
I'll take a shower after I do Pilates.
- My friend will arrive at his hotel. He'll call me immediately.
My friend will call me _____ at his hotel.
- We'll arrive in time for lunch if the traffic isn't bad.
We'll arrive in time for lunch _____ is bad.
- I'm going to call my husband. He might forget his doctor's appointment.
I'm going to call my husband _____ his doctor's appointment.
- Sarah is going to pack her suitcase. Then she'll go to bed.
Sarah is going to pack her suitcase _____ to bed.
- We'll wait for you to get home. Then we'll have dinner.
We won't have dinner _____ home.
- I might be late tonight, so don't wait up for me.
Don't wait up for me _____ late tonight.
- I'll go to New York and I'll stay with some friends.
I'll stay with some friends _____ to New York.



d Complete the sentences about you.

- 1 I'll have dinner after _____
- 2 I'll buy a new car as soon as _____
- 3 I won't go to bed tonight until _____
- 4 I'll go shopping before _____
- 5 I might go out later if _____
- 6 I won't move to a new house unless _____
- 7 I'll finish my English homework now, in case _____
- 8 I'll retire when _____

2 PRONUNCIATION linked phrases

a 4.2 Listen and complete the sentences.



- 1 *First of all* _____, let's see how much money we have.
- 2 I didn't really want to go, but it was _____ the end.
- 3 Dress professionally, _____, don't be late.
- 4 _____ world, everyone would have a roof over their head.
- 5 Don't disturb me _____ important.
- 6 I'll call you _____ I get home.
- 7 _____ I'm concerned, there's nothing more to say.
- 8 It was _____ experience that I don't really want to think about it.

b 4.2 Listen again and repeat the words. Copy the rhythm.

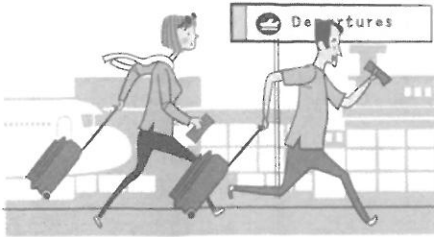
3 VOCABULARY expressions with *take*

a Match the sentence halves.

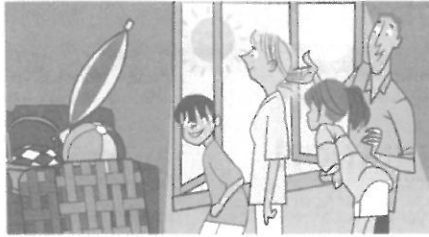


- 1 Grandparents often **take care of** children i
 - 2 Don't **take a risk**, _____
 - 3 Try to **take** all the factors **into account** _____
 - 4 If you get an interesting job opportunity, _____
 - 5 There's a new restaurant opening in my neighborhood; _____
 - 6 If you want to be involved in the protest, _____
 - 7 Most people **take pity on** people _____
 - 8 The Olympics **take place** every four years; _____
 - 9 Please don't hurry; _____
- a if you think something bad might happen.
b they're always held in a different country.
c they're looking to **take on** a new cook as well as several food servers.
d **take advantage of** it.
e who are homeless.
f before you make a decision.
g you can **take your time**.
h you can **take part in** the demonstration.
i ~~when their parents can't look after them.~~

b Complete the sentences with the **bold** phrases in **a**.



1 We didn't **take** _____ the rush hour traffic **into account**, so we almost missed our flight.



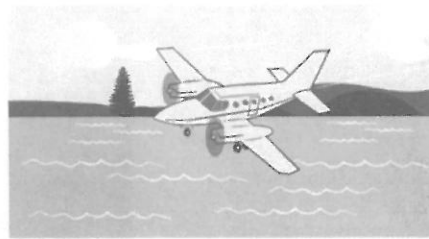
2 Why don't we _____ the sunny weather and go to the beach?



3 My children love drama, so they always _____ the school play.



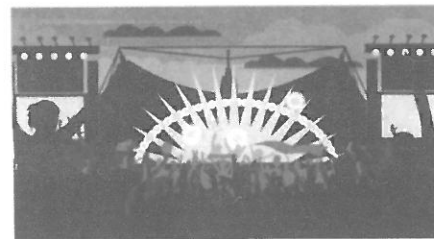
4 This report doesn't need to be finished today – you can _____.



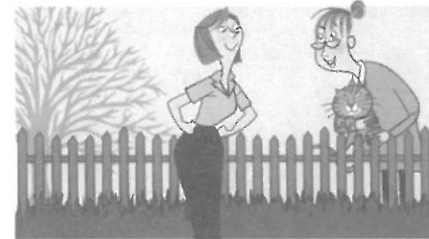
5 The pilot decided to _____ and try to land the plane on the river.



6 I always _____ my elderly neighbor when he's sick. I visit him every day to check if he needs anything.



7 Most music festivals _____ in the summer months when it's more likely to be sunny.



8 Could you _____ my cat while I'm on vacation?



9 Don't mind Charlie. He doesn't _____ other children very quickly.

c Match the **bold** phrasal verbs in 1–8 to definitions a–h.

- 1 When was the last time someone **took** you **out** for dinner? d
- 2 Who was the last person you **took to** immediately? _____
- 3 Do you **take** your shoes **off** as soon as you go into your house? _____
- 4 Do you **take your time** doing your English homework? _____
- 5 In what ways do you **take after** your parents? _____
- 6 How often do you **take** the trash **out**? _____
- 7 Have you ever watched the planes **take off** and land at an airport? _____
- 8 If you could **take up** a new activity, what would it be? _____

- a to leave the ground and begin to fly
- b to use as much time as you need without hurrying
- c to remove a piece of clothing
- d to take somebody to a place and pay for them
- e to start liking somebody
- f to learn or start to do something, especially for pleasure
- g to remove something from inside, e.g., a house
- h to look or behave like

d Answer the questions in **c** about you.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

Go online for more practice

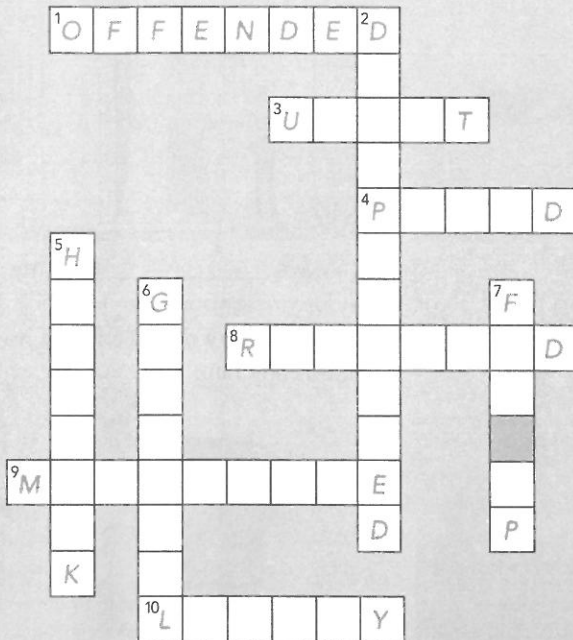
Go online to check your progress

G unreal conditionals **V** feelings **P** word stress in three- or four-syllable adjectives

1 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

feelings; word stress

a How would you feel in these situations? Complete the crossword.



ACROSS →

- Someone told you that your new hairstyle makes you look old.
- You have an argument with your best friend, and they say they never want to see you again.
- Your daughter won a painting competition.
- You think you lost your house keys, and then you find them at the bottom of your bag.
- You're camping, it's raining, and everything is soaking wet.
- All your friends are on vacation, and you have nobody to talk to.

DOWN ↓

- You weren't offered a job after you went to the interview.
- You're studying abroad and you're missing your family.
- It's pouring rain and a friend offers to drive you to your home.
- Your flight has already been delayed three times, and then it's canceled.

b Replace the underlined words with an adjective from the list.

astonished bewildered delighted
desperate devastated horrified
overwhelmed stunned ~~thrilled~~



- They're very excited to be traveling around South America after saving for so long.
thrilled
- When you buy a new phone, it's easy to get very confused by all the different options and contracts.

- People were extremely shocked and disgusted when they heard about the terrorist attack.

- Andy was amazed when his parents gave him a car for his birthday.

- She was so surprised that she couldn't react when she saw the fire damage.

- Olivia was incredibly pleased when she got promoted.

- My brother was extremely upset when his wife left him.

- The soldier's wife was so happy that she didn't know how to react when her husband suddenly arrived home after six months away.

- The climbers were losing hope. It was getting dark, snowing heavily, and they couldn't figure out a way down the mountain.

c Complete the sentences a word from the list.

couldn't believe his eyes ~~down~~ jumping for joy
scared stiff sick and tired of worn out



1 My sister was a little bit down after her interview exam went badly.



2 I'm _____ always having to tell my husband to clean up.



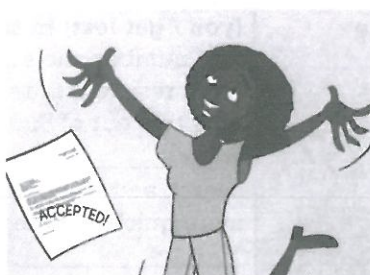
3 Javier was _____ when he saw a big dog running towards him.



4 I couldn't sleep on the flight from New York. I'm absolutely _____ today.



5 Ahmet _____ when his favorite celebrity retweeted him on Twitter.



6 I was _____ when I got accepted to my top choice college.

d Underline the stressed syllable in the adjectives in the list. Then put them in the correct column.

a|sto|nished be|wil|dered de|ligh|ted de|spe|rate
de|va|sta|ted dis|a|ppoi|nted grate|ful home|sick
horr|i|fied lon|ely mi|se|ra|ble offe|nded o|ver|whelmed
re|lieved up|set

Stress on first syllable	Stress on second syllable	Stress on third syllable
	astonished	

e 5.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the adjectives. Copy the rhythm.

f Choose six feelings in d that you have experienced yourself. Write a sentence about when you experienced each feeling.

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____



2 GRAMMAR unreal conditionals

a Circle the correct form.

- Our boss was / would be more popular if he didn't take himself so seriously.
- I would have gotten cold if I didn't take / hadn't taken a jacket.
- You hadn't have / wouldn't have sprained your ankle if you'd been looking where you were going.
- I'd really miss you if you went / would go to live in Seoul.
- Vicki had / would have more friends if she didn't complain all the time.
- I had been / would have been really disappointed if I hadn't got the job.
- He didn't be able to / wouldn't be able to afford a new car if he wasn't living with his parents.
- We wouldn't have gone to Thailand in June if we knew / had known it was the monsoon season.
- Jacob wouldn't be so stressed if he had / would have a more understanding boss.
- We wouldn't have gotten lost if we had stayed / would have stayed on the path.

b Complete the second and third conditional sentences.

- We don't go away on weekends because we don't have much free time.
If we had more free time, we'd go away on weekends.
- There wasn't much snow, so we didn't make a snowman.
If there had been more snow, _____.
- I didn't know the water was so cold, so I jumped in.
I wouldn't have jumped in if _____.
- He doesn't pass his driver's test because he gets so nervous.
He would pass his driver's test if _____.
- We missed the last bus because we left the party too late.
If we'd left the party earlier, _____.
- You get sunburned because you don't use enough sunscreen.
If you used more sunscreen, _____.
- They hadn't read the book, so they didn't really understand the movie.
They would have understood the movie if _____.
- I don't earn a lot of money, so I can't buy my own house.
If I earned more money, _____.

c Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

d Continue the second and third conditional sentences about you.

- If my parents were billionaires, _____.
- If I could travel anywhere in the world, _____.
- If I spoke perfect English, _____.
- If I had been born in a different country, _____.
- If I had lived in the 19th century, _____.
- If I had gotten up earlier this morning, _____.

What would **you** do if...?



¹Would you be (you / be) prepared if there was an emergency on your plane?

Think about the last time you flew. Did you pay attention to the safety demonstration? If ²_____ (you / not go) to sleep, you would have heard the flight attendant explain the location of the emergency exits. This information is vital. If there had been a fire, ³_____ (you / have) only about 90 seconds to get off the plane.

It's unlikely that there will be an emergency on your flight, but if there is, the most important thing is to be ready.

Would you know what to do if ⁴_____ (you / get lost) in the mountains?

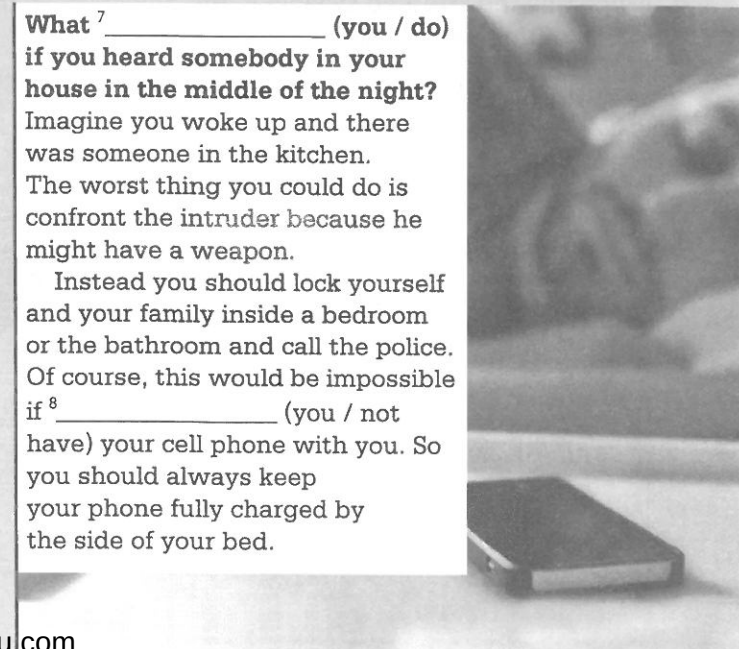
The number one survival tip is to stop walking and wait to be rescued. In research done in Canada, however, only two out of 800 lost people actually did this. If ⁵_____ (the others / not keep) walking, a search and rescue team would have found them much more quickly. If they had waited in an open space, ⁶_____ (a helicopter / see) them immediately.

The most important thing when you go hiking is to tell someone where you are going, so that you can be rescued if anything goes wrong.

What ⁷_____ (you / do) if you heard somebody in your house in the middle of the night?

Imagine you woke up and there was someone in the kitchen. The worst thing you could do is confront the intruder because he might have a weapon.

Instead you should lock yourself and your family inside a bedroom or the bathroom and call the police. Of course, this would be impossible if ⁸_____ (you / not have) your cell phone with you. So you should always keep your phone fully charged by the side of your bed.



5B

Wish you were here

Never look back unless you are planning to go that way.
Henry David Thoreau, author, poet, and philosopher

G wish for the present / future, wish for past regrets **V** expressing feelings with verbs or -ed / -ing adjectives **P** sentence rhythm and intonation

1 GRAMMAR wish for the present / future

a Match 1–8 to a–h.



- 1 I hardly ever see my friend. d
- 2 My new clothes are always disappearing. ____
- 3 The weekend has flown by. ____
- 4 My brother's playing loud music again. ____
- 5 I'd love to study abroad. ____
- 6 The kitchen is a mess. ____
- 7 My neighbors' car is always outside my house. ____
- 8 Public transportation is terrible around here. ____

- a I wish I had a car.
- b I wish he would wear headphones.
- c I wish you would wash the dishes.
- d I wish he didn't work on weekends.
- e I wish my sister wouldn't borrow them.
- f I wish I spoke better English.
- g I wish they wouldn't park there.
- h I wish it wasn't Monday tomorrow.

b Read the sentences in a. Decide if they show that the speaker would like something to be different, or that he / she is annoyed about something? Complete the chart.

speaker wants something to be different	speaker is annoyed about something
1	

c Complete the sentences with wish + simple past or wish + would.

- 1 My ex-friend is driving me crazy! He calls me every day.
I wish my friend wouldn't call me every day.
- 2 It's a difficult decision, and I don't know what to do.
I wish I knew what to do.
- 3 My boss really annoys me. She shouts all the time.
I wish _____.
- 4 I didn't get the job because I can't drive.
I wish _____.
- 5 I'm fed up with my brother using my computer.
I wish _____.
- 6 I can't stand it when my son stays in bed all morning.
I wish _____.
- 7 I want to speak to Dan, but I don't have his phone number.
I wish _____.
- 8 I hate it when you leave the bathroom a mess.
I wish _____.
- 9 I'd love to go away this weekend, but I have to work.
I wish _____.
- 10 I have lots of books, but I don't have time to read.
I wish _____.



d What would you like to be different? What annoys you? Write six sentences with wish + simple past or wish + would.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____



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2 VOCABULARY expressing feelings with verbs or -ed / -ing adjectives

a Complete the sentences with an adjective or a verb made from the word in parentheses.



- 1 It really infuriates me when people talk loudly on their cell phones on trains. (infuriate)
- 2 Looking after my sister's three small children is _____ for my parents. (exhaust)
- 3 Ethan was so _____ when he failed his driver's test. (disappoint)
- 4 My boyfriend is scared of flying. The idea of getting on a plane _____ him. (terrify)
- 5 My son is a terrible loser. Not winning something really _____ him. (frustrate)
- 6 You should try the new Asian restaurant on Main Street. The food is _____. (amaze)
- 7 I was so _____ when my phone rang during the meeting. (embarrass)
- 8 His first visit to the theater _____ him to take up acting. (inspire)
- 9 I find the New York City subway system very _____. I've gotten on the wrong train many times. (confuse)
- 10 We were _____ that so many people came to our party. (thrill)

b Complete the chart.

verb	-ed adjective	other adjective
1 delight	<i>delighted</i>	<i>delightful</i>
2 impress		
3 offend		
4 scare		
5 stress		

c Complete the sentences with an adjective from b.

- 1 He was offended when the teacher suggested he might have cheated on the exam.
- 2 We were _____ when we received a surprise visit from some old friends.
- 3 She gave such an _____ performance in the movie that I think she might win an Oscar.
- 4 I'm _____ with your English. You speak really well.
- 5 The bridge started to move from side to side as we were crossing, which was very _____.
- 6 She's a little _____ right now because she's taking care of her sister's children as well as her own.
- 7 I found his sexist comments very _____.
- 8 Joe's _____ of small spaces – he never uses the elevator.
- 9 My nieces are _____ – they're very sweet, and they're always making things for me.
- 10 My boss is good at staying calm in _____ situations.

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the sentences with the correct word from a pair in the list.

afraid / fear angry / anger brave / bravery
 encouraging / encouragement
 enthusiastic / enthusiasm excited / excitement
 honest / honesty sorry / sorrow



- 1 My nephew's very excited about his birthday tomorrow.
- 2 I wish my boyfriend was more _____ – I've caught him telling lies recently.
- 3 She raised her voice in _____ when she saw the children behaving so badly.
- 4 I'm not very _____ about the party – I don't really want to go.
- 5 I wish I had written to my uncle to express my _____ about the death of my aunt.
- 6 My art teacher is very _____ about my work – she thinks I'm pretty good.
- 7 The soldier received a medal for his _____ – he had risked his life to protect his unit.
- 8 The child was shaking with _____ after being chased by a big dog.

4 GRAMMAR wish for past regrets

- a Match 1–8 to a–h. Then complete a–h with the past perfect form of a verb from the list. Use contractions.

bring leave not eat not fall not shout
not spend study wear



- 1 I'm going to be late. e
- 2 It's colder than I thought today.
- 3 I feel sick.
- 4 I failed half of my exams.
- 5 My leg hurts.
- 6 I upset my little sister.
- 7 It's pouring rain.
- 8 I don't have a lot of money left.

- a I wish I _____ an umbrella.
- b I wish I _____ so much on that meal last night.
- c I wish I _____ harder.
- d I wish I _____ at her this morning.
- e I wish I'd ~~left~~ _____ home earlier.
- f I wish I _____ off my bike.
- g I wish I _____ a warmer sweater.
- h I wish I _____ that seafood.

- b Read the situation and write sentences beginning with *I wish + past perfect*.

- 1 I took the train to work, but it broke down and I was late.
 I wish I hadn't taken the train to work.
I left my cell phone on my desk, and now it isn't there.

- I didn't give my boss the report on time, and now he's annoyed with me.

- 4 My friend didn't call me last night, and now I'm worried.

- 5 My friend didn't invite me to her wedding, and now I'm upset.

- 6 We lost our last basketball game, so we won't be playing in the final.

- 7 I was rude to my mother, and now she's offended.

- 8 My son woke me up in the middle of the night, and I couldn't get back to sleep again.



5 PRONUNCIATION sentence rhythm and intonation

- a 5.2 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 I wish I'd applied for _____.
- 2 I wish you'd _____ at the _____.
- 3 I wish I _____ these _____.
- 4 I wish we'd _____ at _____.
- 5 I wish you _____ me _____.
- 6 I wish we _____ on the _____.

- b 5.2 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm and intonation.

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

Circle the correct comment adverb in the conversations.

- A How do you recycle your organic waste?
 B We don't. *Ideally / Obviously / Unfortunately*, it's impossible to do that where we live.
- A Who's in charge of emptying the trash cans in your house?
 B *Amazingly / Gradually / Sadly*, my teenage son always takes the trash out.
- A How do you dispose of old electrical devices?
 B *Actually / Eventually / Unfortunately*, it's not usually a problem because I rarely buy new ones.
- A What kind of things do you recycle?
 B *Amazingly / Apparently / Basically*, we try to recycle as much as we can.
- A Can you see any problems with recycling?
 B *Actually / Anyway / Obviously*, you need four different recycling bins in the kitchen, but apart from that, it's easy.
- A What happened to that beautiful old vase you had?
 B *Generally / Sadly / Strangely* it broke, so we had to throw it away.
- A Have they come to empty the recycling bins yet?
 B No, they haven't. They always come on Mondays, but *basically / in fact / strangely* they haven't come today.

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

Complete the sentences from the interview with a phrase from the list.

worn out ~~ended up~~ falling apart pretty much
 off the hook for the sake

- We ended up filming in 11 countries.
- He wears his sweaters until they're _____.
- He keeps his cars until they're _____.
- He can make _____ anything look beautiful
- I don't like to blame one person because that lets us _____.
- We shouldn't buy new things _____ of it.

3 THE CONVERSATION

Circle the best response.



- There are plastic bottles that you can eat when you've finished the water.
 a Yes, isn't that awful?
 b Oh wow!
- There's more plastic in the sea by weight than fish.
 a That sounds pretty cool.
 b I mean, that's so depressing, isn't it?
- I can't believe how much plastic there is.
 a Yes, it's very scary!
 b Oh wow!
- They've found plastic in the Marianna Trench.
 a Yes, isn't that awful?
 b I think that's just so amazing.
- They've found bacteria that have evolved to digest nylon plastic.
 a Its really awful, actually.
 b That's amazing!

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

day ~~doubt~~ hilarious involved taste

- I would without a doubt recommend this book.
- I couldn't stop laughing; it was just _____.
- I'd really like to get _____ with animals.
- Reading biographies affects my life and just how I act day-to-_____.
- But it comes down to _____, doesn't it?

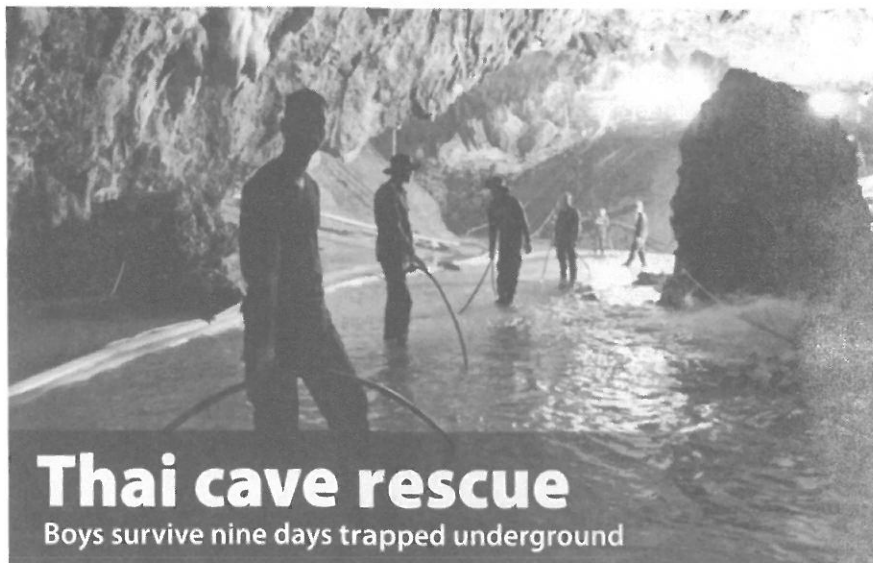
Can you remember...? 1-5

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

a Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Write 2-5 words. Use the word in parentheses.

- 1 I met John when we were students. (known)
I've known John since _____ we were students.
- 2 My son's girlfriend is from Turkey; she's young and interesting. (Turkish)
My son is going out with an _____ woman.
- 3 There's no doubt you'll save money if you sell your car. (certainly)
You _____ if you sell your car.
- 4 It started to rain two hours after we started walking. (had)
We _____ two hours when it started to rain.
- 5 My flight to Las Vegas leaves at 11:00 tomorrow and arrives at 12:15. (flying)
At 12:00 tomorrow, I _____ to Las Vegas.
- 6 My classes end in May next year. (will)
My classes _____ by June.
- 7 If the concert isn't sold out, I'll get you a ticket. (unless)
I'll get you a ticket for the concert _____.
- 8 I got a cold because I went out with wet hair. (have)
If I hadn't gone out with wet hair, _____ a cold.
- 9 It annoys me when you don't listen to me. (wish)
I _____ listen to me.
- 10 I regret not visiting The Louvre when I was in Paris. (visited)
I _____ The Louvre when I was in Paris.

b Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.



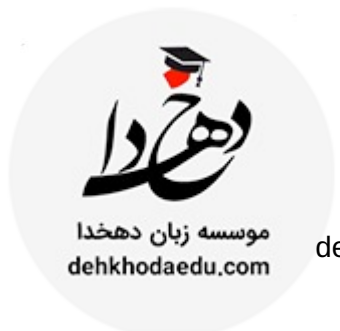
Thai cave rescue

Boys survive nine days trapped underground

In the summer of 2018, 12 teenage soccer players became trapped deep inside a cave in Thailand with the coach who was taking ¹ _____ them. They had entered the cave to celebrate one of the boy's birthdays, but ² _____ rains had flooded the cave, so they couldn't get out. For nine days, the boys and the coach were sitting in complete darkness, which must have been very ³ _____. They managed to survive by drinking the water dripping from the cave walls and by eating the snacks they had bought for the birthday party. ⁴ _____, the 25-year-old coach, Ekapol Chantawong, refused to eat any of the food so that the boys would have more for themselves. He helped them stay calm by teaching them meditation. When divers ⁵ _____ found the boys, they were ⁶ _____ to see that all the boys were still alive. They were also astonished to find that the boys didn't seem particularly ⁷ _____ by their experience. The rescue team, on the other hand, was in a race against time to get the boys out of the cave before the ⁸ _____ rains began. They had also noticed that the level of oxygen in the cave was dropping. The rescue operation took ⁹ _____ over three days and resulted in all 13 boys being taken safely out of the cave. There was a moment of ¹⁰ _____, however, when diver Saman Gunan died while he was helping to bring air tanks through the tunnels for the boys.

- | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1 a after | b care of | c pity on |
| 2 a hard | b heavy | c strong |
| 3 a scare | b scared | c scary |
| 4 a Apparently | b Basically | c Certainly |
| 5 a lately | b eventually | c gradually |
| 6 a bewildered | b grateful | c relieved |
| 7 a stress | b stressed | c stressful |
| 8 a blizzard | b hurricane | c monsoon |
| 9 a part | b place | c risks |
| 10 a anger | b sorrow | c loss |

Go online to check your progress



G used to, be used to, get used to V sleep P /s/ and /z/

1 GRAMMAR *used to, be used to, get used to*

a Circle the correct word.

- Before my sister had children, she used to (sleep) / sleeping for eight hours every night.
- When we moved to Thailand from the US, we weren't used to *drive / driving* on the left.
- Chris got divorced last year, but he soon got used to *live / living* on his own.
- I *used to / use to* know her well, but we lost touch after college.
- Max *would / used to* have a beard when he was a student.
- My parents are slowly getting used to *be / being* retired.
- My new job is exhausting. I'm not used to *work / working* so hard.
- Did you use to *play / playing* a musical instrument in school?
- When Lily was a teenager, she *used to / was used to* eat pizza almost every day.
- When I was a child, my mom *would / was used to* read to me every night before I went to bed.

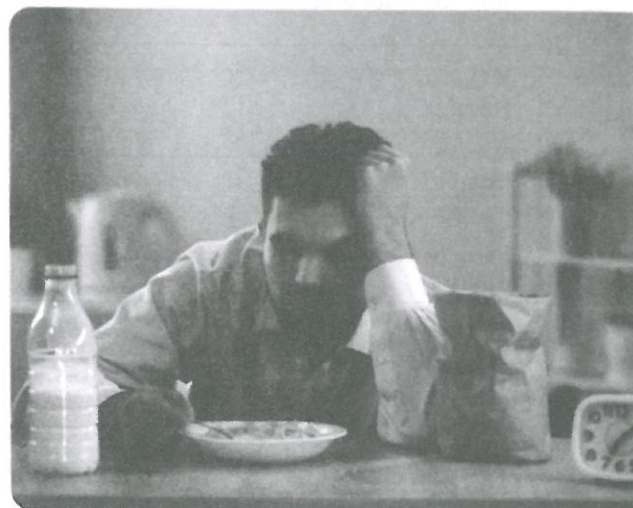
b Complete the sentences with the base form or gerund of a verb from the list.

be cook go have live
play study take care of talk use

- I used to play basketball well when I was a teenager.
- Neil is a chef, so he's used to _____ for a lot of people.
- My sister has gotten used to _____ in New York now, though she didn't like it at first.
- My grandparents didn't use to _____ a phone when they were first married.
- I don't think I could get used to _____ a total vegetarian.
- When I was a child, my whole family would _____ for a walk every Sunday afternoon.
- Emma has never lived on her own before, so she isn't used to _____ herself.
- Did you use to _____ with music on when you were in college?
- Ben will have to get used to _____ public transportation when he starts his new job.
- People used to _____ to friends in person, not online.

c Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use a form of *used to, be used to, or get used to* and a verb.

- Stephen wasn't so affectionate in the past.
Stephen didn't use to be _____ so affectionate.
- Has working at night become less of a problem now?
Have you _____ at night?
- Rob couldn't sleep because he doesn't usually sleep on a sofa.
Rob couldn't sleep because he _____ on a sofa.
- Chloe wore her sister's clothes when she was a child.
Chloe _____ her sister's clothes when she was a child.
- We have adapted to living in the country very quickly.
We have _____ in the country very quickly.
- In the past, Main Street was full of stores, but now many have closed down.
Main Street _____ full of stores, but now many have closed down.
- They still don't know how to use the new computer system – they keep making mistakes.
They haven't _____ the new computer system yet.
- I don't usually have breakfast so early.
I'm _____ breakfast so early.



d Write about things you *used to* / *didn't use to* do as a child and things you're *used to* / *you've gotten used to* doing these days.

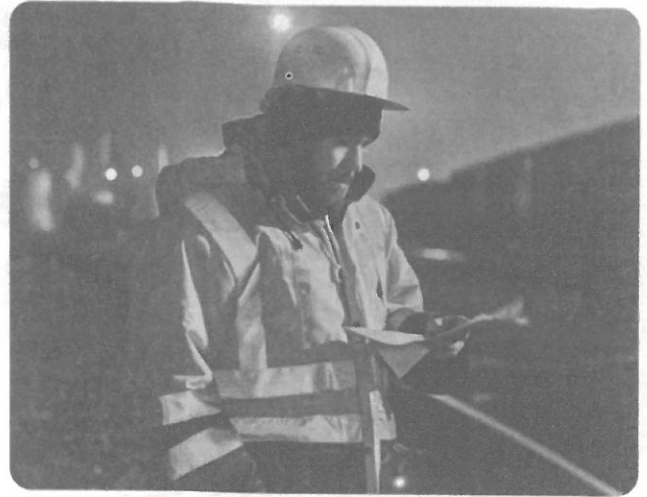


When I was a child...

These days...

2 PRONUNCIATION /s/ and /z/

a 6.1 Listen and complete the sentences.





- 1 Terry is used to working at night.
- 2 We've gotten _____ in a tiny apartment.
- 3 Antibiotics are drugs that are _____ infections.
- 4 I never _____ problems sleeping.
- 5 I _____ a room, but now I have my own.
- 6 A cart is a small vehicle that is _____ things.

b 6.1 Listen again. In which sentences is *used* pronounced /yuzd/ and in which is it pronounced /yust/?


c 6.1 Listen and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

d Write the words in the correct column.

~~bus~~ buzz cause course eyes ice loose lose
peace peas place plays price prize race raise

 1 snake	 2 zebra
bus	buzz

e 6.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

 Go online for more practice

3 VOCABULARY sleep

a Complete the sentences.



- 1 I tried not to yawn _____, but I was tired and I couldn't help it.
- 2 We were cold in bed, so we got a bl _____ from the closet.
- 3 She has to wear earplugs at night because her husband sn _____.
- 4 I was feeling sl _____, so I went to bed.
- 5 My grandmother takes sl _____ p _____ to help her to sleep.
- 6 If I get up early, I try to take a n _____ after lunch.
- 7 It was warm and wonderful in the bed because there was a nice thick c _____ on it.
- 8 I was so tired that I fell asleep as soon as I put my head on the p _____.
- 9 Eric has in _____ – he just can't sleep at night.
- 10 It's very hot in the summer where we live, so we only have a sh _____ on the bed.

b Match 1–9 to a–i.

- 1 Our neighbors often keep f _____
- 2 My husband is a light _____
- 3 I didn't hear last night's storm – I always sleep _____
- 4 Before I travel, I often have _____
- 5 On weekdays, I always set _____
- 6 Our children were _____
- 7 Apparently, I used to sleepwalk when I was a child; _____
- 8 I often fall _____
- 9 If you oversleep, _____

- a nightmares about missing my flight.
- b fast asleep by the time we got home.
- c you'll miss your bus.
- d the alarm for seven o'clock.
- e sleeper – the slightest noise wakes him up.
- ~~f us awake with their loud music.~~
- g asleep during long plane trips.
- h like a log.
- i one day my mother found me in the yard!

c Complete the questions with the correct form of a verb from the list.

be fall have keep oversleep
set ~~sleep~~ sleepwalk

- 1 Are _____ you a light sleeper, or do you sleep _____ like a log? Why?
- 2 Do you ever _____ nightmares? What about?
- 3 Do you wake up on your own, or do you need to _____ an alarm?
- 4 When was the last time you _____? What time did you wake up?
- 5 How long does it usually take you to _____ asleep?
- 6 Do you know anyone who _____? If so, where do they usually go?
- 7 What sometimes _____ you awake?
- 8 When was the last time you _____ fast asleep and something or someone woke you up?

d Answer the questions in c about you.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

1 GRAMMAR gerunds and infinitives

a Circle a, b, or c.



- 1 Mia learned ____ the guitar when she was a teenager.
a play **b to play** c playing
- 2 I don't mind ____ if you tell me which way to go.
a drive **b to drive** c driving
- 3 I should ____ to some of their songs before I go to the concert.
a listen **b to listen** c listening
- 4 Our teacher makes us ____ a lot of homework.
a do **b to do** c doing
- 5 Tom's doctor suggested ____ a specialist about his back.
a see **b to see** c seeing
- 6 We'd like ____ now because we're leaving early tomorrow.
a pay **b to pay** c paying
- 7 My father is very overprotective. He doesn't let me ____ with my friends on the weekends.
a go out **b to go out** c going out
- 8 The man denied ____ the laptop from my bag.
a steal **b to steal** c stealing
- 9 Kim expects ____ her test scores on Friday.
a get **b to get** c getting
- 10 I've given up ____ to the gym. It was too boring.
a go **b to go** c going
- 11 I can't imagine ____ at 5:30 every morning.
a get up **b to get up** c getting up
- 12 My son managed ____ his driver's test even though he was really nervous.
a pass **b to pass** c passing

b Complete the sentences with the infinitive or gerund of the verb in parentheses.

- 1 I remembered to buy _____ milk, but I forgot to buy some bread! (buy)
- 2 If you can't sleep at night, try _____ for a while. (read)
- 3 My sister is trying _____ a new job – she doesn't get along with her boss. (find)
- 4 We need _____ a plumber because the shower's broken. (call)
- 5 That shirt needs _____ if you want to wear it tonight. (iron)
- 6 Laura forgot _____ her mother a birthday card. (send)
- 7 I'll never forget _____ my best friend for the first time. (meet)
- 8 I remember _____ the apple tree when I was a child. (climb)



c Complete the questions with the infinitive or gerund of a verb from the list.

add ~~download~~ go learn
listen to see take want

- 1 What's the first song or album you remember downloading?
- 2 Which song always makes you _____ to dance?
- 3 Which artist or band would you most like _____ in concert?
- 4 Have you ever tried _____ an instrument? Which one?
- 5 Are there any songs you like right now that you want _____ to your playlist?
- 6 What kind of music do you avoid _____ if you can?
- 7 Have you ever forgotten _____ your tickets to a concert? If so, what happened?
- 8 Would you rather _____ to a small concert or a large music festival? Why?

d Answer the questions in c about you.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

2 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

music; words from other languages

a Complete the crossword.

ACROSS →



DOWN ↓



b Match the English words borrowed from other languages to the definitions.

ballet chorus concerto encore genre
mezzo-soprano rhythm symphony



- 1 a style of dancing that tells a story with music but without words ballet
- 2 a long piece of music for a large orchestra, usually in three or four parts _____
- 3 a short, extra performance at the end of a concert _____
- 4 a singing voice with a range between soprano and alto _____
- 5 part of a song that is sung after each verse _____
- 6 a strong, regular, repeated pattern of sounds _____
- 7 a piece of music for an orchestra and one instrument playing a solo _____
- 8 a particular type or style of, e.g., music _____





c Underline the stressed syllable in the words in the list.
Then put them in the correct column.

ballet | cello | chorus | concerto | conductor | encore
genre | guitar | keyboard | orchestra | rhythm
saxophone | soprano | symphony | violin

Stress on first syllable	Stress on second syllable	Stress on third syllable
	<i>ballet</i>	

d 6.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

e Circle the word with a different sound.

 1 keys	 2 chess	 3 shower	 4 keys
choir <u>chili</u> orchestra psychology	cappuccino cello concerto macchiato	chauffeur chef chic chorus	bouquet encore fiancé hypochondriac


f 6.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

g 6.5 Listen and complete the sentences.



- 1 The barista brought me my croissant.
- 2 The _____ is ruined by the _____.
- 3 A lot of _____ took _____ of the movie star.
- 4 The technician gave the _____ a _____.
- 5 The dancers in that _____ had a natural sense of _____.

h 6.5 Listen again and repeat the sentences.
Copy the rhythm.

 Go online for more practice

 Go online to check your progress

G past modals: *must have*, etc., *would rather*

V verbs often confused

P weak form of *have*1 GRAMMAR past modals: *must have*, etc.

a Match the sentences to the responses.

- 1 Ryan's phone was turned off. c
- 2 Stacey can't find her gloves. _____
- 3 Emma didn't make her bed this morning. _____
- 4 I was surprised that Tony didn't come to the party. _____
- 5 Leo just bought a brand new Porsche. _____
- 6 I'm pretty sure I saw Isabel at the gym today. _____
- 7 I'm not sure where Millie is. _____
- 8 My dad was downsized from his job when we were kids. _____

- a It can't have been her – she's on vacation in Hawaii.
- b She may have left them in her car.
- c ~~I think he might have been at the movies.~~
- d He must have paid a fortune for it.
- e She could have gone to a friend's house.
- f She might not have had time.
- g He couldn't have been very happy about that.
- h He must have had something else to do.

b Complete the sentences with *must have*, *might have*, *might not have*, or *can't have* and the verb in parentheses.

- 1 You must have been _____ so happy when you passed your driver's test – it was your first time, wasn't it? (be)
- 2 I'm not sure where Mark is, but he _____ home. He wasn't feeling well this morning. (go)
- 3 You _____ my parents at the supermarket. They're away on vacation. (see)
- 4 I don't know why my grandmother didn't open the door, but I guess she _____ the doorbell. (hear)
- 5 The "For Sale" sign is still up outside their house. They _____ yet. (move)
- 6 I don't understand how the accident happened, but the driver _____ asleep. (fall)
- 7 Those boys look really guilty. They _____ something wrong. (do)
- 8 Jin hasn't replied to my email. It's possible that she _____ it yet. (read)

c Write the next sentence using the words given.

- 1 My brother isn't talking to me.
I / should / shout at him
I shouldn't have shouted at him.
- 2 We're running out of gas.
we / ought / fill up at the last gas station.

- 3 Someone has taken Ben's smartphone.
he / should / leave it on his desk

- 4 You won't be able to walk in those shoes.
you / should / buy such high heels

- 5 I had a nightmare last night.
I / should / stay up to watch that horror movie

- 6 Your cousins look really scruffy.
they / ought / dress up for the wedding

- 7 My alarm clock isn't working.
it / should / go off at 7:30

- 8 Jessie missed her train.
she / should / take a taxi to the train station



- d Look at the photo. What do you think happened? What do you think the bike rider did wrong? Use *must*, *might* / *may* / *could*, or *can't* / *couldn't* to make deductions, and *should have* / *ought to have* to express criticism. Use the words in the list or your own ideas.

be / more careful break / bike fall off / bike
hit / head hurt / leg ride / so fast sprain / ankle
wear / protection



- 1 She must have fallen off her bike.
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

2 PRONUNCIATION weak form of have

- a 7.1 Listen and write the sentences with either *have* or *of*.

- 1 I cried at the end of the movie
- 2 _____
- 3 _____?
- 4 _____
- 5 _____?
- 6 _____

- b 7.1 Listen again and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm.

- c 7.2 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 They're taking Steve to the hospital. He might have broken a bone.
- 2 Diana isn't here yet. She can't have _____ my _____.
- 3 It was only a joke. She shouldn't have _____ so _____.
- 4 This restaurant's packed. We should have _____ a _____.
- 5 I didn't hear the phone. I must have _____.
- 6 Becky and Chen haven't come to the party. They may have _____ about it.

- d 7.2 Listen again and repeat the second sentences. Copy the rhythm.

3 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT *would rather*

Rewrite the sentences using *would rather*.

- 1 I'd prefer it if you didn't post photos of me on Facebook.
I'd rather you didn't post photos of me on Facebook
- 2 I don't really want to cook tonight, if you don't mind.
I _____.
- 3 What do you want to do: stay in or go out?
What _____?
- 4 I'd prefer it if we took a taxi home, if that's OK with you.
I _____.
- 5 I'd prefer to see that movie at the movie theater than on TV.
I _____.
- 6 I'd prefer to sit by the window than next to the aisle.
I _____.



4 VOCABULARY verbs often confused

a Complete the sentences with the correct **bold** verb.

1 **wish / hope**

I *wish* _____ we had enough money to buy a bigger house.

2 **mind / matter**

I don't _____ where we go. The important thing is to go on a vacation.

3 **avoid / prevent**

My daughter will do anything to _____ doing housework. She's really lazy.

4 **remember / remind**

_____ me to send my dad a card. It's his birthday next week.

5 **argue / discuss**

My boyfriend and I often _____ about his friends. I really don't like them.

6 **lend / borrow**

Could I _____ your phone charger? I left mine at home.

7 **notice / realize**

I didn't _____ what the thief was wearing. It was too dark.

8 **beat / win**

Our soccer team managed to _____ the game 1-0.

9 **expect / wait**

I'll _____ outside while you see the doctor.

10 **raise / rise**

Please _____ your hand if you have any questions.

11 **advise / warn**

My uncle asked me to _____ him which laptop he should get.

12 **deny / refuse**

I _____ to lend Austin anymore money. He never pays me back!

13 **lay / lie**

All I want to do when I'm on vacation is _____ on the beach and sunbathe.

14 **rob / steal**

Don't leave your phone on the table – somebody might _____ it.

b Complete the sentences with the simple past form of a verb from the pairs in the list.

advise / warn argue / discuss avoid / prevent
beat / win deny / refuse expect / wait lay / lie
lend / borrow mind / matter notice / realize
raise / rise ~~remember / remind~~ rob / steal wish / hope

- When I got to my car, I suddenly *remembered* that the keys were in my other bag.
- My parents _____ me the money to buy a new car, but I have to pay them back.
- Canada _____ the US 3-2.
- Two men _____ me while I was walking home. They got away with my bag and phone.
- My colleague _____ taking my scissors, but I saw them later on his desk.
- Last year we just _____ on the beach all day when we were on vacation.
- House prices _____ last month for the first time this year.
- At the meeting we _____ the possibility of working together.
- The police officer's action _____ anybody from getting hurt.
- I _____ our team to lose, but in the end they won.
- At first, she didn't think it _____ that her husband traveled a lot, but eventually she got fed up with it.
- The moment I heard her voice on the phone, I _____ something was wrong.
- The tour guide _____ us that the area was dangerous at night.
- We _____ the weather would be good for the picnic, but unfortunately it rained.



With any part you play, there is a certain amount of yourself in it. There has to be, otherwise it's just not acting. It's lying.
Johnny Depp, American actor

G verbs of the senses **V** the body **P** silent consonants

1 GRAMMAR verbs of the senses

a Circle the correct form.

- Your skin feels / feels like dry. You need to use some hand cream.
- Ken's sweating. He looks / looks as if he's been running.
- We need to take out the trash. The kitchen smells / smells like terrible.
- I'm not sure what's in this curry, but it tastes like / tastes as if chicken.
- It sounds / sounds as though Tina has finally gotten up. I can hear her moving around.
- Come in and sit by the fire. Your hands feel like / feel as if ice!
- This soup tastes / tastes as if you put a lot of garlic in it.
- You seem / seem like happy today. Did you get some good news?
- I don't feel like go / going out tonight. Let's stay in and watch a movie.
- You sound / sound like your mother when you talk like that.

b Complete the sentences with look / feel / smell / sound / taste / seem + adjective, like or as if where necessary.

- My skin feels _____ much softer since I've been using a new face cream.
- What's that noise? It _____ thunder.
- Ellen's boyfriend _____ a model – he's tall and incredibly good-looking.
- Have you turned off the stove? It _____ something's burning.
- This salad _____ horrible – it's really salty.
- This swimming pool _____ it's heated. The water is very warm!
- Your voice _____ strange. Do you have a sore throat?
- Is anything the matter? You _____ a little distant today.
- That aftershave _____ gas – I'm not sure if I like it.
- Martha's hair is really messy. She _____ she's just gotten out of bed.

c Complete the description of the thing in photo 1 with looks, smells, feels, or tastes. Then write descriptions of the things in photos 2–4 using verbs of the senses.

1 a cake



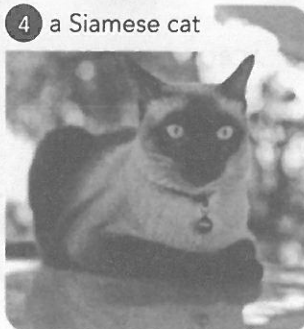
2 garlic



3 blue cheese



4 a Siamese cat



- It's a kind of food. It looks _____ a little like bread. It _____ hot and kind of soft at first, but it gets harder on the outside when it's cold. It _____ delicious when it comes out of the oven, and it _____ even better when you eat it.

2 _____

3 _____

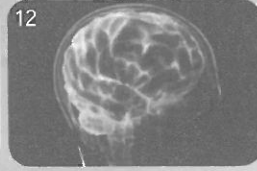
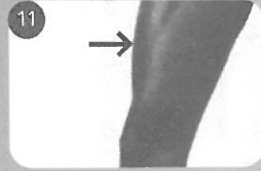
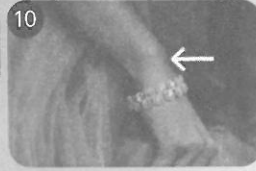
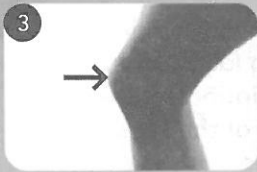
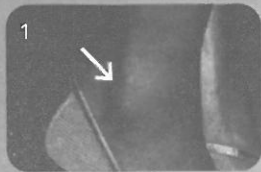
4 _____



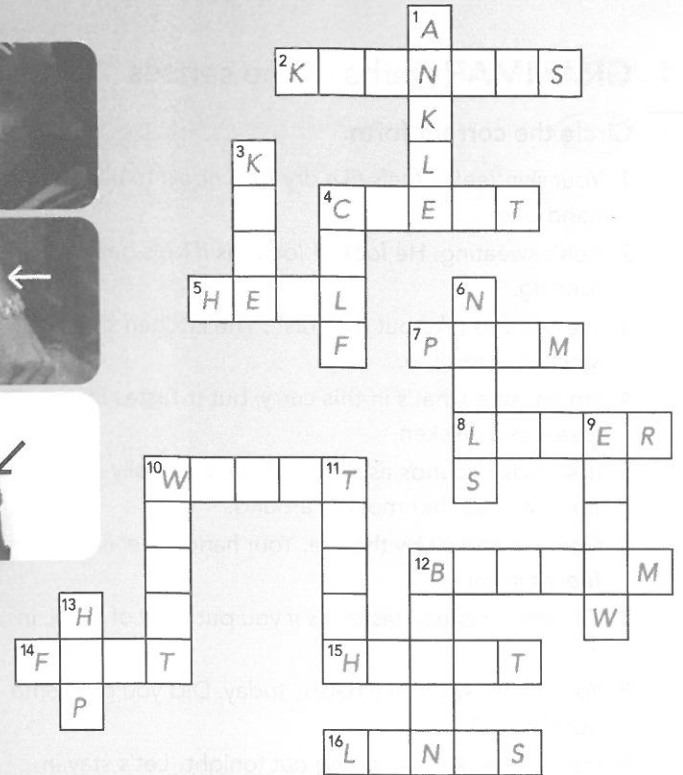
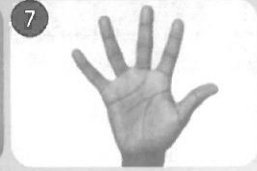
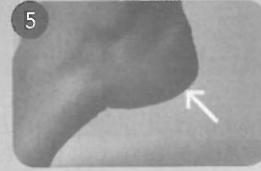
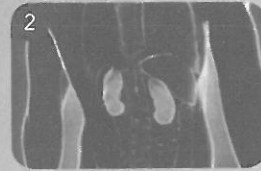
2 VOCABULARY the body

a Complete the crossword.

DOWN ↓



ACROSS →



b Match 1–13 to a–m.

- 1 Can you touch h
- 2 When I asked if she'd passed, she shook
- 3 I always brush
- 4 Adam shrugged
- 5 Here's a tissue so you can blow
- 6 I used to suck
- 7 Jessie combed
- 8 She went into the room and shook
- 9 Remember to brush
- 10 When I told my boss, she raised
- 11 My friend bites
- 12 He folded
- 13 My niece held

- a your nose.
- b my hand as we walked down the road.
- c her head sadly.
- d his arms and stood watching me.
- e my thumb when I was a baby.
- f his nails when he's nervous.
- g her hair and put on her jacket to go out.
- h your toes?
- i his shoulders and said he didn't know.
- j your hair once you've washed it.
- k hands with the interviewer.
- l her eyebrows in surprise.
- m my teeth after every meal.

- c Complete the sentences with the simple past form of a verb from the list.

chew frown hug kneel point scratch
stare stretch wave wink yawn



- The children stared at the ice cream in the store window.
- Anna _____ her children and gave them each a kiss before she left the house.
- He _____ as he read the letter – it can't have been good news.
- We _____ each mouthful to make it last because we didn't know when we'd be eating again.
- He got up and _____ to try and wake himself up.
- The police officer _____ on the ground to examine the footprints.
- I don't speak French, so I just _____ at the dessert I wanted.
- My friend _____ at me when he saw me getting off the train.
- My dad _____ at my daughter to show he wasn't being serious.
- The baby _____ twice and then fell asleep.
- Rami _____ the insect bites on his legs and made them bleed.

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the sentences.

- It's a contradiction to say that you're friends with somebody but you don't trust them.
- Don't l_____ to me – I need to know the truth.
- The best way to de_____ a lie is by watching a person's body language.
- I'm not a very good l_____, so I generally tell the truth.
- The present was supposed to be a secret, but his wife g_____ it a_____.
- People often use de_____ to make money or get something they want.

4 PRONUNCIATION

silent consonants

- a ~~Cross out~~ the silent consonants in the words. Use the phonetics to help you.

- wrist /rɪst/
- thumb /θʌm/
- kneel /ni:l/
- palm /pɑ:m/
- muscle /'mʌsl/
- whistle /'wɪsl/
- honest /'ɒnəst/
- fasten /'fæsn/
- aisle /aɪl/
- design /dɪ'zain/
- whole /həʊl/

- b 7.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- c Look at the phonetics. Write the word.

- 'kæsl/ castle
- 'huz/ _____
- 'daʊt/ _____
- 'fɔrən/ _____
- 'rɔɪ/ _____
- 'kʌm/ _____
- 'naɪf/ _____
- 'sɪzərz/ _____
- 'rɪŋkl/ _____
- 'aɪlənd/ _____
- 'waɪt/ _____
- 'plʌmə/ _____

- d 7.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

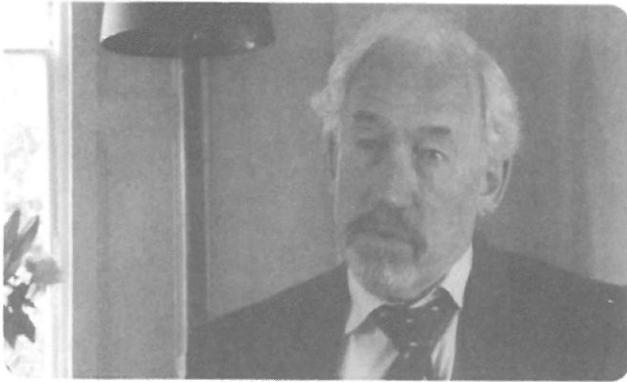
- e 7.5 Listen and complete the sentences.

- They spent the whole meeting discussing the new project.
- I wish I had been more _____ about how I felt.
- I don't know anyone who likes the _____ of the new shopping mall.
- I'm so busy that I _____ I'll have time to get to the grocery store today.
- I found a key, but I don't know _____ it is.
- She looked surprisingly _____ after the accident.

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE



Complete the modifiers in the sentences.

- 1 The actors were utterly exhausted when the play was over.
- 2 The plot left the audience feeling com_____ bewildered.
- 3 As far as I'm concerned, the movie was tre_____ overrated.
- 4 So far, reviews of the play have been over_____ positive.
- 5 Mozart was an extra_____ talented musician.
- 6 The director was ab_____ delighted to receive the award.
- 7 All of the characters were wearing fan_____ original costumes.

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

Match the words from the interview to the definitions.

- 1 box office c
- 2 rehearsal _____
- 3 character _____
- 4 auditorium _____
- 5 scene _____

- a the place where an incident in real life or fiction occurs or occurred
- b a practice or trial performance of a play or other work for later public performance
- ~~c a place at a theater, movie theater, etc., where tickets are bought or reserved~~
- d a person in a novel, play, or movie
- e the part of a theater, concert hall, or other public building in which the audience sits

3 THE CONVERSATION

Match the beginnings 1–6 to endings a–f.

- 1 That's a difficult question. d
 - 2 I think it's difficult to say _____
 - 3 But if you go to a live event, you participate, don't you, _____
 - 4 If you're sitting, let's say, _____
 - 5 I've been to plenty of live music events – concerts and festivals and things, you know, _____
 - 6 That's intriguing, isn't it, _____
- a high up or with a slightly obstructed view...
 - b because you're part of it.
 - c the difference between the two...
 - ~~d I love going to the cinema...~~
 - e if it's better or worse...
 - f around the country, and I love them.



4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

Complete the sentences and phrases with a word from the list.

bouncing certain factors flashy soft

- 1 watching a big flashy superhero movie
- 2 a big _____ spot for the theater
- 3 It has a _____ magic to it.
- 4 You're part of it because they're _____ off you.
- 5 It depends on other _____.

Can you remember...? 1-7

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

b Read the article. **Circle** a, b, or c.

a Complete the sentences with the correct form of the **bold** word.

- 1 My sister-in-law is rather _____; she has a very high opinion of herself. **HEAD**
- 2 The boys were wearing _____ tops, so you couldn't see their faces. **HOOD**
- 3 _____, there's nothing we can do about the current situation; it's up to the politicians. **BASIC**
- 4 The weather forecasters said the weather will be _____, so take an umbrella in case it rains later. **CHANGE**
- 5 Toby's moving to a new house this week, which is a little bit _____. **STRESS**
- 6 The town hall is an _____ building in the center of town. **IMPRESS**
- 7 I _____ this morning, so I was late for work. **SLEEP**
- 8 The sound of the rain on the roof kept me _____ last night. **WAKE**
- 9 I _____ in bed for hours last night trying to get to sleep. **LIE**
10. Mirga is a famous _____ who has worked with orchestras all over the world. **CONDUCT**

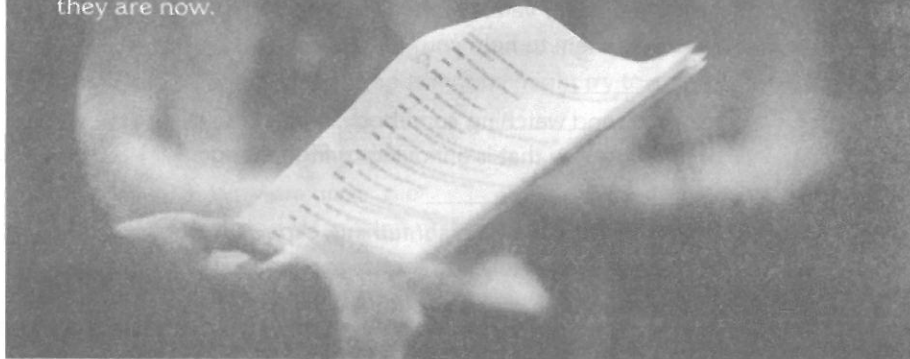
So you want to be an actor?

Many people think that acting ¹ easy. They believe it's just a question of memorizing lines and delivering them in front of the camera. "If I could remember words, I ² be an actor, too," they say. Yet none of them would expect to become a professional singer overnight. In general, most people think that becoming a ³ requires far more training than appearing on-screen.

In fact, it takes just as much training to be a good actor ⁴ it does to become an opera singer. The difference is that an actor has to learn ⁵ naturally so that the audience doesn't ⁶ that he or she is acting. According to the famous teacher Stanford Meisner, "Acting is doing things truthfully under imaginary circumstances."

If a person ⁷ to become a successful actor, he or she has to learn how to bring a script to life. From the moment he or she receives the pages, an actor will ⁸ for action in the lines in order to make choices about his or her performance. The words are the writer's, but it's the actor who creates a believable character to express them.

In conclusion, it is impossible to wake up one morning and spontaneously decide to go out and get an acting job. The naturalness of an actor's performance might make you ⁹ that anyone who can read or speak can be one. However, it's more than likely that it ¹⁰ them many years of training to get where they are now.



- | | | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 a looks | b looks like | c looks as if |
| 2 a can | b could | c will be able to |
| 3 a concerto | b soprano | c symphony |
| 4 a as | b like | c than |
| 5 a perform | b performing | c to perform |
| 6 a advise | b deny | c realize |
| 7 a had wanted | b wanted | c wants |
| 8 a be looking | b have looked | c to look |
| 9 a think | b thinking | c to think |
| 10 a had taken | b has been taking | c has taken |

Go online to check your progress



3 PRONUNCIATION the letter u

a Circle the word with a different sound.

1	 bird	burglar murderer verdict <u>very</u>
2	 up	surroundings drugs judge smuggle
3	 tourist	during future jury secure
4	/yu/	accuse community punish useful
5	 saw	caught guilty stalker fraud

b 8.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

4 GRAMMAR the passive (all forms); have something done; it is said that..., he is thought to..., etc.

a Complete the text with the correct active or passive form of the verbs in parentheses.

Last month my motorcycle ¹ was taken (take) from outside my house. When I called the police, I ² found out (find out) that over 20 motorcycles ³ _____ (steal) in my area in the previous six months. The officer I spoke to promised me that the thief would ⁴ _____ (catch) and punished as soon as possible.

First, the police ⁵ _____ (question) all the victims of the thefts and ⁶ _____ (visit) all the motorcycle dealers in the area. Their investigations came to an end late last night when they identified the criminal... as my next-door neighbor!

He ⁷ _____ (just arrest), and right now he ⁸ _____ (hold) at the local police station. His case ⁹ _____ (hear) in court next week and everyone ¹⁰ _____ (expect) him to be found guilty. He might ¹¹ _____ (give) a short prison sentence, but the best thing is that no more motorcycles ¹² _____ (steal) in my area in the future.

b Rewrite the sentences with *have something done*.

- Someone is going to change the lock on my front door.
I'm going to have the lock on my front door changed.
- Someone tests our burglar alarm twice a year.
We _____ twice a year.
- A mechanic has repaired my car.
I _____.
- Someone broke our windows when we were on vacation.
We _____ when we were on vacation.
- Someone will clean my carpets in the spring.
I _____ in the spring.
- Someone has hacked my boyfriend's computer.
My boyfriend _____.
- Someone cleans Ahmed's apartment once a week.
Ahmed _____ once a week.
- A company is redesigning our back yard.
We _____.

c Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence.

- It is known that the forger is a local man.
The forger is known to be a local man.
- The blackmailer is understood to be a colleague of the victim.
It is understood that the blackmailer is a colleague of the victim.
- It is expected that the man will be acquitted.
The man _____.
- It is reported that kidnappers have taken the president's wife.
Kidnappers _____.
- The terrorists are thought to be in hiding somewhere in France.
It is _____.
- The suspect is known to be dangerous.
It is _____.
- The police are said to have arrested three men.
It is _____.
- It is reported that vandals have damaged several buildings in the area.
Vandals _____.

d Write an anecdote about a crime that you or someone you know was affected by. Use the passive and causative *have*.

8B

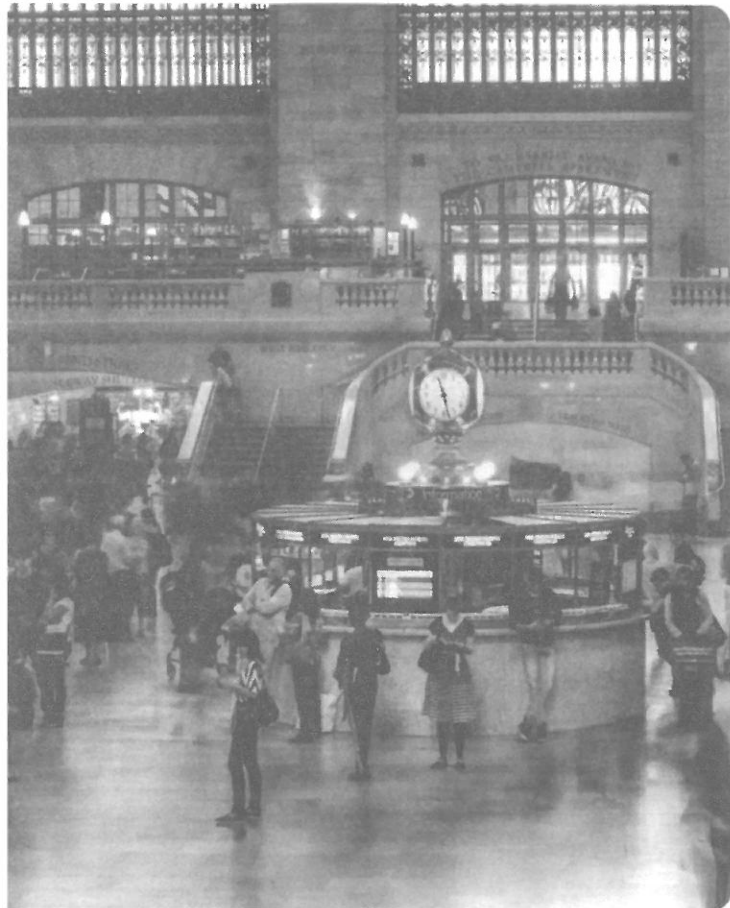
Fake news

A newspaper is a device unable to discriminate between a bicycle accident and the collapse of civilization.
George Bernard Shaw, Irish author and playwright

G reporting verbs **V** the media **P** word stress

1 GRAMMAR reporting verbs

a Circle the correct form.



- 1 I agreed to meet / meeting my friend next to the information kiosk at Grand Central Terminal.
- 2 My husband denied to eat / eating the last piece of cake.
- 3 Jane promised to return / returning my book the next day.
- 4 The tour guide recommended to visit / visiting the Picasso Museum.
- 5 The girl refused to dance / dancing with my friend.
- 6 The police accused him to commit / of committing fraud.
- 7 My boyfriend asked me to take / taking him to the airport.
- 8 The teacher threatened to give / giving them extra homework if they didn't stop talking.
- 9 Nina's parents told her not to be / not being late.
- 10 The woman admitted to steal / stealing the man's watch.

b Complete the sentences reporting the direct speech using a reporting verb from the list.

advise apologize insist invite offer remind
suggest warn

- 1 "I really don't think you should leave your job," Jack's friend told him.
Jack's friend advised him not to leave his job.
- 2 "I'm going with you to the doctor's, whether you like it or not," Alice said to me.
Alice _____ to the doctor's with me, whether I liked it or not.
- 3 "Why don't we go for a walk?" said Katie.
Katie _____ for a walk.
- 4 "I'll make lunch," her husband said.
Her husband _____ lunch.
- 5 "Don't park there," the man said to us. "You'll get a ticket."
The man _____ there or we'd get a ticket.
- 6 "I'm sorry I was so rude," I said.
I _____ so rude.
- 7 "Would you like to have dinner with me?" Andy asked Sarah.
Andy _____ with him.
- 8 "Don't forget to sign the documents," my boss told me.
My boss _____ the documents.



c Write about six things that people have said to you today. Use the reporting verbs from a and b.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____

2 PRONUNCIATION word stress

- a Underline the stressed syllable in the reporting verbs in the list. Then put them in the correct column.

accuse ad|mit ad|vise a|gree con|vince de|ny
in|sist in|vite o|ffer or|der per|suade pro|mise
re|fuse re|gret re|mind sug|gest threa|ten

Stress on first syllable	Stress on second syllable
	accuse
	

- b **8.2** Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the reporting verbs.
- c **8.3** Listen and complete the sentences.



- 1 She offered to _____ make lunch.
- 2 He _____ clean his room.
- 3 They _____ call the police.
- 4 She _____ come home early.
- 5 They _____ give me more time.
- 6 He _____ her for his behavior.

- d **8.3** Listen again and repeat the sentences. Try to link the verbs and to where appropriate.

3 VOCABULARY the media

- a Complete the headlines with a verb from the list that means the same as the verb in parentheses.

axed back bids clash hit quit
quiz spat split tabbed vows wed

- 1 TV series axed _____ after drop in audience figures (cut)
- 2 Singer to _____ Brazilian model (marry)
- 3 Senator to _____ after revelations about personal life (resign)
- 4 Police _____ wife after man disappears (question)
- 5 Hollywood stars _____ presidential candidate (support)
- 6 US stock market _____ by new company scandal (badly affected)
- 7 Ex-basketball player _____ to win reality show (predicted)
- 8 Government _____ to invest more money in rural areas (promises)
- 9 TV host fired by ABC in _____ over dress code (argument)
- 10 Celebrity couple _____ after five years (separate)
- 11 Former lawyer _____ to become country's new president (attempts)
- 12 Players _____ over referee's decision (disagree)

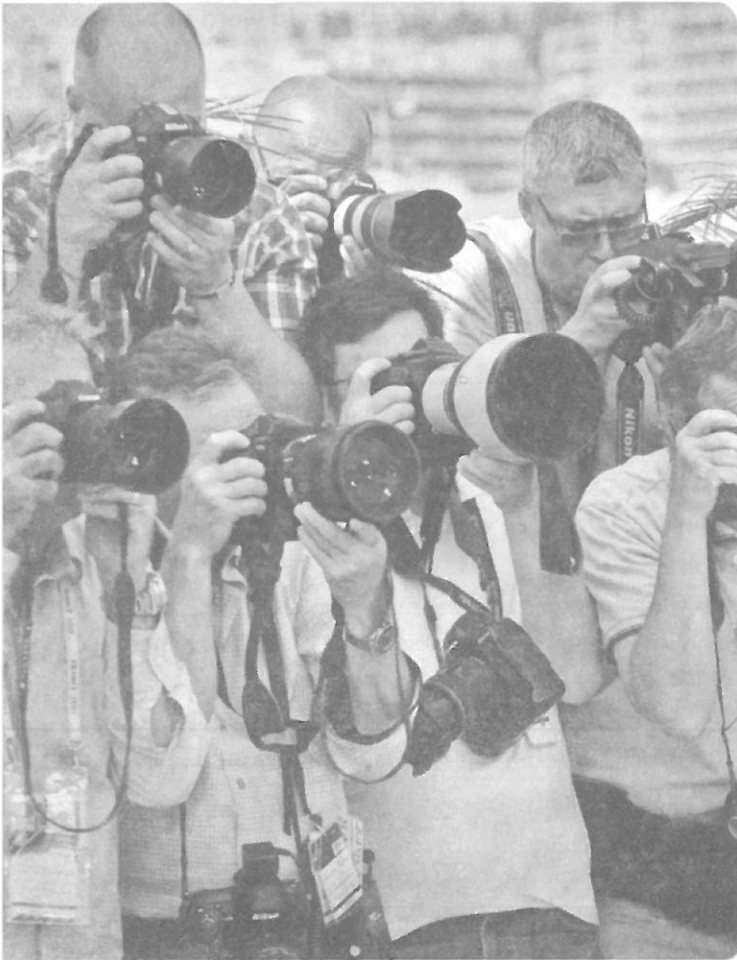


b Complete the sentences with a media job from the list.

advice columnist critics editor
 freelance journalist host newscaster
 paparazzi reporter sports commentator

c Complete the sentences.

- The newspaper my father reads is *biased* _____ towards the government.
- It's impossible for a journalist to be ob_____ about a subject on which he or she holds a strong opinion.
- The article was cen_____ so as not to give away any military secrets.
- Online papers use sen_____ headlines to make people click on an article and read it.
- The reporter gave an acc_____ description of events; that's exactly how I remember them.



- The *paparazzi* _____ were waiting outside the restaurant to photograph the movie star.
- Have you ever written an email to an _____, asking for advice?
- I'm surprised none of the _____ liked the movie; I thought it was great!
- The sports _____ got very excited when the first goal was scored.
- A _____ at the scene of the crime gave more details about the murder.
- The newspaper _____ decided not to print the reporter's story because it was too politically sensitive.
- I stopped watching that show because I can't stand the _____.
- Laura writes articles for different newspapers as a _____.
- The _____ was very embarrassed when he couldn't pronounce the politician's name.

4 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the chart with the words in the list according to their meaning.

doctored exaggerated fake false
 improbable legitimate misleading
 reliable reputable untrustworthy

can be trusted	can't be trusted

made more dramatic	not true
	<i>doctored</i>

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

There is only one boss. The customer. And he can fire everybody in the company from the chairman on down, simply by spending his money elsewhere.
Sam Walton, founder of Walmart

G clauses of contrast and purpose **V** advertising, business **P** changing stress on nouns and verbs

1 GRAMMAR clauses of contrast and purpose

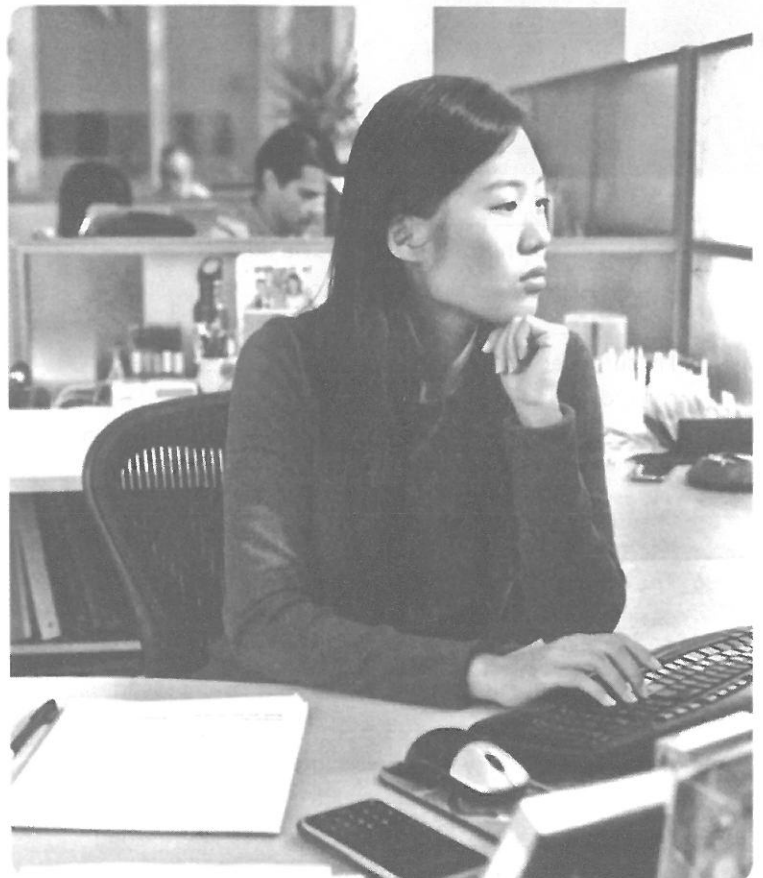
a Circle the correct word.



- The restaurant staff members seem happy despite / *although* the fact that they work long hours every day.
- The account manager called his client *for* / to arrange a meeting.
- The company is expanding *even though* / *in spite of* there is a recession.
- The firm closed several of its smaller office buildings *in order to* / *so that* cut costs.
- Although* / *Despite* she's the head of the department, she often goes out with her colleagues after work.
- I stayed at my desk to *not* / *so as not* to miss an important phone call.
- Everybody seemed to enjoy Mike's speech at the wedding, *in spite of* / *even though* his terrible jokes.
- She closed the door of her office *so as to* / *so that* nobody could hear her conversation.
- I still buy that chocolate bar, *in spite of* / *though* it's much smaller than it used to be.
- Yuri has to learn English to / *for* his job.

b Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use the **bold** word or phrase.

- Is that a machine to make juice?
for
Is that a machine *for making juice* _____?
- The store closed down even though it was in an ideal location.
in spite of
The store closed down _____.
- They reduced their prices so as to sell more products.
so that
They reduced their prices _____.
- I have to leave work by six o'clock so that I don't miss my train.
in order not to
I have to leave work by six o'clock _____.
- Despite the fact that I was very late, my boss wasn't angry.
although
My boss wasn't angry _____.
- Although she's the managing director, she doesn't have her own office
despite
She doesn't have her own office _____.



2 VOCABULARY advertising, business

a Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

advertisement advertising campaign
be sued brand claim consumer
misleading publicity slogan

- There are lots of websites where you can put an advertisement if you want to sell your car.
- As a _____, I want to have as much information about the food I buy as possible.
- I always buy the same _____ of toothpaste because it's the one I'm used to.
- They've used young adults in their new _____ because it's aimed specifically at people in their early 20s.
- It's _____ to suggest that this product is healthier than any others of its kind – it isn't.
- Their company _____ only has three words: *Just do it*.
- There has been a lot of _____ about the company owner's recent charity donation.
- A company can _____ if it doesn't fulfill the promises it makes about its products.
- A representative denied the _____ that the company was in financial difficulties.

b Read the definitions and complete the missing letters in the word.

- the main office of a company
h e a d o f f i c e
- a group of stores or hotels owned by the same company
ch _ _ n
- stop trading or doing business
cl _ _ _ d _ w _
- an office or a store belonging to a large company or organization
br _ n _ _
- a difficult time for the economy of a country
r _ c _ _ _ i _ _
- a period of sudden economic growth
b _ o _
- a product that is not successful
fl _ _
- fall; become lower or less
d _ o _
- make goods in large quantities, using machinery
m _ n _ _ _ _ t _ _ _
- combine to form a single thing
m _ _ g _

c Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs and verb phrases in the list.

become the market leader expand export grow
import launch a new product market produce
~~set up a new business~~ take over




A friend of mine, Anne, was lucky enough to inherit a farm when she graduated from college, so she decided to ¹ *set up a new business*: an organic food company. The company ² _____ its products under the name Bioplus, and among

other things, it ³ _____ granola. Anne ⁴ _____ nuts and dried fruit from South America and mixes these with cereal from crops on the farm to make the granola. Her granola sells well regionally, and recently she ⁵ _____ into new markets on the East Coast. Today, she also ⁶ _____ to neighboring countries, like Canada and Mexico.

The company is ⁷ _____ rapidly, and Anne is always looking for new employees. Right now, she's preparing to ⁸ _____: a cereal bar the company has been testing. Anne is very realistic because she knows she will never ⁹ _____ in the field. However, neither does she want one of the big cereal giants, like Kellogg's or Nestlé, to ¹⁰ _____ her small family company.

d Complete the sentences with the correct form of *make* or *do*.

- A company always does extensive market research before it launches a new product.
- If a company _____ a loss, the staff members often face job cuts.
- Many countries started _____ business with China when the trade sanctions were lifted.
- The managing director _____ the decision to close the factory yesterday.
- The factory owner may lose his business because he _____ several risky investments.
- My company _____ really badly last year; if the situation doesn't improve, it may close.
- Management and unions have _____ a deal that should prevent a strike.
- If we _____ a profit again next year, the manager may think of opening another office.
- There's no need to thank me. I'm only _____ my job.
- She doesn't _____ much money from acting, so she also has a part-time job as a server.

 Go online for more practice

e Match 1–8 to responses a–h.

- 1 Where have you been? c
- 2 Let's start the meeting. _____
- 3 I'm going out with my boss for dinner tonight. _____
- 4 Let's go to that trendy café on the corner. _____
- 5 Let's finish the meeting. _____
- 6 Who are you texting? _____
- 7 Your boss is heading in this direction. _____
- 8 Why do you need to talk to your ex? _____

- a Yes, let's get down to business.
- b I'm afraid it's gone out of business.
- c ~~Mind your own business!~~
- d Are you sure you want to mix business with pleasure?
- e OK, but first, is there any other business?
- f I'm sorry, but it's none of your business.
- g Because we have some unfinished business.
- h Yes, and it looks as if she means business.

f Answer the questions about yourself and your home.



- 1 How far from your home is the nearest branch of your bank?

- 2 Name a chain that you can find in your nearest shopping mall.

- 3 Which products are manufactured in your country?

- 4 Which companies from your country are market leaders?

- 5 Which products does your country export and where to?

- 6 Which industries are growing in your country?

- 7 Which products does your country import and where from?

- 8 Would you like to set up your own company? Why / Why not?

3 PRONUNCIATION changing stress on nouns and verbs

a Underline the stressed syllable in the highlighted words.

- 1 China exports more goods than any other country.
- 2 They transport most of their products by truck.
- 3 There's been a huge increase in gas prices recently.
- 4 The price of wheat has decreased by 5%.
- 5 Scientists are making progress in finding a cure for AIDS.
- 6 The visa permits you to stay for three months.
- 7 Brazil produces about a third of the world's coffee.
- 8 We do not give refunds without a valid receipt.
- 9 The government is hoping to reduce foreign imports.
- 10 Vinyl reords are becoming popular again.



b **9.1** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

A city is a large community where people are lonely together.
Herbert Prochnow, US banking executive

G uncountable and plural nouns **V** word building: prefixes and suffixes **P** word stress with prefixes and suffixes

1 GRAMMAR uncountable and plural nouns

a Circle the correct answers. Check (✓) if both answers are possible.

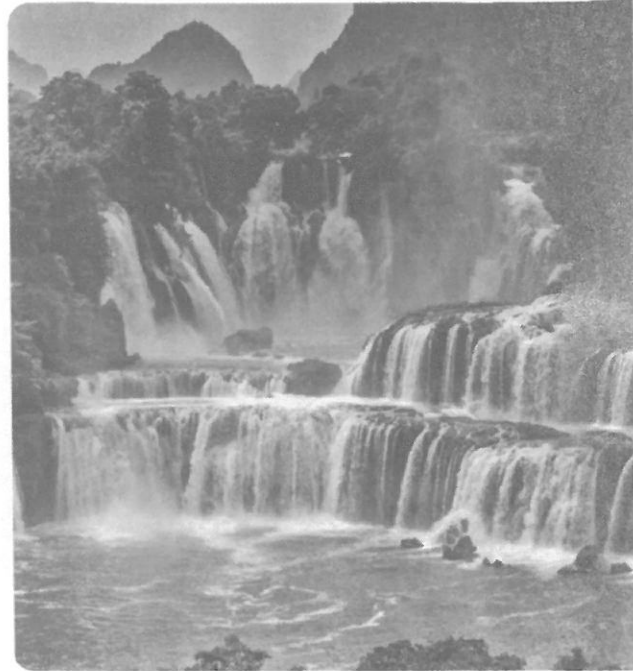
- 1 Can I have a *piece of bread* / *some bread*, please? ✓
- 2 My grandmother suffers from *bad health* / *a bad health*. ■
- 3 I bought a *new piece of furniture* / *some new furniture* for my living room. ■
- 4 Can you please give me a *piece of advice* / *some advice*? ■
- 5 We lost a *luggage* / *a piece of luggage* on the way back from Singapore. ■
- 6 Jackie's upset because she got a *bad news* / *some bad news*. ■
- 7 Be careful with that vase – it's made of *glass* / *a glass*. ■
- 8 My girlfriend gave me a *pair of pajamas* / *some pajamas* for my birthday. ■
- 9 The teacher gave the boy extra points for a *good behavior* / *good behavior*. ■
- 10 Can you lend me a *paper* / *some paper*? I left my notebook at home. ■

b Complete the sentences with *is* or *are*.

- 1 My clothes are really wet. I got caught in a thunderstorm.
- 2 Police _____ investigating the murder of an elderly woman in her home.
- 3 The hotel staff members _____ always really polite and helpful.
- 4 The new research into sleep patterns _____ fascinating.
- 5 The outskirts of the town _____ run-down and a little bit depressing.
- 6 The good news _____ that we're getting married in the spring!
- 7 The flight crew on this plane _____ very young.
- 8 Politics _____ really fascinating – particularly for politicians!
- 9 Do you think my belongings _____ safe in the hotel room?
- 10 The traffic _____ terrible in the rush hour in the city.



c Complete the sentences with information that is true for you.



- 1 The scenery in this area _____

- 2 The traffic in my area _____

- 3 My clothes _____

- 4 The furniture in my home _____

- 5 The news today _____

- 6 Politics in my country _____

- 7 The weather today _____

- 8 My family _____

2 VOCABULARY word building: prefixes and suffixes

a Complete the sentences with a prefix from the list.

anti auto bi mega mis mono
multi over post ~~sub~~ under



- Some of the residents of megacities live in sub standard housing of very poor quality.
- There was a food shortage in many countries during the _____-war period between 1946 and 1960.
- Hundreds of fans were waiting for the singer, hoping to get an _____ graph.
- My English teacher recommends us to use a _____lingual dictionary – one that is only in English.
- My colleagues are always complaining that they are _____worked and _____paid. They say they work long hours and are badly paid.
- The leader of the protest used a _____phone to make himself heard.
- You couldn't miss Sandra – she was the one in the _____colored coat. It was green, purple, yellow, and orange, I think.
- The town has just celebrated its _____centennial – it was founded 200 years ago.
- The doctor prescribed _____biotics for my brother's chest infection.
- It's a popular _____conception that cold weather can give you a cold. This is simply not true.

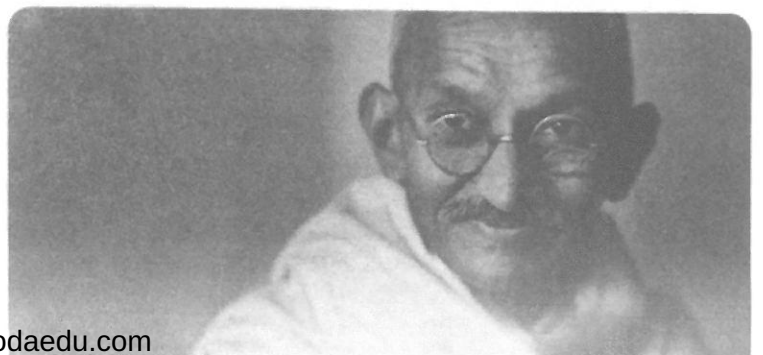
b Complete the sentences. Add *-able*, *-ful*, *-less*, or *-proof* to a word from the list.

break bullet care drink home hope use water

- Is there anything breakable in this box?
- Be _____ crossing that road – there's always a lot of traffic.
- Don't forget to take a _____ jacket with you when you go hiking in the mountains.
- This _____ gadget opens jars for people who have no strength in their hands.
- Alexi became _____ when he was downsized and could no longer pay his rent.
- The police officer wasn't injured because he was wearing a _____ vest.
- Is the tap water _____ in this area?
- It's _____ asking the boss for a pay raise – the company is losing money.

c Complete the sentences with the noun form of the word in parentheses.

- I borrowed the money with the intention of giving it back to you. (intend)
- His greatest _____ is his inability to express his feelings. (weak)
- I was away for six months, and there were many changes in my _____. (absent)
- If you witness an act of _____, you are advised to call the police. (vandal)
- _____ is one of the greatest problems the elderly have to face. (lonely)
- Teachers are trying to fight _____ in schools throughout the country. (race)
- Most of her problems are the result of a very unhappy _____. (child)
- The best thing about our hotel was that it provided _____ in the evenings. (entertain)
- There's been a great _____ in public transportation recently. (improve)
- The _____ of online shopping means that fewer people are shopping in the malls. (convenient)
- What's the _____ between Montreal and Toronto? (distant)
- Gandhi was a humanist who believed in the _____ of man. (brother)



d Complete the second sentence with the noun form of the **bold** word in the first sentence.

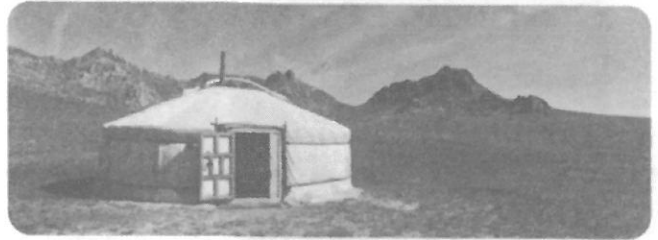
- 1 I **believe** that house prices are going to rise.
It's my belief that house prices are going to rise.
- 2 The staff members were shocked when their boss **died**.
The staff members were shocked at the _____ of their boss.
- 3 You shouldn't go out when it's **hot** during the day.
You shouldn't go out during the _____ of the day.
- 4 You need to measure how **wide** the windows are.
You need to measure the _____ of your windows.
- 5 I can't believe you're still **hungry** after that huge meal.
I can't believe that huge meal didn't satisfy your _____.
- 6 The company may **lose** financially on this deal.
The company might take a financial _____ on this deal.
- 7 Do you know how **high** Mount Everest is?
Do you know the _____ of Mount Everest?
- 8 I don't like to **think** of you walking home alone.
I don't like the _____ of you walking home alone.
- 9 After his illness, they gave him soup to make him **strong** again.
After his illness, they gave him soup to build up his _____ again.
- 10 The dinner party was very **successful**.
The dinner party was a great _____.



3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the sentences with a word or phrase from the list.

a lack of delivers echoes head home perks
~~sparsely populated~~ sprawling state-of-the-art



- 1 Mongolia is one of the most sparsely populated countries in the world – there are only five people per square mile.
- 2 I have a long commute, so I always _____ right after work.
- 3 One of the _____ of city life is the numerous entertainment options.
- 4 In many big cities there's _____ green spaces to walk or just sit and relax.
- 5 The design of the museum _____ that of a palace.
- 6 Our new home _____ on comfort but looks out on an industrial estate.
- 7 Los Angeles is recognized as the most _____ city in the US because it covers such a large area of land.
- 8 The company has just launched a new line of _____ computers.

4 PRONUNCIATION word stress with prefixes and suffixes

a Underline the main stressed syllable in the words in the list. Then put them in the correct column.

anti|so|cial bi|ling|ual con|ven|ience en|ter|tain|ment
ex|cite|ment friend|li|ness go|vern|ment ig|no|rance
o|ver|crow|ded po|ver|ty re|duc|tion un|em|ploy|ment

Stress on first syllable	Stress on second syllable	Stress on third syllable
		antisocial

b 9.2 Listen and check. Then listen and repeat the words.

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE



Complete the sentences with a phrase from the list.

~~an ear worm~~ a captive audience get into your head
had their day hit a false note their ears perk up
word for word

- The best way to get rid of an ear worm is to replace it with another tune.
- Some people say that libraries have _____ and they will soon disappear.
- The song has a catchy chorus that can easily _____ and you find yourself singing it all day.
- I repeated her instructions _____ to avoid any confusion.
- My dogs love dog biscuits – _____ as soon as they hear me open the package.
- Musicians often play in train stations and ask for money because they know they have _____.
- The politician _____ with her speech and caused a lot of controversy.

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

Complete the sentences from the interview with a word from the list.

~~baton~~ bet fan gold short tapped

- I took the baton from him.
- I _____ you most people would remember these commercials.
- Using a celebrity is a _____ cut.
- I'm not a big _____ of it.
- They _____ into a mindset.
- They became the _____ standard.

3 THE CONVERSATION

Match beginnings 1–6 to endings a–f.

- Just by going outside you're seeing these advertisements and you're being influenced, so, for example we, d
 - You know, we barely, _____
 - So, there's definitely, _____
 - They see pictures in magazines and they're starting to be, _____
 - Yeah, especially for children, I mean I, I have, _____
 - So, I think, um, I think, _____
- we don't really watch TV and we have a TV; we just don't watch very much.
 - definitely I think that the answer to the question is yes, we are all influenced in different ways by advertising, I suppose.
 - I have younger siblings and it's kind of like "Oh, all of my friends have this toy; I must have it as well"...
 - ~~we all know certain brands just because they're everywhere around us.~~
 - you're definitely being influenced.
 - my 11-year-old is starting to be a little bit more cynical about what he sees.



4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

~~blatant~~ point subtle rush subliminally

- So that sort of advertising is blatant.
- And that's super-_____ advertising.
- You might buy this if you're in a _____.
- _____, I think, if we recognize something...
- The _____ of advertisements is that you recognize the products.

Can you remember...? 1-9

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

a Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Write 2-5 words. Use the word in parentheses.

- Owen started studying at 9:00 a.m. and he's still studying now, at 6:00 p.m. (has)
Owen _____ all day.
- We aren't very excited about climbing, so we didn't go to the mountains. (much)
We didn't go to the mountains because we don't like _____.
- I don't have Shen's number, so I can't call him. (his)
I'd call Shen if I _____.
- Inez still finds it strange to live on her own. She really doesn't like it. (get)
Inez can't _____ on her own. She really doesn't like it.
- I can't wait to see you next week. (looking)
I'm _____ next week.
- I'll always remember the first time I visited Florence. I fell in love with the city. (forget)
I'll _____ for the first time. I fell in love with the city.
- I'm sure you left your jacket in the car. You weren't wearing it when you came in. (have)
You _____ in the car. You weren't wearing it when you came in.
- I get the impression that Emily has been crying. (as)
It _____ has been crying.
- We asked a plumber to fix our shower. (had)
We _____ by a plumber.
- His teacher said he should enter the writing competition. (encouraged)
His teacher _____ the writing competition.
- I arrived on time, although I had left home late. (despite)
_____ I arrived on time
- Laura bought some new shorts that were on sale. (a)
Laura bought _____ that were on sale.

b Complete the text. Write one word in each blank.

WORLD NEWS

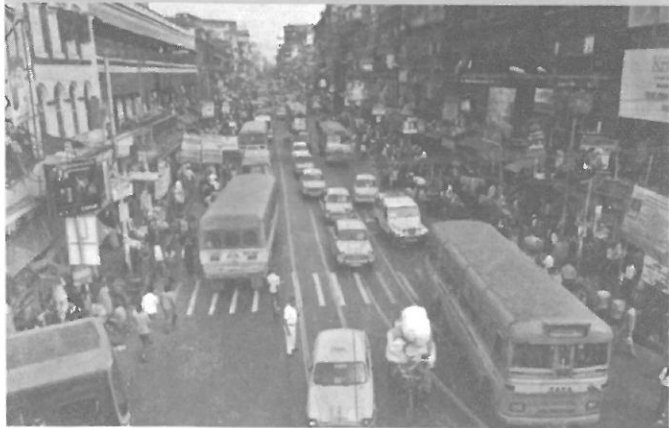
Home | News | Sports | Weather

India set to break world records

It would seem that Tokyo is about to lose its position ¹ _____ the largest city in the world. According to the UN, Delhi, the capital of India, is set to take the top spot in 2028. The organization predicts that Delhi's population will ² _____ grown from 29 million to 39 million ³ _____ 2030. Meanwhile, it ⁴ _____ thought that Tokyo's population will remain at its current level of 37 million.

In ⁵ _____, it is not only India's capital city that is likely to break records soon, but the country itself. The population of India is expected ⁶ _____ reach 1.438 billion in 2024, exceeding China's 1.436 billion. This increase would make India the most populous country in the world.

Delhi is not the only city in India where significant population growth is predicted to ⁷ _____ place. The population of Mumbai is set to rise from 19 million to 25 million. In ⁸ _____ of this growth, the city will maintain its position as the world's sixth-largest city. ⁹ _____ though the population of Kolkata will increase from 14 million to 18 million, the city will move down the list, from 13th to 16th position. Bengaluru, which is ranked 29th ¹⁰ _____ this time, will move up to the 21st spot as its population grows from 10 million to 16 million.



1 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

science; stress in word families

a Circle a, b, or c.

- He's working as a biology teacher although he's a qualified ____.
a zoology **b** zoologist **c** zoological
- There are thousands of human ____ diseases.
a genetics **b** geneticist **c** genetic
- My partner has a degree in ____.
a physics **b** physicist **c** physical
- The results of ____ research have increased the range of medicines available to treat many illnesses.
a botany **b** botanist **c** botanical
- I'm the only ____ in my family.
a science **b** scientist **c** scientific
- I wasn't very good at ____ when I was in school.
a chemistry **b** chemist **c** chemical
- It is thought that there is a ____ reason for his aggressive behavior.
a biology **b** biologist **c** biological
- My sister is fascinated by space; she's hoping to become an ____.
a astronomy **b** astronomer **c** astronomical

b Underline the stressed syllable in the words. Is the stress on the same syllable? Check (✓) the correct column.

	same syllable	different syllable
1 a stro no my / a stro no mer	✓	
2 bi o lo gy / bi o lo gi cal		
3 bo ta ny / bo ta ni cal		
4 che m ist / che m is try		
5 ge ne tic / ge ne ti cist		
6 phy s ics / phy s i cist		
7 sci en tist / sci en ti fic		
8 zo o lo gist / zo o lo gi cal		

c **10.1** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

d Complete the text with the nouns and verbs in the lists.

Verbs

carry out clone ~~de~~ prove volunteer

Nouns

clinical trials discovery drugs guinea pigs
 pharmaceutical companies

Thousands of scientists are employed in ¹ pharmaceutical companies to ² do research into new ³ _____. These people hope to make an important ⁴ _____ that will help treat or cure an illness or disease. When a team believes they have developed a new drug, they have to ⁵ _____ experiments to ⁶ _____ their theory and make sure the drug is effective. The final stage of this process is to organize ⁷ _____ so that the drug can be tested on humans. People who ⁸ _____ to take part in these tests are known as ⁹ _____, after the animals that were used in 19th-century medical research. If the tests are successful, the drug is launched onto the market.

One branch of science that is becoming increasingly important in these companies is genetics. Genetic engineers have already managed to ¹⁰ _____ a number of different animals, including sheep, rabbits, and monkeys.



2 VOCABULARY FROM LISTENING

Match the words in the list to the definitions.

dissolve gas gravity moist particle
reflect rotate scatter water vapor

- 1 any substance like air that is neither a solid nor a liquid
gas
- 2 mix with a liquid and become part of it _____
- 3 a very small piece of something _____
- 4 make things move very quickly in different directions

- 5 water in the form of a gas resulting from heating water
or ice _____
- 6 show the image of somebody / something on the
surface of, e.g., a mirror _____
- 7 slightly wet _____
- 8 move or turn around a central fixed point _____
- 9 the force that causes objects to fall to the ground when
they are dropped _____

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Complete the **highlighted** words and phrases that express degrees of likelihood.



- 1 The new measures **could**, in th e o r y, reduce pollution in the city dramatically.
- 2 It seems **pl ___ s ___ b ___** that sea levels may rise dramatically in the near future.
- 3 The idea that we'll ever colonize space seems rather **f ___ -f ___ tch ___** to me.
- 4 We're still a **l ___ g way from** finding a source of energy to replace fossil fuels completely.
- 5 Slowing global warming might be **ach ___ v ___ b ___** if every country cooperates.
- 6 The time when I will be able to afford to stop working is quite a **w ___ off**.

- 7 The poorest countries still **face extreme** **obst ___ c ___ s** to development; for example, corruption.
- 8 The idea that one day cars will fly is **not totally impl ___ s ___ b ___**.
- 9 It **might be p ___ ss ___ b ___** to see Mars in the sky tonight, if conditions are right.
- 10 There is **a r ___ l possibility** that it might snow tomorrow.
- 11 The theory is **only sp ___ c ___ l ___ t ___ v ___** right now. Much more evidence is needed before it can be proved for certain.

4 GRAMMAR quantifiers: all, every, both, etc.

a Right (✓) or wrong (X)? Correct the mistakes in the **highlighted** phrases.

- 1 I've taken **all luggage** up to our room, OK?
X all the luggage
- 2 **Everybody were** bad-tempered because it was getting late and they were hungry.

- 3 **All went wrong** at my last job interview.

- 4 I have a lot of cousins, but **most of them** live abroad. _____
- 5 **Every classroom** in that school has an interactive whiteboard. _____
- 6 My mom works as a volunteer at the hospital **every morning**. _____
- 7 **The most people** are against eating genetically modified food. _____
- 8 **All the men** seem to love buying new electronic gadgets. _____



b Complete the conversations with *no*, *any*, or *none*.

- 1 A Can I have a cookie?
B Sorry, we don't have any.
- 2 A How much homework have you done?
B _____. I don't feel like doing it right now.
- 3 A How are we going to get home?
B By taxi. There aren't _____ buses at this time of night.
- 4 A Did any of your friends pass the exam?
B No, _____ of them. It was too difficult.
- 5 A Let's have dinner in our hotel room.
B We can't. There's _____ room service after 9 p.m.
- 6 A When can you come?
B _____ day you like. I'm free all week.

c Complete the sentences with a word from the list. Use each word twice.

both either neither nor

- 1 Both _____ my brother and my sister have children.
- 2 Dave has two sons, but _____ of them looks like him.
- 3 We'd like to go to _____ Sayulita or Cabo San Lucas for our vacation this year.
- 4 Neither my friend _____ I eat meat.
- 5 I can't decide between these two shirts. I like _____ of them.
- 6 _____ of my parents have ever been to South America.
- 7 My niece is studying _____ chemistry or biology in college – I can't remember which.
- 8 Her son neither calls _____ messages her when he's away.

d Complete the text. Write one word in each blank.

Irène and Ève Curie: the scientist and the journalist



Nearly ¹ everyone knows the names of scientists Marie and Pierre Curie because of the Nobel Prizes they won. However, ² _____ people are unaware that the couple also had two talented daughters, Irène and Ève. ³ _____ sisters received the same education, but they each pursued a completely different career.

Irène followed in the footsteps of her parents. She began assisting her mother during World War I, when she was only 18. The two women used some of the first X-ray machines to help doctors locate the exact position of soldiers' injuries. At the time, people had ⁴ _____ idea of the dangers posed by the machines, and nurses who used them didn't wear ⁵ _____ protection. As a result, Irène and her mother were exposed to large doses of radiation and ⁶ _____ of them lived to a very old age.

In 1924, Irène was asked to share her research techniques with a chemical engineer named Frédéric Joliot. They started going out together, but Marie was afraid that Joliot was only interested in becoming associated with the Curie name. She used ⁷ _____ her influence to try to end the relationship, but Irène took ⁸ _____ of her advice, and the couple later married. Irène and her husband continued working together, and in 1935 they too were awarded a Nobel Prize.

Ève Curie, on the other hand, preferred the arts and spent most of her time ⁹ _____ writing or playing the piano. She worked as a journalist and wrote her mother's biography *Madame Curie*, which was published in 1937. Her husband, Henry Richardson Labouisse, was Executive Director of UNICEF, and when the organization was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1965, he collected the award. Ève used to joke that ¹⁰ _____ member of her family had received a Nobel Prize except for her.

Irène Joliot-Curie died in Paris in 1956 at the age of 58. Ève Curie was 102 when she passed away in New York in 2007.

There are always three speeches for every one you actually gave: the one you practiced, the one you gave, and the one you wish you had given.
Dale Carnegie, American lecturer

G articles **V** collocation: word pairs **P** pausing and sentence stress

1 GRAMMAR articles

a Complete the sayings with *a*, *an*, *the*, or no article (–).



- 1 All you need is ____ love.
- 2 He's ____ man of his word.
- 3 ____ women are from Venus; ____ men are from Mars.
- 4 ____ time waits for no man.
- 5 Don't worry! It isn't ____ end of ____ world!
- 6 That's ____ life!
- 7 It's ____ small world!
- 8 ____ actions speak louder than ____ words.

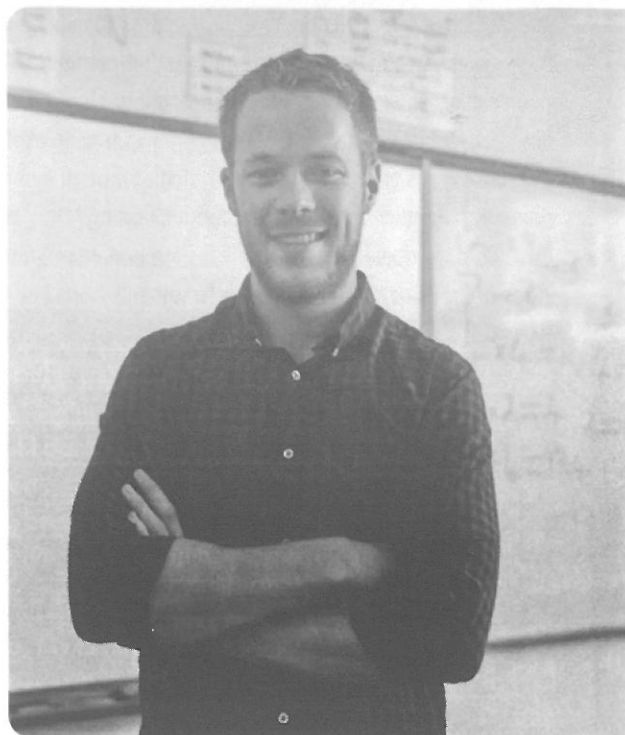
b Complete the sentences with *the* where necessary.



- 1 ____ Mount Aconcagua is in *the* Andes in Argentina.
- 2 There are 50 states in ____ US.
- 3 ____ 5 Freeway was closed yesterday because of floods.
- 4 ____ Central Park is one of ____ largest green spaces in New York City.
- 5 ____ US Virgin Islands are a group of islands situated in ____ Caribbean Sea.
- 6 ____ Lake Victoria is the largest lake in ____ Africa.
- 7 ____ Panama Canal connects the Atlantic Ocean to ____ Pacific Ocean.
- 8 The toy industry in ____ China is the biggest in the world.

c Right (✓) or wrong (✗)? Correct the mistakes in the highlighted phrases.

- 1 *The church* in my village dates back to the 15th century. ✓ _____
- 2 Mae-Ting can't still be *at the work*. It's really late. ✗ *at work* _____
- 3 *The college* in my town has a very good reputation. _____
- 4 Daisy is taking advantage of the time her children are *at the school* to take an online course. _____
- 5 *The prison* is on the outskirts of the city. _____
- 6 Somebody broke into my parents' house while they were *at the church*. _____
- 7 Did you have time to finish *the work* I left for you? _____
- 8 My friend is *in the college*. He's studying architecture. _____
- 9 The man has *gone to the prison* for the crimes he committed when he was younger. _____
- 10 My brother teaches *at the elementary school* he went to when he was a child. _____



d Read the text. Circle a, b, or c.



Five words that made history

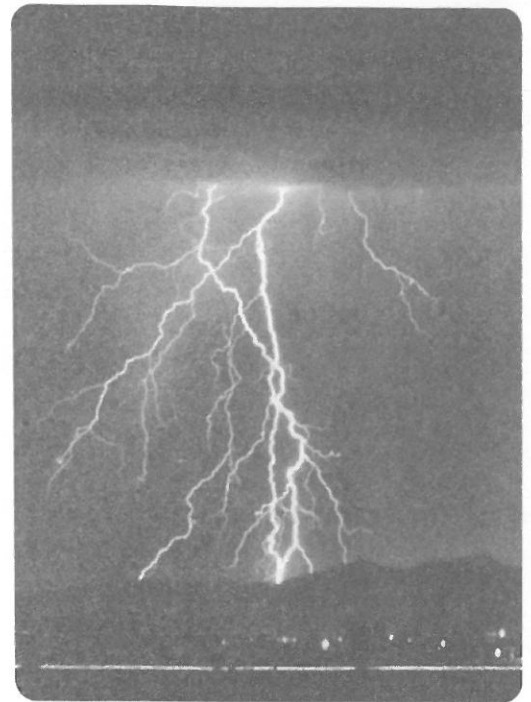
At the 2018 Golden Globe Awards, actress and TV host Oprah Winfrey was awarded the Cecil B. DeMille Award for lifetime achievement. Here is an extract from the memorable speech she made during the award ceremony.

In 1964, I was ¹ ___ little girl sitting on the linoleum floor of my mother's house in ² ___ Milwaukee, watching Anne Bancroft present the Oscar for Best Actor at ³ ___ 36th Academy Awards. She opened the envelope and said five words that literally made ⁴ ___ history. "⁵ ___ winner is Sidney Poitier." Up to the stage came ⁶ ___ most elegant man I had ever seen. I remember his tie was white and, of course, his skin was black. And I'd never seen ⁷ ___ black man being celebrated like that. And I have tried many, many, many times to explain what ⁸ ___ moment like that means to a little girl, a kid watching from the cheap seats as my mom came through the door, bone tired from cleaning ⁹ ___ other people's houses. But all I can do is quote and say that ¹⁰ ___ explanation's in Sidney's performance in *Lilies of the Field*, "Amen, amen. Amen, amen."

- | | | | |
|----|------------|-------|-----|
| 1 | <u>a</u> a | b the | c - |
| 2 | a a | b the | c - |
| 3 | a a | b the | c - |
| 4 | a a | b the | c - |
| 5 | a A | b The | c - |
| 6 | a a | b the | c - |
| 7 | a a | b the | c - |
| 8 | a a | b the | c - |
| 9 | a a | b the | c - |
| 10 | a a | b the | c - |

2 VOCABULARY collocation: word pairs

a Match questions 1–10 to responses a–j.



- 1 Did you hear the storm last night? h
 - 2 Do you think I should accept the job? ___
 - 3 Why are you moving to the country? ___
 - 4 Why has the store sold out of bread? ___
 - 5 How was your meeting? ___
 - 6 What did you do while you were waiting at the hospital? ___
 - 7 Why does water boil when you heat it? ___
 - 8 What should I do about the argument I had with my sister? ___
 - 9 Why is the playground closed? ___
 - 10 My bike was stolen because I forgot to lock it up. ___
- a I'd forgive and forget if I were you.
 b Oh well, you live and learn, I guess.
 c I paced backwards and forwards in the corridor.
 d You need to weigh the pros and cons to help you make a decision.
 e It's the law of cause and effect.
 f I guess it's a question of supply and demand.
 g Short and sweet – it only lasted ten minutes.
 h Yes, the thunder and lightning woke me up.
 i We're looking for some peace and quiet.
 j For health and safety reasons.



- b Find the word pairs in the list and link them with *or*. Then complete the sentences.

alive all ~~dead~~ later less more never
nothing now once rain right shine
sooner twice wrong

- 1 The criminal was wanted dead or alive and there was a \$500 reward for his capture.
- 2 She goes jogging every morning, _____.
- 3 I'm not sure if this answer in my math homework is _____.
- 4 Patricia is about to leave, so it's _____ – I may not get another chance to ask her out.
- 5 It's _____ with Kim; either she calls every day or you don't hear from her for weeks.
- 6 I've been skiing _____, but I'm not very good at it.
- 7 Yiming has _____ finished his homework – all he has to do now is to print it out.
- 8 There's no point waiting – I'll have to tell John the truth _____.

c Complete the word-pair idioms.

- 1 We only take a few odds _____ and ends _____ with us when we go on vacation.
- 2 I'm s_____ and t_____ of having to clean up after my children.
- 3 B_____ and l_____, I'd say I had a happy childhood.
- 4 She's fine now, but it was t_____ and g_____ as to whether she would survive the operation.
- 5 The streets were very dangerous because of the lack of l_____ and o_____ in the city.
- 6 We arrived s_____ and s_____ after a difficult three-day journey through the mountains.
- 7 I have no idea what we're having for my birthday lunch because my wife told me to w_____ and s_____.
- 8 We go to the movies n_____ and a_____, but more often than not, we just watch a movie on TV.

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

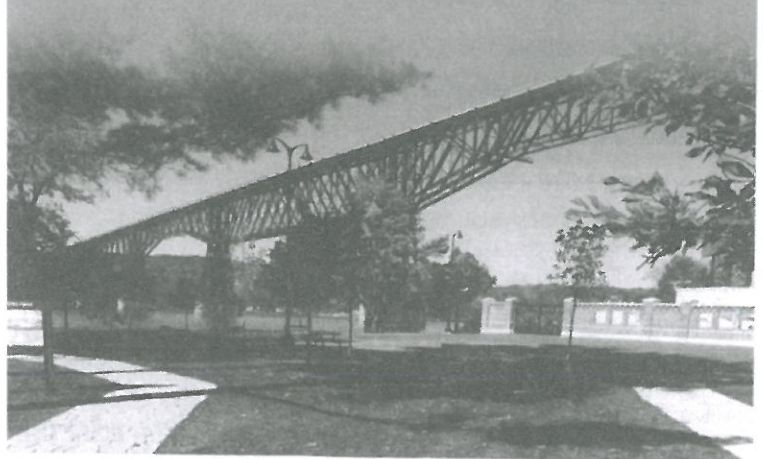
Complete the missing vowels in the words and phrases.

- 1 A speaker doesn't have to be a comedian to include a little wit in his or her speech.
- 2 Salespeople need to have the g__ ft of g__ b to sell as many products as possible.
- 3 That politician is very good at making memorable s__ nd b__ t__ s when he talks to journalists.
- 4 Barack Obama is famous for being a great __ r__ t__ r who made powerful speeches.

4 PRONUNCIATION pausing and sentence stress

- a 10.2 Listen to a talk about an interesting place to visit. Mark the pauses.

Good morning, and thank you for coming. I'm here to talk about an interesting place to visit in my country. I'm going to tell you about the city of Poughkeepsie in upstate New York. Poughkeepsie is on the Hudson River, and it has one of the world's longest elevated pedestrian walking bridges, measuring 1.28 miles. The city is famous for Locust Grove, the home of Samuel F.B. Morse, the inventor of Morse Code. It has several beautiful colleges, such as Vassar College and Marist College. Poughkeepsie is full of museums, independent stores, and wonderful places to eat and drink. The city is easily accessible from New York City by train, and it is perfect for a day trip or a weekend break.



- Practice giving the talk, pausing and trying to get the right rhythm.
- Now write your own talk about an interesting place to visit in your country. Mark the pauses.
- Read your speech. If you can, record it on your phone and send it to your teacher.

Go online for more practice

Go online to check your progress

Workbook Answer Key

1A

1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 X Where do you usually go
4 ✓
5 X What happened
6 ✓
7 ✓
8 X Whose jacket did you borrow
9 X Should we go now?
10 X Who are you waiting for?
- b 2 where the elevator is
3 where we parked the car
4 if/whether there are any tickets left for the concert tonight
5 what time the game starts
6 when Anna's birthday is
7 what Jamie does for a living
8 where Natalie lives
9 what Ava's boyfriend's name is
10 how much you paid for your new car
- c 2 Who cooks in your family?
3 When did your brother pass his driver's test?
4 Do you know who's going to the party tonight?
5 Who's the manager talking to now?
6 Who drank the milk I left in the refrigerator?
7 Why didn't you come to school yesterday?
8 Do you remember what time the meeting is?
- d Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 ✓, 4 ✓, 6 ✓
- c Expressions showing interest: Me too! Oh, really? Wow!
Expressions showing sympathy: I'm sorry. What a shame!
Follow-up questions: Why (not)? Why do you say that? Why is that?
- e 2 Why do you say that?
3 I'm sorry.
4 Why's that?
5 Wow!
6 What a shame!

3 READING & VOCABULARY

- a 2 light-hearted response
3 good-natured rivalry
4 job-seekers
5 gut feeling
6 the point of
7 work-life balance
8 foolproof
- b 2 thorough, 3 potential, 4 stand out, 5 slouch, 6 steer clear, 7 genuine, 8 fiddle

1B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 love that book
3 listening to the instructions
4 believe in ghosts
5 going to the party
6 always lock the front door
7 visited a fortune-teller
8 already heard the story

- b 2 do, would
3 haven't, do
4 aren't, have
5 will, won't
6 could, did
7 did, was
8 are, do
- c Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 weren't, weren't, were
3 didn't, didn't, did
4 was, were, wasn't
5 won't, will, won't
6 can, can, can't

3 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

- 2 more interesting, more likely
3 later, more difficult
4 further/farther, colder
5 more qualified, higher
6 bigger, longer

4 VOCABULARY

- a 2 open-minded, 3 tight-fisted, 4 absentminded, 5 strong-willed, 6 laid-back, 7 well-balanced, 8 big-headed, 9 narrow-minded, 10 two-faced, 11 good-tempered, 12 self-centered, 13 easygoing, 14 well-behaved
- b 2 laid-back, 3 well-balanced, 4 narrow-minded, 5 self-centered, 6 two-faced, 7 open-minded, 8 strong-willed, 9 tight-fisted, 10 big-headed, 11 absentminded, 12 well-behaved, 13 good-tempered, 14 bad-tempered
- c 3 pretty, 4 ✓, 5 ✓, 6 very, 7 incredibly, 8 ✓
- d Students' own answers

5 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 extraordinary, 3 remote, 4 trace, 5 baffle

Colloquial English 1

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

- 2 do, 3 made, 4 make, 5 did, 6 making

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

- 2a, 3a, 4a, 5b

3 THE CONVERSATION

- 2 definitely, 3 really, 4 definitely, 5 really / bad, 6 wonderful

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

- 2 potentially, 3 white, 4 caught, 5 willing

Can you remember...? 1

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a 3 does this phone belong
4 didn't you like
5 Who gave you
6 how much gas costs
7 tell me whether you have

- 8 won't you
9 neither can my friends
10 does know about the meeting
- b 1 b, 2 b, 3 b, 4 c, 5 c, 6 b, 7 c, 8 c, 9 b, 10 a

2A

1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 swollen, 3 vomiting, 4 bleeding, 5 sunburn, 6 sneezing, 7 cough, 8 hurts, 9 headache, 10 temperature
- b 2 flu, 3 cut yourself, 4 fainted, 5 blister, 6 sore throat, 7 feels sick, 8 cold, 9 dizzy
- c 2 unconscious, 3 sprained, 4 blood pressure, 5 food poisoning, 6 choking, 7 burned
- d 2 f, 3 d, 4 a, 5 b, 6 c
- e 2 out, 3 over, 4 up, 5 around
- f 1 tip, 2 running water, 3 damp cloth, 4 rub, 5 press, 6 bandage
- g Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 heart rate
3 worst-case scenario
4 life-threatening illness
5 under the weather
6 open-heart surgery
7 scare stories

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 specialist, 3 finger, 4 stomach, 5 couch, 6 negative

4 GRAMMAR

- a 3 ✓
4 ✓
5 we've run out of painkillers
6 ✓
7 How long have you known
8 Sasha's been coughing all day
9 ✓
10 have you fainted recently
- b 2 have you eaten
3 he hasn't been sleeping
4 I have / I've just burned / I just burned
5 I've been having
6 I have / I've ever met
7 Georgia hasn't been going
8 Jamie's had
9 has your girlfriend been looking for
10 I haven't read
- c 2 haven't been feeling
3 have / 've had
4 haven't been
5 have / 've been lying
6 has / 's been taking care of
7 have / 've been thinking
8 have / 've come up with
9 have / 've been trying
10 haven't managed
- d Students' own answers

2B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 the unemployed
3 the injured
4 the disabled
5 the rich
6 the blind
7 The young
8 The deaf
- b 2 The Japanese
3 The Chinese
4 The Swiss
5 The Portuguese
6 The English
7 The Scottish
8 The French
- c 3 X white leather pants
4 X scruffy old jeans
5 ✓
6 X his new gray Armani suit
7 ✓
8 X some trendy purple glasses
- d 2 I met an interesting Brazilian woman at the party.
3 My sister has pretty long black hair.
4 Ava bought an expensive striped silk top.
5 There's a beautiful round wooden table in my friend's kitchen.
6 Max gave his girlfriend an unusual gold ring for her birthday.
7 My boss drives a powerful red Italian sports car.
8 We've been having some awful wet weather recently.

2 VOCABULARY

- a **Across:** 6 long-sleeved, 8 plaid, 11 tight, 12 striped
Down: 2 loose, 3 V-neck, 4 hooded, 5 turtleneck, 7 sleeveless, 9 patterned, 10 dotted
- b 2 cotton, 3 lace, 4 leather, 5 linen, 6 silk, 7 suede, 8 velvet, 9 fur, 10 Lycra, 11 wool
- c 2 classic, 3 casual, 4 scruffy, 5 old-fashioned
- d 2 d, 3 g, 4 b, 5 h, 6 a, 7 c, 8 e
- e Students' own answers

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 striped, 3 shorts, 4 fit, 5 leather

3A

1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 rear
3 approximately
4 requiring
5 proceed to
6 disembark
7 place
8 locate
- b 2 baggage drop
3 customs
4 gate
5 check-in desk
6 runway
7 airport terminal
8 departures board
9 security
10 baggage claim
- c 2 cart
3 Arrivals
4 first class
5 luggage
6 illegal goods

- 7 collect
8 delayed
- d 2 connecting flight
3 boarding pass
4 Departures
5 carry-on bag
6 scanning
7 checked
8 liquids
9 sharp objects
10 departures board
11 boarding
12 delayed
13 take off
14 on time
15 board
16 land
- e **Across:** 4 seat belt, 5 cabin crew, 6 turbulence, 8 jet lag, 9 domestic flight
Down: 2 long-haul flight, 3 direct flight, 7 row
- f 2 a, 3 c, 4 b, 5 c, 6 a
- g 2 in, 3 off, 4 out, 5 on, 6 up, 7 off, 8 off
- h Students' own answers

2 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

- 2 such a, 3 so many, 4 such, 5 so much, 6 such, 7 so

3 GRAMMAR

- a 3 had been looking
4 had picked up
5 had been sitting
6 ✓
7 had canceled
8 ✓
- b 2 arrived
3 was raining
4 left
5 went
6 got
7 looked
8 had / 'd already checked in
9 were waiting
10 had / 'd given
11 called
12 had / 'd already gone
13 had / 'd been waiting
14 had been reading
15 had been doing
- c Students' own answers

4 PRONUNCIATION

- b 2 sang, 3 paid, 4 met, 5 cut, 6 woke, 7 told, 8 flew, 9 stood, 10 said
- c 2 flying, 3 five, 4 music, 5 husband, 6 suddenly, 7 noise, 8 sounded, 9 pilot, 10 happened

3B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 in fact, 3 absolutely, 4 hard, 5 sometimes, 6 right away
- b 2 My daughter is hardly ever sick.
3 His parents are retiring next year.
4 The boy was extremely rude to his teacher.
5 My sister dresses very stylishly.
6 Apparently, Omar is getting divorced.
7 I would never have thought you were 30.
8 His ankle was carefully bandaged by a nurse.
9 I'll be there in five minutes.

- 10 I go to bed much later in the summer.
- c 2 Although she studies a lot, she rarely goes to the library.
3 Unfortunately, I crashed my new car last week.
4 Ideally, we should leave early tomorrow.
5 I can hardly understand a word when people speak English quickly.
6 Hiro almost forgot his doctor's appointment yesterday.
7 She's incredibly angry because her husband came home late last night.
8 Surprisingly, it didn't rain at all while we were in London.

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 lately, 3 especially, 4 nearly, 5 yet, 6 hardly, 7 ever, 8 near, 9 hard, 10 specially, 11 right now, 12 at the end, 13 late, 14 in the end, 15 actually, 16 still
- b 2 Ideally, 3 certainly, 4 gradually, 5 eventually, 6 in fact, 7 Obviously, 8 Apparently
- c 2 Now, 3 bitterly, 4 Suddenly, 5 Unfortunately, 6 extremely, 7 angrily, 8 normally, 9 slightly
- d Students' own answers

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a **Stress on first syllable:** actually, basically, definitely, fortunately, gradually, luckily, obviously
Stress on second syllable: apparently, eventually, especially, ideally, incredibly, unfortunately
- c 2 actually, married
3 unfortunately, extremely
4 incredibly, sad
5 definitely, ideally
6 Apparently, parents

Colloquial English 2 & 3

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

- 2 actually, 3 sort of, 4 mean, 5 you know, 6 Well

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

- 2 brought, 3 go, 4 Take, 5 rules

3 THE CONVERSATION

- 2 stuff / things, 3 kind of / sort of, 4 I mean / like

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

- 2 a clue, 3 out of it, 4 huge, 5 key to

Can you remember...? 1-3

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a 1 narrow-minded, 2 swollen, 3 infection, 4 incredibly, 5 sleeveless / short-sleeved, 6 fashionable, 7 security, 8 Arrivals, 9 specially, 10 gradually
- b 1 b, 2 c, 3 c, 4 b, 5 a, 6 a, 7 b, 8 c, 9 c, 10 b

4A

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 we will be traveling
3 won't have finished
4 will be having
5 will have had
6 will be leaving
7 will have gone
8 will be waiting
- b 2 will be flying
3 will / 'll have taken
4 will have read
5 will / 'll be playing
6 will / 'll have built
7 will / 'll have finished
8 will / 'll be attending
9 will have stopped
10 Will you be going
- c 2 What will you be doing this time tomorrow?
3 What time will you be getting up tomorrow morning?
4 How much TV will you have watched by the end of this week?
5 Where will you be going next weekend?
6 When will you have finished your English homework?
7 How many times will you have looked at your phone by the end of today?
8 How many hours will you have spent studying English by the end of the week?

d Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 drought, 3 freezing, 4 chilly, 5 changeable, 6 warm
- b 2 blizzard, 3 flood, 4 hail, 5 thunder, 6 drought, 7 monsoon, 8 lightning, 9 hurricane
- c 2 g, 3 i, 4 e, 5 h, 6 a, 7 d, 8 f, 9 b
- d 2 icy, 3 strong, 4 heavy, 5 mild, 6 showers, 7 sunny, 8 changeable, 9 breeze, 10 settled, 11 bright, 12 hail, 13 warm, 14 cool, 15 chilly, 16 mist, 17 clear, 18 damp, 19 drizzle, 20 rain

e Students' own answers.

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 flood, 3 mist, 4 blow, 5 mild, 6 humid, 7 wear, 8 heat, 9 world, 10 cloudy

4B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 eat, 0
3 'll stay, 1
4 doesn't answer, 0
5 are, 0
6 won't move, 1
7 cooks, 1
8 doesn't come, 1
- b 2 doesn't leave
3 don't take
4 is / 's studying
5 are / 're
6 will / 'll ask
7 haven't read
8 don't get
- c 2 as soon as he arrives
3 unless the traffic
4 in case he forgets
5 before she goes

- 6 until you get
7 if I'm
8 when I go

d Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 worth it in
3 and above all
4 In an ideal
5 unless it's
6 as soon as
7 As far as
8 such an awful

3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 a, 3 f, 4 d, 5 c, 6 h, 7 e, 8 b, 9 g
- b 2 take advantage of
3 take part in
4 take your time
5 take a risk
6 take pity on
7 take place
8 take care of
9 take to
- c 2 e, 3 c, 4 b, 5 h, 6 g, 7 a, 8 f
- d Students' own answers

5A

1 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

- a **Across:** 3 upset, 4 proud, 8 relieved, 9 miserable, 10 lonely
Down: 2 disappointed, 5 homesick, 6 grateful, 7 fed up
- b 2 bewildered, 3 horrified, 4 astonished, 5 stunned, 6 delighted, 7 devastated, 8 overwhelmed, 9 desperate
- c 2 sick and tired of, 3 scared stiff, 4 worn out, 5 couldn't believe his eyes, 6 jumping for joy
- d **Stress on first syllable:** desperate, devastated, grateful, homesick, horrified, lonely, miserable
Stress on second syllable: bewildered, delighted, offended, relieved, upset
Stress on third syllable: disappointed, overwhelmed
- f Students' own answers

2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 hadn't taken, 3 wouldn't have, 4 went, 5 would have, 6 would have been, 7 wouldn't be able to, 8 had known, 9 had, 10 had stayed
- b 2 we would / 'd have made a snowman
3 I had / 'd known the water was so cold
4 he didn't get so nervous
5 we wouldn't have missed the last bus
6 you wouldn't get sunburned
7 they had / 'd read the book
8 I could / I would / 'd be able to buy my own house
- c 2 you hadn't gone
3 you would / 'd have had
4 you got lost
5 the others hadn't kept
6 a helicopter would have seen
7 would you do
8 you didn't have
- d Students' own answers

5B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 e, 3 h, 4 b, 5 f, 6 c, 7 g, 8 a
- b **speaker wants something to be different:** 3, 5, 8
speaker is annoyed about something: 2, 4, 6, 7
- c 3 my boss wouldn't shout (all the time)
4 I could drive
5 my brother wouldn't use my computer
6 my son wouldn't stay in bed all morning
7 I had Dan's phone number
8 you wouldn't leave the bathroom a mess
9 I didn't have to work this weekend
10 I had time to read books
- d Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 exhausting, 3 disappointed, 4 terrifies, 5 frustrates, 6 amazing, 7 embarrassed, 8 inspired, 9 confusing, 10 thrilled
- b 2 impressed, impressive
3 offended, offensive
4 scared, scary
5 stressed, stressful
- c 2 delighted, 3 impressive, 4 impressed, 5 scary, 6 stressed, 7 offensive, 8 scared, 9 delightful, 10 stressful

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 honest, 3 anger, 4 enthusiastic, 5 sorrow, 6 encouraging, 7 bravery, 8 fear

4 GRAMMAR

- a 2 g, 'd worn
3 h, hadn't eaten
4 c, 'd studied
5 f, hadn't fallen
6 d, hadn't shouted
7 a, 'd brought
8 b, hadn't spent
- b 2 I wish I hadn't left my cell phone on my desk.
3 I wish I had / 'd given my boss the report on time.
4 I wish my girlfriend had called me last night.
5 I wish my friend had invited me to her wedding.
6 I wish we hadn't lost our last basketball game.
7 I wish I hadn't been rude to my mother.
8 I wish my son hadn't woken me up in the middle of the night.

5 PRONUNCIATION

- 1 that job
2 been, party
3 hadn't bought, shoes
4 stayed, home
5 hadn't told, that
6 hadn't driven, freeway

Colloquial English 4 & 5

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

- 2 Amazingly, 3 Actually, 4 Basically, 5 Obviously, 6 Sadly, 7 strangely

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

- 2 worn out, 3 falling apart, 4 pretty much, 5 off the hook, 6 for the sake

3 THE CONVERSATION

- 2 b, 3 a, 4 a, 5 b

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

- 2 hilarious, 3 involved, 4 day, 5 taste

Can you remember...? 1–5

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a 2 interesting young Turkish
3 will / 'll certainly save money
4 had / 'd been walking for
5 will / 'll be flying
6 will have ended
7 unless it's sold out
8 I wouldn't have gotten
9 wish you would / 'd
10 wish I had / I'd visited
- b 1 b, 2 b, 3 c, 4 a, 5 b, 6 c, 7 b, 8 c, 9 b, 10 b

6A

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 driving, 3 living, 4 used to, 5 used to, 6 being, 7 working, 8 play, 9 used to, 10 would
- b 2 cooking, 3 living, 4 have, 5 being, 6 go, 7 taking care of, 8 study, 9 using, 10 talk
- c 2 gotten used to working
3 isn't used to sleeping
4 used to wear
5 gotten used to living
6 used to be
7 gotten used to using
8 not used to having
- d Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 used to living
3 used to treat
4 used to have
5 used to share
6 used to carry
- b /yuzd/: Sentences 3, 6
/yust/: Sentences 1, 2, 4, 5
- e /s/: course, ice, loose, peace, place, price, race
/z/: cause, eyes, lose, peas, plays, prize, raise

3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 blanket, 3 snores, 4 sleepy, 5 sleeping pills, 6 nap, 7 comforter, 8 pillow, 9 insomnia, 10 sheet
- b 2 e, 3 h, 4 a, 5 d, 6 b, 7 i, 8 g, 9 c
- c 2 have, 3 set, 4 overslept, 5 fall, 6 sleepwalks, 7 keeps, 8 were
- d Students' own answers

6B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 c, 3 a, 4 a, 5 c, 6 b, 7 a, 8 c, 9 b, 10 c, 11 c, 12 b
- b 2 reading, 3 to find, 4 to call, 5 ironing, 6 to send, 7 meeting, 8 climbing
- c 2 want, 3 to see, 4 to learn / learning, 5 to add, 6 listening to, 7 to take, 8 go
- d Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

- a **Down:** 3 cello, 5 bass guitar, 6 choir, 9 flute
Across: 2 violin, 4 keyboard, 7 saxophone, 8 drums, 10 conductor, 11 orchestra
- b 2 symphony, 3 encore, 4 mezzo-soprano, 5 chorus, 6 rhythm, 7 concerto, 8 genre
- c **Stress on first syllable:** cello, chorus, encore, genre, keyboard, orchestra, rhythm, saxophone, symphony
Stress on second syllable: concerto, conductor, guitar, soprano
Stress on third syllable: violin
- e 2 macchiato, 3 chorus, 4 fiancé
- g 2 architecture, graffiti
3 paparazzi, photographs
4 soprano, microphone
5 ballet, rhythm

7A

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 b, 3 f, 4 h, 5 d, 6 a, 7 e, 8 g
- b 2 might have gone
3 can't have seen
4 might not have heard
5 can't have moved
6 might have fallen
7 must have done
8 might not have read
- c 2 We ought to have filled up at the last gas station.
3 He shouldn't have left it on his desk.
4 You shouldn't have bought such high heels.
5 I shouldn't have stayed up to watch that horror movie.
6 They ought to have dressed up for the wedding.
7 It should have gone off at 7:30.
8 She should have taken a taxi to the train station.
- d Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 He can't have gotten my message.
3 What do you think of my new apartment?
4 The supermarket will have closed by now.
5 How long have you been waiting?
6 We went to see some friends of ours.
- c 2 gotten, message
3 gotten, angry
4 booked, table
5 been asleep
6 forgotten

3 GRAMMAR IN CONTEXT

- 2 would / 'd rather not cook tonight, if you don't mind
3 would you rather do: stay in or go out
4 would / 'd rather we took a taxi home, if that's OK with you
5 would / 'd rather see that movie at the movie theater than on TV
6 would / 'd rather sit by the window than next to the aisle

4 VOCABULARY

- a 2 mind, 3 avoid, 4 Remind, 5 argue, 6 borrow, 7 notice, 8 win, 9 wait, 10 raise, 11 advise, 12 refuse, 13 lie, 14 steal
- b 2 lent, 3 beat, 4 robbed, 5 denied, 6 lay, 7 rose, 8 discussed, 9 prevented, 10 expected, 11 mattered, 12 realized, 13 warned, 14 hoped

7B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 looks as if
3 smells
4 tastes like
5 sounds as though
6 feel like
7 tastes as if
8 seem
9 going out
10 sound like
- b 2 sounds like, 3 looks like, 4 smells as if, 5 tastes, 6 feels as if, 7 sounds, 8 seem, 9 smells like, 10 looks as if
- c 1 feels, smells, tastes
2–4 Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY

- a **Down:** 3 knee, 4 calf, 6 nails, 9 elbow, 10 wrist, 11 thigh, 12 brain, 13 hip
Across: 2 kidneys, 4 chest, 5 heel, 7 palm, 8 liver, 10 waist, 12 bottom, 14 fist, 15 heart, 16 lungs
- b 2 c, 3 m, 4 i, 5 a, 6 e, 7 g, 8 k, 9 j, 10 l, 11 f, 12 d, 13 b
- c 2 hugged, 3 frowned, 4 chewed, 5 stretched, 6 knelt, 7 pointed, 8 waved, 9 winked, 10 yawned, 11 scratched

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 lie, 3 detect, 4 liar, 5 gave, away, 6 deception

4 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 b, 3 k, 4 l, 5 c, 6 h and t, 7 h, 8 t, 9 s, 10 g, 11 w
- d 2 whose, 3 doubt, 4 foreign, 5 wrong, 6 calm, 7 knife, 8 scissors, 9 wrinkle, 10 island, 11 what, 12 plumber
- e 2 honest, 3 design, 4 doubt, 5 whose, 6 calm

Colloquial English 6 & 7

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

- 2 completely, 3 tremendously, 4 overwhelmingly, 5 extraordinarily, 6 absolutely, 7 fantastically

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

- 2 b, 3 d, 4 e, 5 a

3 THE CONVERSATION

2 e, 3 b, 4 a, 5 f, 6 c

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

2 soft, 3 certain, 4 bouncing, 5 factors

Can you remember...? 1-7

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a 1 big-headed, 2 hooded, 3 Basically, 4 changeable, 5 stressful, 6 impressive, 7 overslept, 8 awake, 9 lay, 10 conductor
- b 1 a, 2 b, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 c, 7 c, 8 a, 9 a, 10 c

8A

1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 burglary, 3 burglar, 4 break into, 5 steal
- b 2 murder, 3 bribery, 4 stalking, 5 vandalism, 6 blackmail, 7 hijacking, 8 forgery, 9 terrorism, 10 hacking, 11 theft, 12 fraud, 13 robbery, 14 mugging, 15 smuggling, 16 kidnapping
- c 2 murderer, 3 stalker, 4 vandal, 5 blackmailer, 6 hijacker, 7 forger, 8 terrorist, 9 hacker, 10 thief, 11 fraudster, 12 robber, 13 mugger, 14 smuggler, 15 kidnapper
- d 2 stalked, 3 smuggled, 4 bribed, 5 mugged, 6 committed, 7 burglarized, 8 murdered, 9 stole, 10 blackmailed, 11 hijacked, 12 forged, 13 set off, 14 kidnapped, 15 vandalized, 16 hacked
- e 2 catch, 3 committed, 4 arrest, 5 question, 6 charged, 7 judge, 8 jury, 9 court, 10 accused, 11 witnesses, 12 evidence, 13 proof, 14 acquitted, 15 verdict, 16 punishment, 17 sentenced

2 VOCABULARY FROM READING

2 prey, 3 impression, 4 hand over, 5 claim, 6 wary, 7 scam, 8 target

3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 surroundings, 3 future, 4 punish, 5 guilty

4 GRAMMAR

- a 3 had been stolen, 4 be caught, 5 questioned, 6 visited, 7 has / 's just been arrested, 8 is / 's being held, 9 will be heard, 10 expects, 11 be given, 12 will be stolen
- b 2 have our burglar alarm tested, 3 have / 've had my car repaired (by a mechanic), 4 had our windows broken, 5 will / 'll have my carpets cleaned, 6 has / 's had his computer hacked, 7 has his apartment cleaned, 8 are / 're having our back yard redesigned
- c 3 is expected to be acquitted, 4 are reported to have taken the president's wife

- 5 thought that the terrorists are hiding somewhere in France, 6 known that the suspect is dangerous, 7 said that the police have arrested three men, 8 are reported to have damaged several buildings in the area
- d Students' own answers

8B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 eating, 3 return, 4 visiting, 5 to dance, 6 of committing, 7 to take, 8 to give, 9 not to be, 10 stealing
- b 2 insisted on going, 3 suggested going, 4 offered to make, 5 warned us not to park, 6 apologized for being, 7 invited Sarah to have dinner, 8 reminded me to sign
- c Students' own answers

2 PRONUNCIATION

- a **Stress on first syllable:** offer, order, promise, threaten
Stress on second syllable: admit, advise, agree, convince, deny, insist, invite, persuade, refuse, regret, remind, suggest
- c 2 refused to, 3 threatened to, 4 promised to, 5 agreed to, 6 apologized to

3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 wed, 3 quit, 4 quiz, 5 back, 6 hit, 7 tabbed, 8 vows, 9 spat, 10 split, 11 bids, 12 clash
- b 2 advice columnist, 3 critics, 4 commentator, 5 reporter, 6 editor, 7 host, 8 freelance journalist, 9 newscaster
- c 2 objective, 3 censored, 4 sensational, 5 accurate

4 VOCABULARY FROM READING

Can be trusted: legitimate, reliable, reputable
Can't be trusted: misleading, untrustworthy
Made more dramatic: exaggerated
Not true: fake, false, improbable

9A

1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 to, 3 even though, 4 in order to, 5 Although, 6 so as not to, 7 in spite of, 8 so that, 9 though, 10 for
- b 2 in spite of its ideal location / being in an ideal location / the fact it was in an ideal location, 3 they could sell more products, 4 in order not to miss my train, 5 although I was very late, 6 despite being the managing director

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 consumer, 3 brand, 4 advertising campaign, 5 misleading, 6 slogan, 7 publicity, 8 be sued, 9 claim

- b 2 chain, 3 close down, 4 branch, 5 recession, 6 boom, 7 flop, 8 drop, 9 manufacture, 10 merge
- c 2 markets, 3 produces, 4 imports, 5 has / 's expanded, 6 exports, 7 growing, 8 launch a new product, 9 become the market leader, 10 take over
- d 2 makes, 3 doing, 4 made, 5 made, 6 did, 7 made, 8 make, 9 doing, 10 make
- e 2 a, 3 d, 4 b, 5 e, 6 f, 7 h, 8 g
- f Students' own answers

3 PRONUNCIATION

2 transport, 3 increase, 4 decreased, 5 progress, 6 permits, 7 produces, 8 refunds, 9 imports, 10 records

9B

1 GRAMMAR

- a 3 ✓, 4 some advice, 5 a piece of luggage, 6 some bad news, 7 glass, 8 ✓, 9 good behaviour, 10 some paper
- b 2 are, 3 are, 4 is, 5 are, 6 is, 7 is, 8 is, 9 are, 10 is
- c Students' own answers

2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 post, 3 auto, 4 mono, 5 over, under, 6 mega, 7 multi, 8 bi, 9 anti, 10 mis
- b 2 careful, 3 waterproof, 4 useful, 5 homeless, 6 bulletproof, 7 drinkable, 8 hopeless
- c 2 weakness, 3 absence, 4 vandalism, 5 Loneliness, 6 racism, 7 childhood, 8 entertainment, 9 improvement, 10 convenience, 11 distance, 12 brotherhood
- d 2 death, 3 heat, 4 width, 5 hunger, 6 loss, 7 height, 8 thought, 9 strength, 10 success

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

2 head home, 3 perks, 4 a lack of, 5 echoes, 6 delivers, 7 sprawling, 8 state-of-the-art

4 PRONUNCIATION

- a **Stress on first syllable:** friendliness, government, ignorance, poverty
Stress on second syllable: bilingual, convenience, excitement, reduction
Stress on third syllable: entertainment, overcrowded, unemployment

Colloquial English 8 & 9

1 LOOKING AT LANGUAGE

- 2 had their day, 3 get into your head,
4 word for word, 5 their ears perk up,
6 a captive audience, 7 hit a false note

2 VOCABULARY FROM THE INTERVIEW

- 2 bet, 3 short, 4 fan, 5 tapped, 6 gold

3 THE CONVERSATION

- 2 a, 3 e, 4 f, 5 c, 6 b

4 VOCABULARY FROM THE CONVERSATION

- 2 subtle, 3 rush, 4 subliminally, 5 point

Can you remember...? 1-9

GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

- a** 1 has been studying
2 climbing (very) much
3 had his number
4 get used to living
5 looking forward to seeing you
6 never forget visiting Florence
7 must have left your jacket
8 looks as if / though Emily
9 had our shower fixed
10 encouraged him to enter
11 Despite leaving home / having left home late
12 a new pair of shorts
- b** 1 as, 2 have, 3 by, 4 is / 's, 5 fact, 6 to, 7 take, 8 spite, 9 Even, 10 at

10A

1 VOCABULARY & PRONUNCIATION

- a** 2 c, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 a, 7 c, 8 b
- c** 2 biology / biological; different syllable
3 botany / botanical; different syllable
4 chemist / chemistry; same syllable
5 genetic / geneticist; same syllable
6 physics / physicist; same syllable
7 scientist / scientific; different syllable
8 zoologist / zoological; different syllable
- d** 3 drugs, 4 discovery, 5 carry out, 6 prove, 7 clinical trials, 8 volunteer, 9 guinea pigs, 10 clone

2 VOCABULARY FROM LISTENING

- 2 dissolve, 3 particle, 4 scatter, 5 water vapor, 6 reflect, 7 moist, 8 rotate, 9 gravity

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 plausible, 3 far-fetched, 4 long, 5 achievable, 6 way, 7 obstacles, 8 implausible, 9 possible, 10 real, 11 speculative

4 GRAMMAR

- a** 2 X Everybody was
3 X Everything went wrong
4 ✓
5 ✓
6 ✓
7 X Most people
8 X All men
- b** 2 None, 3 any, 4 none, 5 no, 6 Any

- c** 2 neither, 3 either, 4 nor, 5 both, 6 Neither, 7 either, 8 nor
- d** 2 most, 3 Both, 4 no, 5 any, 6 neither, 7 all, 8 none, 9 either, 10 every

10B

1 GRAMMAR

- a** 2 a
3 -, -
4 -
5 the, the
6 -
7 a
8 -, -
- b** 2 the
3 The
4 -, the
5 The, the
6 -, -
7 The, the
8 -
- c** 3 ✓
4 X at school
5 ✓
6 X at church
7 ✓
8 X in college
9 X gone to prison
10 ✓
- d** 2 c, 3 b, 4 c, 5 b, 6 b, 7 a, 8 a, 9 c, 10 b

2 VOCABULARY

- a** 2 d, 3 i, 4 f, 5 g, 6 c, 7 e, 8 a, 9 j, 10 b
- b** 2 rain or shine
3 right or wrong
4 now or never
5 all or nothing
6 once or twice
7 more or less
8 sooner or later
- c** 2 sick and tired
3 By and large
4 touch and go
5 law and order
6 safe and sound
7 wait and see
8 now and again

3 VOCABULARY FROM READING

- 2 gift of gab
3 sound bites
4 orator

4 PRONUNCIATION

- a** Good morning / and thank you for coming. / I'm here / to talk about / an interesting place to visit / in my country. I'm going to tell you / about the city of Poughkeepsie / in upstate New York. / Poughkeepsie is on the Hudson River, / and it has one of the world's longest elevated pedestrian walking bridges / measuring 1.28 miles. / The city is famous / for Locust Grove, / the home of Samuel F.B. Morse / the inventor of Morse Code. / It has several beautiful colleges, / such as Vassar College / and Marist College. / Poughkeepsie is full of museums, / independent stores, / and wonderful places / to eat and drink. / The city / is easily accessible from New York City / by train, / and it is perfect / for a day trip / or a weekend break.
- c** Students' own answers
- d** Students' own answers

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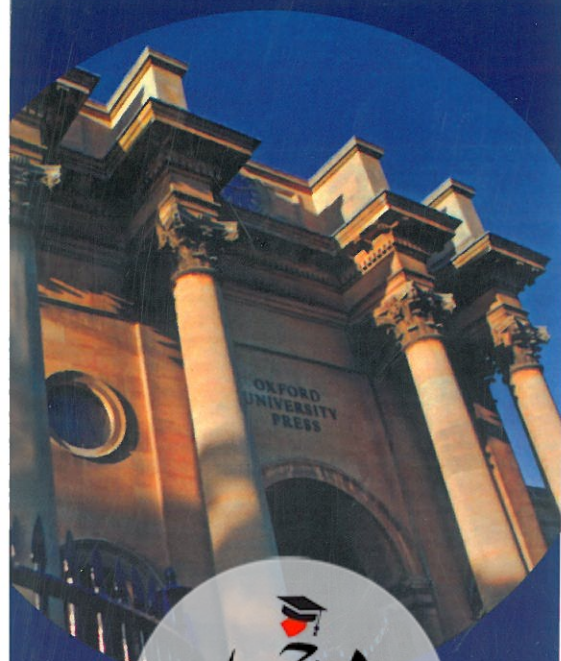
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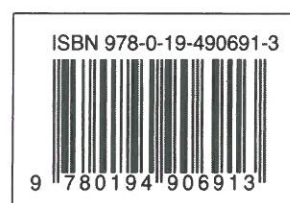
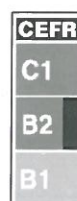
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